Reasoning Ability

Direction (1-5) Answer the questions based on the information given below

'A@B' is 'A is the son of B'

'A#B' is 'A is the daughter of B'

'A$B' is 'A is the brother of B'

'A%B' is 'A is the sister of B'

'A&B' is 'A is the father of B'

'A*B' is 'A is the wife of B'

Conditions:

I. S%R

II. M&Q

III. N$M

IV. K&N

V. R@P

VI. L*K

VII. S#N

VIII. Q@O

1. What is the relation between K and Q?

   A) K is the Grandfather of Q

   B) Q is the Grandfather of K

   C) K is the Grandmother of Q

   D) Q is the Grandmother of K

   E) Cannot be determined

2. How many Males were there in the family?

   A) One

   B) Two

   C) Three

   D) Four

   E) Five

3. How is P related to M?

   A) Sister

   B) Sister-in-Law

   C) Brother-in-Law

   D) Cousin

   E) Cannot be determined

Directions (4-8): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Nine persons Arun, Ganesh, Vinoth, Karthik, Ranjith, Suresh, Praveen, Bashir, Yogesh are sitting in a row facing in either north or south direction but not necessarily in the same order. They speak different languages they are Tamil, English, Telugu, Hindi, Urdu, Malayalam, Bengali, Marathi and Punjabi but not necessarily in this order. The following information is known about them.

Suresh and Yogesh are immediate neighbours of Vinoth but face in opposite directions to each other. Praveen and Bashir face in the same direction. Arun who speaksUrdu sits in the middle and faces towards south. The person speaks Malayalam sits to the immediate right of a person facing in north direction. The person sitting at first and

last position from left face in north direction and they speak Bengali and Telugu respectively. The person speaksMarathi sits to the immediate right of Ganesh. Suresh does not sit with Arun. Ranjith sits second to the left of Karthik but does not speakTelugu. Bashir sits three places away from Arun. Karthik sits exactly between Praveen and Bashir. Also, there is only one person sitting between Praveen and Bashir. Ganesh and Vinoth face in the same direction. The person who speaks English sits fourth to the left of the person speaks Malayalam but neither of them is Bashir. The persons speak Punjabi and Tamil are sitting adjacent to each other. The person speaks Tamil sits fourth to the right of Suresh.

4. Which of the following persons sits at the extreme ends of row?
   A) Karthik and Vinoth
   B) Ganesh and Yogesh
   C) Bashir and Praveen
   D) Yogesh and Ranjith
   E) Ranjith and Arun

5. Which of the following language Praveen speaks?
   A) Hindi
   B) Malayalam
   C) Marathi
   D) Punjabi
   E) Telugu

6. The one who speaks Urdu sits third to the left of _____
   A) Praveen
   B) Suresh
   C) The one who speaks Punjabi
   D) The one who speaks English
   E) Both option c and d

7. Who speaks Tamil language?
   A) Ganesh
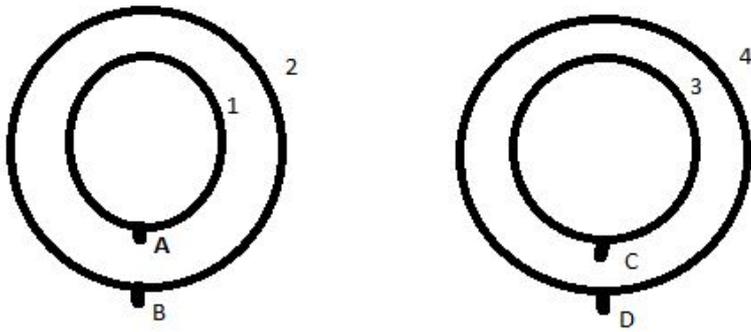   B) Suresh
   C) Bashir
   D) Karthik
   E) Ranjith

8. Which of the following combinations is true?
   A) Praveen – Malayalam – Facing South
   B) Vinoth – English – Facing South
   C) Ranjith – Tamil – Facing North
   D) Karthik – Bengali – Facing South
   E) None of these

Direction (9-13). Study the following information and based on that answer the following questions.

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2

In the given figure the four circles 1, 2, 3, and 4 are having radius 7m, 10.5 m, 14m and 17.5 m respectively.

Six people- Aksha, Bindu, Charmi, Divya, Esha, and Fathima are sitting in circle 1. All of them are facing towards center. Aksha sits at point A, then rest of them sits as per given below arrangement and at a distance increasing in multiples of 8 in clockwise direction from Aksha.

Fathima sits second to the left of Aksha. Two persons sit between Fathima and Divya. Charmi sits second to the left of Bindu.

Similarly, six people- Kavya, Lasya, Mona, Navya, Orvasi and Priya are sitting in circle 3. All of them are facing Center. If Kavya sits at point C then rest of them sits as per arrangement and at a distance increasing in multiples of 16 in anti -clockwise direction from Kavya.

Lasya sits second to the right of Kavya. Navya sits second to the right of Lasya. Mona sits second to the right of Priya. Navya is not an immediate neighbor of Orvasi

9. Based on the above arrangement in Circle 1, what is the distance between Aksha and Divya when measured in anti clock wise direction from Aksha?
   A) 4 m
   B) 12 m
   C) 14 m
   D) 40 m
   E) None

10. If in circle 3 all the persons are made to sit in multiples of 22, and remaining of them are moved to circle 4 then how many persons will be seated in circle 4?
   A) One
   B) Two
   C) Three
   D) Four
   E) None

11. If in circle 3 all the persons are made to sit in multiples of 35, and remaining of them are moved to circle 4 such that first person of the remaining persons seated at point D and remaining seated at a distance of multiples of 35 in anti clock wise direction from that person, then what is the distance between Priya and Mona in clock wise direction when measured from Priya?
   A) 40 m
   B) 50 m
   C) 60 m
   D) 70 m
   E) None

12. How many persons can sit in circle 1 if people sit in multiples of 13?

A) One

B) Two

C) Three

D) Four

E) Five

13. If in circle 1 all the persons are made to sit in multiples of 22, and remaining of them are moved to circle 2 such that first person of the remaining persons seated at point B and remaining seating at a distance of multiples of 22 in clock wise direction then who among the following is not sitting in circle 2?

A) Fathima

B) Charmi

C) Esha

D) Divya

E) None

Directions (14-18): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

There are seven persons Gowri, Chandra, Devi, Pavithra, Lalitha, Gayathri and Janani who written different exams which started on Monday and ended on Sunday. The exams areRRB PO, RRB Clerk, IBPS PO, IBPS Clerk, IBPS SO, RBI Assistant and UIIC Assistant, but not necessarily in the same order. They wrote in different cities, Chennai, Mumbai, Bangalore, Hyderabad, New Delhi, Kolkata and Kochi, but not necessarily in the same order.

Chandra did not writethe exam on the day either immediately before or immediately after the exam of Pavithra, who does not write in either New Delhi or Chennai or Hyderabad. Two exams were held between the exam of Janani and Gayathri, neither of whom written on Monday. There was one exam between the exam of Pavithra and Devi. But Devi's exam did not happen either on Monday or on Wednesday. Deviwrites the exam in Mumbai and written RRB PO. The one, who written IBPS POon the last day of week, writes in Bangalore. Lalitha written immediately after Devi and he writes inChennai. Gowri does not write inNew Delhi and written IBPS Clerk. Pavithra did not write either UIIC Assistant or RBI Assistant. The one who written IBPS SO was scheduled immediately after the exam of RRB PO. Janani, who writes the exam in Kolkata, written on the fourth day of the week but written neither RRB PO nor RRB Clerk

14. The one who written exam on Friday write exam in which of the following city?

A) New Delhi

B) Kolkata

C) Kochi

D) Mumbai

E) Chennai

15. Janani writes which of the following exam?

A) RBI Assistant

B) UIIC Assistant

C) RRB PO

D) IBPS PO

E) Either RBI Assistant or UIIC Assistant

16. Who among the following write exam in Hyderabad?

A) Janani

B) Chandra

C) Gowri

D) Lalitha

E) Gayathri

17. Who among the following write exam in New Delhi?
   A) Chandra
   B) The one who written IBPS Clerk
   C) The one who written IBPS SO
   D) The one who written RRB PO
   E) Lalitha

18. Which of the following statement is true?
   A) Thursday – Janani – UIIC Assistant – Kochi
   B) Tuesday – Gowri – IBPS Clerk – Hyderabad
   C) Monday – Pavithra – RRB Clerk – Kochi
   D) Sunday – Gayathri – IBPS SO – Bangalore
   E) Saturday – Lalitha – RBI Assistant – Chennai

Directions (19-22): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions
In a certain code language
"International exhibition and summit" is written as "07@C, 27*M, 13$F, 21%J" .
"Union Health Minister looking " is written as " 13%F , 11#E, 15&G, 17@H".
"Central Education Minister stated " is written as "19#I, 17%H, 15$G, 13@F".
" Ministry of Urban Development " is written as "11&E, 05*B, 23!K, 17&H".

19. What is the code for 'Health' in the given code language?
   A) 11#E
   B) 17@H
   C) 15&G
   D) 13%F
   E) None of these

20. What is the code for 'EducationDevelopment' in the given code language?
   A) 19#I, 23!K
   B) 13@F, 11&E
   C) 15$G, 05*B
   D) 17%H, 17&H
   E) None of these

21. What may be the possible word for "07@C, 17&H,11#E" in the given code language?
   A) Summit development minister
   B) And Urban Health
   C) International Urban Union
   D) Looking of exhibition
   E) And Ministry Union

22. What may be the possible code for 'looking stated' in the given code language?
   A) 13%F, 19#I
   B) 15&G , 13@F
   C) 17@H, 15$G
   D) 11#E, 17%H

E) None of these

Direction (23-27). The given questions are followed by two statements I and II. You have to decide which of the following statements are required to answer the question? Give answer,
 A) If data in statement I alone is sufficient to answer
 B) If data in statement II alone is sufficient to answer
 C) If data in either statement I or statement II is sufficient to answer
 D) If data in both statements I and II are not sufficient to answer
 E) If data in both statements I and II are necessary to answer

23. Six persons -A, B, C, D, E, and F are sitting around a circular table. All are facing towards centre. Who among the following is sitting to the immediate right of F?
Statement I: D sits second to the right of A. Two persons sit between B and D. C sits second to the left of F.
Statement II: E sits second to the left of A. Two persons sit between C and E. F sits second to the left of B.

24. Five persons A, B, C, D and E are living in a five floored building with top floor numbered as 5. They are also are of five different ages. Who among the following is living on bottom floor?
Statement I: A lives on an even number floor. Eldest among them lives on Odd number floor. One person lives between A and C. Person who lives on floor number 4 is youngest of them. E is elder than B but younger than D. A is elder than B but younger than D. B lives on top floor.
Statement II: E is elder than C but younger than A. D lives on odd number floor. Only one person lives between D and B. A lives below D but above E. Eldest of them lives on floor number 3. B is elder than C but younger than D.

25. A, B, C, D, E, F and G sit in a row having seven seats. All of them are facing north. Does D sit at one of the extreme end of the line?
Statement I: B sits third to the left of G. Two persons sit between C and E.
Statement II: C sits second to the right of B. Two persons sits between A and F

26. Six persons – A, B, C, D, E and F are having different weights. Who among them is the lightest?
Statement I: E is heavier than F. D is heavier than C. A is the heaviest
Statement II: B is heavier than C. E is lighter than B. C is not the lightest

27. A, B, C, D, E, and F are six members of a family. How many females are there in the family?
Statement I: C is the daughter of A. B is the wife of A. F is the husband of C. C is sister of D. D and E couples
Statement II: C is the daughter of B. D is the son of A. C is the sister of D. E is the wife of D. F and C are couples

Direction (28-30) Study the given information and answer the following questions
– North
% -South
& -East
$ – West
@- Either 4 Km or 7 Km
© – Either 5 Km or 6 Km
For example: P#Q means P is to the North of Q. P@Q means P is either at 4 Km or 7 Km from Q. P#&Q means P is to the North-East of Q. P#@Q means P is North of Q and in either 4 Km or 7 Km distance.
Directions:
 I. A$@O
 II. B%©A

III. C&@B

IV. D#©C

V. E$@D

VI. A%$D

VII. E#A

VIII. C%&O

28. What is the distance between B and E?

A) 3 Km

B) 4 Km

C) 5 Km

D) 6 Km

E) Cannot be determined

29. What is the distance between O and D?

A) 3 Km

B) √10 Km

C) 4 Km

D) 5 Km

E) Cannot be determined

30. If P is a point such that it is 3 km North of point D What is the distance between O and P?

A) 3 km

B) 4 km

C) 5 km

D) 6 km

E) Cannot be determined

Directions (31-55): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight persons from different banks- Andra Bank, Vijaya Bank, Dena Bank, UCO Bank, Bank of India, Indian Bank, Corporation Bank and Syndicate Banklives in eight storeyed building,lower most floor as 1 and the floor above it as 2 and so on. Theyattend training ineight different cities such as Mumbai, Chennai, Hyderabad, Bangalore, Patna, Kochi ,Jaipur and Mangalore . And each of them working in different position in names of Assistant Manager, Branch Manager, General Manager and Manager

➢ The person who is from Vijaya Bank attend the training in Mangalore

➢ The person who attend the training in Jaipur works as a Manager

➢ The third floor stayed person attends the training in Chennai and works as an Assistant Manager.

➢ The one who have training in Hyderabad is works as a Branch Manager.

➢ Minimum of three persons stayed below of Syndicate Bank person. And the person who belongs to UCO Bank not stayed in the odd numbered floor.

➢ The one who works as Branch Manager and Manager having same number of persons

➢ Dena Bank person stayed two floor below from the person who is belongs to Vijaya Bank.

➢ The top floor is not occupied by the person from Corporation Bank.

➢ The General Manager attends the training in Mumbai.

➢ The persons from UCO Bank and Vijaya Bank works in same position and both of them not Branch Manager and also three persons stayed in between them.

➢ The persons who are attend the training in Bangalore and Chennai are works in same position with the one who attend the training in Patna. The one who works as General Manager stayed in fourth floor.

➤ There are four persons stayed in between of Corporation Bank person and UCO Bank person. The lowest floor is occupied by the Bank of India person.

➤ Only three person's works in same position and the person from Corporation Bank who attend the training in Patna is one of them.

➤ The person from Indian Bank and the person who attend the training in Patna are not stayed in the even numbered floor. Only one person works as a General Manager

➤ The person from Andra Bank who attend the training in Kochi stayed in even numbered floor and works in same position , who attend the training in Hyderabad also stayed in first floor.

➤ The person who works as Manager is from UCO Bank.

➤ The person who attend the training in Mangalore stayed above the floor of the person who attend the training in Jaipur

➤ The person from Indian Bank who attend the training in Chennai works in same position as the person who is from Syndicate Bank

31. Which of the following combinations is true?
A) 2 – Hyderabad – Manager – Bank of India
B) 4 – Mumbai – General Manager – Dena Bank
C) 8 – Mumbai – Branch Manager – Bank of India
D) 7 – Chennai – Assistant Manager – Andra Bank
E) 3 – Bangalore – General Manager – Indian Bank

32. How many persons work as Assistant Manager?
A) One
B) Two
C) Three
D) Four
E) Five

33. Who lives in the sixth floor?
A) The one who is from Vijaya Bank
B) The one who is from UCO Bank
C) The one who is from Corporation Bank
D) The one who is from Andra Bank
E) The one who is from Syndicate Bank

34. Which of the following bank person attends the training in Patna?
A) Dena Bank
B) Vijaya Bank
C) UCO Bank
D) Andra Bank
E) Corporation Bank

35. Which of the following person sits exactly between who attend the training in Mumbai and Mangalore?
A) The one who attend the training in Chennai
B) The one who attend the training in Jaipur
C) The one who attend the training in Kochi
D) The one who attend the training in Bangalore
E) The one who attend the training in Hyderabad

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8

Direction (36-40) In each of the questions below are given some conclusions followed and some statements are given. You have to take the given conclusions to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide from which of the statements given definitely true.

36. Conclusions:

Some pens are not pencils.

Some boxes are pages.

All pencils are not boxes.

Statements:

I. Some pages are boxes, no box is a pen, all pens are pencils.

II. Some pages are pens, no box is a pencil, all pencils are pens.

III. Some pages are boxes, all pencils are boxes, all pencils are pens.

IV. Some pages are boxes, no box is a pencil, all pencils are pens.

    A) Statement I follow

    B) Statement II follows

    C) Statement III follows

    D) Statement IV follows

    E) None of these

37. Conclusions:

Some letters are words.

Some letters are symbols.

No number being a symbol is a possibility.

Statements:

I. Some words are letters, all letters are numbers, some symbols are letters.

II. Some words are letters, all letters are numbers, some symbols are numbers.

III. Some words are numbers, all numbers are letters, some symbols are letters.

IV. Some words are numbers, all numbers are letters, some symbols are numbers.

    A) Statement I follow

    B) Statement II follows

    C) Statement III follows

    D) Statement IV follows

    E) None of these

38. Conclusion:

No coat is a shirt.

Some pants are definitely not coats.

Statements:

I. No coat is a shoe, some shoes are shirts, some pants are not shirts.

II. All coats are shoes, no shoe is a shirt, some shoes are not pants.

III. All shoes are coats, no shoe is a pant, no shirt is a shoe.

IV. No coat is a shoe, all shirts are shoes, some shirts are pants.

    A) Statement I follow

    B) Statement II follows

    C) Statement III follows

    D) Statement IV follows

    E) None of these

39. Conclusion:

No exam is a paper. All exams are marks.

Statements:

I. Some marks are not papers. Some ranks are marks. All exams are ranks.

II. No paper is a rank. All exams are ranks. All ranks are marks.

III. Some marks are not papers. All marks are ranks. Some exams are ranks.

IV. All marks are ranks. No exam is a rank. Some marks are not papers.

    A) Statement I follow

    B) Statement II follows

    C) Statement III follows

    D) Statement IV follows

    E) Both II and IV

40. Conclusion: All cars are bikes. Some trucks are not trains.

Statements:

I. Some cars are not trains. All trains are bikes. No bike is a truck.

II. All cars are trains. All trains are bikes. All trucks are bikes.

All cars are trucks. All trucks are bikes. Some cars are not trains.

No train is a car. All cars are trucks. All trucks are bikes.

    A) Statement I follow

    B) Statement II follows

    C) Statement III follows

    D) Statement IV follows

    E) Both III and IV

Directions (41-45): Study the given information relating to Machine Input and Output, then answer the following questions

Input: trgx 51 44 mtrl 66 lsjm 24 sprn 33 koti ornt 17

Step I: jmqe 102 trgx 44 mtrl 66 lsjm 24 sprn 33 ornt 17

Step II: kqgj 198 jmqe 102 trgx 44 mtrl 24 sprn 33 ornt 17

Step III: lroh 132 kqgj 198 jmqe 102 trgx 44 24 sprn ornt 17

Step IV: npkp 220 lroh 132 kqgj 198 jmqe 102 trgx 24 sprn 17

Step V: rnoj 102 npkp 220 lroh 132 kqgj 198 jmqe 102 trgx 24

Step VI: spdt 168 rnoj 102 npkp 220 lroh 132 kqgj 198 jmqe 102

Step VI is the final step for above arrangement

Now answer the following questions based on the the Input given below.

Input: 42 qmsk 31 64 ntry hutk 22 vjoh 19 tget polg 59

41. In Step IV, what is the difference between the elements which are 2nd from the left end and 5th from the right end?

    A) 82

    B) 92

    C) 188

    D) 191

    E) None

42. Which element will be 3nd to the right of the 7th element from right end from of the row in step VI?

    A) 114

B) mrou

C) 192

D) gsqg

E) None

43. What is the element present exactly between 192 and 118 in Step III?

A) gsqg

B) mrou

C) omic

D) pkpg

E) sebp

44. In which of the following steps the elements 'qmsk 31 22' appear as consecutive elements in same order?

A) Step I

B) Step II

C) Step III

D) Both Step II and III

E) There is no such step

45. How many elements are there between the elements 'pkpg' and '22' in step V?

A) Three

B) Four

C) Five

D) Six

E) Seven

Directions(46-48): In each of the following questions, two statements numbered I and II are given. There may be cause and effect relationship between the two statements. These two statements may be the effect of the same cause or independent causes. These statements may be independent causes without having any relationship. Read both the statements in each question and mark your answer as

(A) If statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect;

(B) If statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect;

(C) If both the statements I and II are independent causes;

(D) If both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes; and

(E) If both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause.

46. Statements:

(I) The police department has recently caught a group of house breakers.

(II) The citizens group in the locality has started night vigil in the area.

47. Statements:

(I) Majority of the students in the college expressed their opinion against the college authority's decision to break away from the university and become autonomous.

(II) The university authorities have expressed their inability to provide grants to its constituent colleges.

48. Statements:

(I) In the last four years the literacy rate in the district has been increasing rapidly.

(II) The district administration has conducted extensive training programme for the workers involved in the literacy drive.

Directions(49-50) : In each question below is given a statement followed by two courses of action numbered I and II. A course of action is a step or administrative decision to be taken for improvement, follow up, or further action in regard to the problem, policy etc. On the basis of the information given in the statement, you have to assume everything in the statement to be true. Then decide which of the two given suggested courses of action logically follows for pursuing.

Give answer:
(A) if only I follows
(B) if only II follows
(C) if either I or II follows
(D) if neither I nor II follows
(E) if both I and II follow

49. Statement : Every year, at the beginning or at the end of the monsoons, we have some cases of conjunctivitis, but this year it seems to be a major epidemic witnessed after nearly four years.
Courses of Action :
I) Precautionary measures should be taken after every four years to check this epidemic.
II) People should be advised to drink boiled water during winter season.

50. Statement : A recent study shows that children below five die in the cities of the developing countries mainly of diarrhoea and parasitic intestinal worms.
Courses of Action :
I) Governments of the developing countries should take adequate measures to improve the hygienic conditions in the cities.
II) Children below five years in the cities of the developing countries need to be brought under constant medication.

ANSWERS KEY:

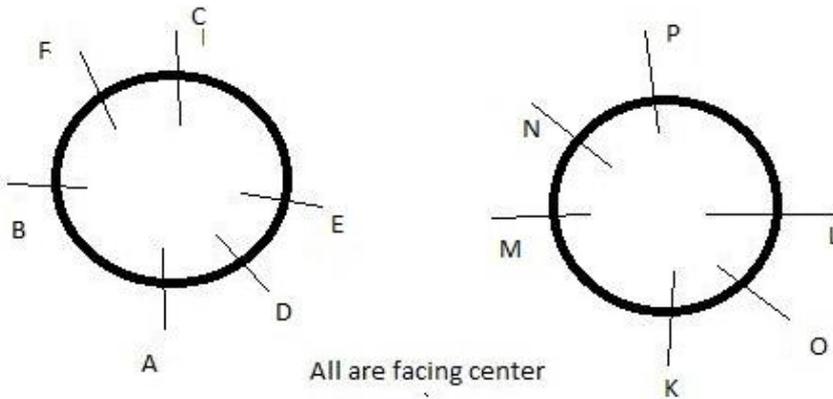1.A 2.E 3.B 4.D 5.B 6.E 7.D 8.A
Explanation(4-8):

Facing Direction	North	South	North	South	South	North	South	North	North
Person	Ranjith	Bashir	Karthik	Praveen	Arun	Ganesh	Suresh	Vinoth	Yogesh
Languages	Bengali	Punjabi	Tamil	Malayalam	Urdu	Hindi	Marathi	English	Telugu

9.A 10.A 11.A 12.D 13.A
Direction (9-13)

All are facing center

14.D 15.E 16.C 17A 18.B

Explanation:

Direction (14-18)

Day	Persons	City	Exam
Monday	Chandra	New Delhi	RBI Assistant/UIIC Assistant
Tuesday	Gowri	Hyderabad	IBPS Clerk
Wednesday	Pavithra	Kochi	RRB Clerk
Thursday	Janani	Kolkata	RBI Assistant/UIIC Assistant
Friday	Devi	Mumbai	RRB PO
Saturday	Lalitha	Chennai	IBPS SO
Sunday	Gayathri	Bangalore	IBPS PO

19.D 20.A 21.E 22.B

Explanation:

Direction (19-22)

The logic for all the above code is:

The letter denotes the total number of words in alphabetical order (1-26)

Like "International" – Total number of words – 13 – M

The number denotes the total number of words add with next number

Like "Education" – Number of words is 09 + 10 = 19

And rest of the one symbol can be anything.

23. C

E sits to the immediate right of F.

24. B

E lives on bottom floor.

25. E

Yes D sits at one of the extreme ends

26. E

Based on statements F is the lightest

27. B

Three C, E and Either of A or B
28.D 29.B 30.C
Explanation:
Direction (28-30)
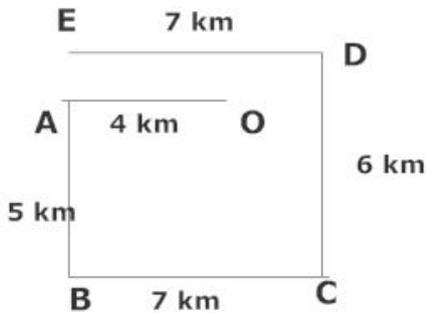
31.B 32.C 33.A 34.E 35.D
Explanation:
Directions (31-35):

Floors	Cities	Banks	Working Position
8	Kochi	Andra Bank	Branch Manager
7	Patna	Corporation Bank	Assistant Manager
6	Mangalore	Vijaya Bank	Manager
5	Bangalore	Syndicate Bank	Assistant Manager
4	Mumbai	Dena Bank	General Manager
3	Chennai	Indian Bank	Assistant Manager
2	Jaipur	UCO Bank	Manager
1	Hyderabad	Bank of India	Branch Manager

Direction(36-40)
36.E 37.C 38.D 39.B 40.E
36.
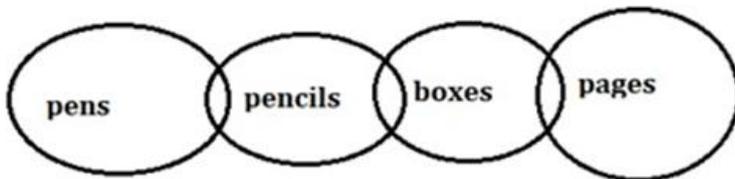
As we can see that none of the statement is correct.
Hence, option e.

37.
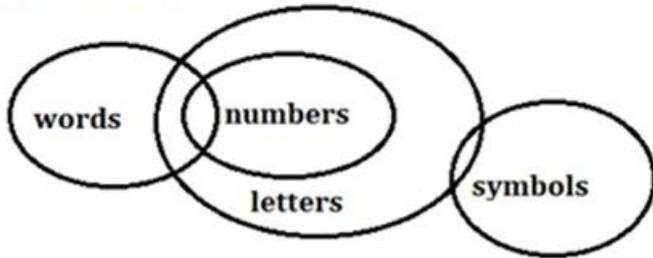
From statement III,

All the conclusions are following in statement III.

38.
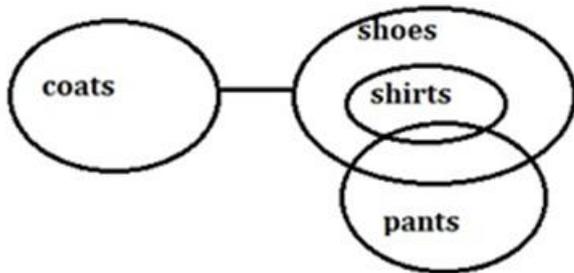
No coat is shirt is definitely follows.
As no coat is shirt is correct then some pants cannot be coat so 2nd conclusion is also correct.
So, all the conclusions are following in statement IV.
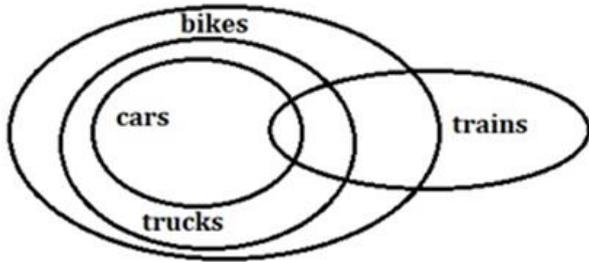Hence, option d.

39.

From statement II,
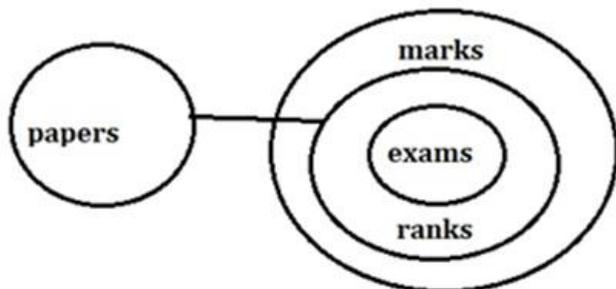
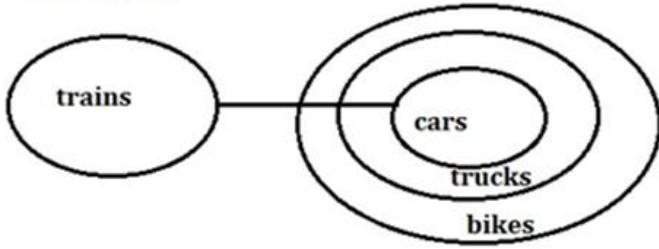In statement II, both conclusions are follows.
Hence, option b.

40.

From statement IV,

Statement III and IV both are correct.
Hence, option e.

41.B 42.B 43.A 44.B 45.E
Explanation:
Directions (41-45):
Input: 42 qmsk 31 64 ntry hutk 22 vjoh 19 tget polg 59
Step I: gsqg 118 42 qmsk 31 64 ntry 22 vjoh 19 tget polg
Step II: mrou 192 gsqg 118 42 qmsk 31 22 vjoh 19 tget polg
Step III: omic 124 mrou 192 gsqg 118 42 qmsk 22 vjoh 19 tget
Step IV: pkpg 210 omic 124 mrou 192 gsqg 118 22 vjoh 19 tget
Step V: sebp 114 pkpg 210 omic 124 mrou 192 gsqg 118 22 vjoh
Step VI: uhld 154 sebp 114 pkpg 210 omic 124 mrou 192 gsqg 118

46. E; Both the statements are clearly backed by a common cause, which is clearly an increase in the number of thefts in the locality.
47. B; The university's decision to refuse grant to the colleges must have triggered the college authority to become autonomous.
48. B; Clearly, the increase in the literacy rate may be attributed directly to the stringent efforts of the district administration in this direction.
49. D; Against an epidemic, precautionary measures should be taken every year and not every four years. Hence I does not follow. II is not a preventive action against conjunctivitis. Hence II also does not follow.
50. A; To improve the hygienic conditions is always a welcome step and in view of the statement it becomes even more necessary. Hence, I unquestionably follows. But II does not. We should not medicate any child unless he has actually contracted the disease. Prevention is all right but curing should begin only after the disease has been contracted.

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