SBI Clerk Prelims 2018 – Free Practice Mock Paper-3

ENGLISH LANGUAGE:

1. **Answer - d**

Explanation - in the passage product life is not mentioned as the barriers in cheese trade.

2. **Answer - c**

Explanation - product life is not a barrier.

3. **Answer – d**

Explanation - in Vienna due to labeling requirements trade volume is lowered by 6.7%.

4. **Answer – c**

Explanation – global cheese trade and barriers is the most suitable title for the passage. Because passage is all about cheese trade and its barriers globally

5. **Answer – a**

Explanation - phrase "not to be sniffed at" means valuable.

6. **Answer - b**

Explanation - onerous means burdensome or heavy.

7. **Answer – d**

Explanation - covered means extended over and coverage means the thing which is covered.

8. **Answer - b**

Explanation - expanded means became larger and responded means say something in reply.

9. **Answer - a**

Explanation - empanelled means to apply and threatened means at risk.

10. **Answer - d**

Explanation - well-recognised and ensure will be the correct options. Well-recognised means well-known and ensure means to confirm.

11. **Answer - c**

Explanation- according to the sentence "association" will be used as it means "organization".

12. **Answer - d**

Explanation- the meaning of "create" is "to form / generate" and its third form is "created" so it will be used.

13. **Answer - a**

Explanation - according to the sentence "is" will be used as the subject is singular.

14. **Answer - b**

Explanation - according to the sentence "has" will be used as it means "hold /possess".

15. **Answer - c**

Explanation - the meaning of "appoint" is "employ" and its third form is "appointed" so it will be used.

16. **Answer - a**

Explanation - in part a in place of currently it should be since

17. **Answer - b**

Explanation - in part b in place of overhead it should be under.

18. **Answer - a**

Explanation - in part a in place of shut in it should be shut off which means to force something closed or to stop operating

19. **Answer – b**

B) The argument about whether demonetisation was good or bad for the economy refuses to die down even a year after the event, former RBI Governor Raghuram Rajan took potshots at it in a recent speech.

E) While one can endlessly debate, with very little data, on whether the ban on high-value currency notes dealt a body blow to terrorism, corruption and counterfeiting, one area in which its impact can be quantified with data is tax compliance.

A) In the last sixteen months, there has been a lot of premature analysis on India's tax compliance metrics based on sporadic data points cited by the Finance Minister and tax officials, but with the deadline for FY17 return filings ending on March 31, official data on direct tax collections for FY17 and FY18 is available.

D) India managed a second consecutive year of strong growth in its direct tax collections in FY18, net collections increased by 17.1% in the just concluded fiscal year, to ₹9.95 lakh crore.

Explanation - the passage is about the recent speech by former RBI Governor Raghuram Rajan. During his speech Mr. Rajan stated about the impacts of demonetization on country. During the event his major core of discussion was what demonetisation did to tax collections. He stated that there is a strong growth in country's direct tax collections in FY18 and net collections increased by 17.1%. Also he said that the ban on high-value currency has sharply lifted tax buoyancy

20. **Answer- d**

A) Prime Minister Narendra Modi thinks vested interests are behind the "baseless" allegation that the terms of reference of the 15th Finance Commission are biased against certain States or a region.

E) He did not name the region, but he was clearly responding to growing clamour from the southern States for a rethink on the parameters for the Commission to determine revenue-sharing between the Centre and the States.

C) The southern States are concerned that the Commission is switching from the 1971 Census to the 2011 Census, this means States that have done relatively better to control population growth could see their allocations, as a fraction of the total resources, reduced.

B) However, speaking in Chennai Mr. Modi said a State like Tamil Nadu would actually benefit from the Commission's mandate as the Centre has mooted incentives for those who have done well on population control.

Explanation - the passage is about the verdict presented by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on the issue going on regarding the 15 finance commission. It has been alleged that the commission is biased against some states. In this reference by Prime Minister Narendra Modi said that these claims are completely baseless and stated during his speech in Chennai that centre will provide incentives to those states who have worked well in controlling population because of this Tamil Nadu will be benefited from the commission.

21. **Answer – a**

D) Nearly 18 months after the government's decision to scrap currency notes of ₹500 and ₹1,000, which accounted for over 86% of the currency in circulation at the time, large parts of India are in the throes of a severe cash crunch again.
A) The government started acting belatedly on Tuesday in response to reports of cash shortages from States including Telangana, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka and Madhya Pradesh over a fortnight.
C) Terming the shortage a manifestation of an 'unusual spurt in currency demand' over three months, the Finance Ministry has emphasised that the first 13 days of April recorded an increase in currency supply of ₹45,000 crore.
E) Yet, thousands of automated teller machines are either not functioning or not dispensing adequate cash as banks are reluctant to divert cash to them at the cost of customers visiting branches for withdrawal, the Ministry has asserted that over ₹1.75 lakh crore of cash lies in reserves, which may now be deployed to meet the demand.
Explanation - the passage is about the recent sudden cash crunch in the states of Telangana, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka and Madhya Pradesh. Due to the ban on high-value currency notes of ₹500 and ₹1,000, which actually account for over 86% of the currency that was in circulation major parts of country are facing the shortage of cash again. Also many of automated teller machines are not working properly and not dispensing adequate cash. On this the Finance Ministry has said due to unusual rise in currency demand over three months, the situation of shortage of cash has raised.

22. **Answer - a**
Explanation - there is error in first sentence. Preposition after call "of" will be replaced by "for".
23. **Answer – a**
Explanation - preposition "to" after responsibility is wrong so 'to' will be replaced by 'towards'.
24. **Answer - b**
Explanation - preposition 'of' will be used in place of 'for'.
25. **Answer – b**
Explanation - II is incorrect verb show must be in past form so, show will be replaced by 'showed'.
26. **Answer - d**
Explanation - II is wrong because past form will be used so 'improve' will be replaced by 'improved'. III is wrong because also is wrong at the end so 'also' will be replaced by 'too'.
27. **Answer - c**
Explanation - III is wrong, could will be replaced by can as sentence should be in present tense.
28. **Answer - a**
Explanation - BADC is the correct sequence and first part must be the title of the paper and 2nd part should be started by 'by'. And hence on so whole sentence will be completed.
So, the correct sentence will be - **However, a recent paper published in Nature,** 'Early Middle Palaeolithic culture in India around 385-172 ka reframes Out of Africa models', by Akhilesh Kumar, Shanti Pappu and others, has revealed stunning new evidence that small tools — as opposed to larger ones that characterised early human species— were being made at this site way before — nearly 385,000 years ago.
29. **Answer - a**
Explanation - CBAD is the correct sequence as part c describe about the coalition and b will be the second as it describes about the work done by coalition, (a) will be the third sentence as it tells about the backing of coalition.

So, the correct sentence will be - **While the disunited ruling coalition,** jointly headed by President Maithripala Sirisena and Prime Minister Ranil Wickremesinghe, has lost the election badly, the newly formed Sri Lanka People's Front, unofficially backed by former President Mahinda Rajapaksa, has secured a sweeping victory in provinces except in the north and east.

30. **Answer - a**

Explanation - ACDB will be the correct sequence. As there its talk of two dimension and part a describe about the first so it will be the first sentence. C will be the second as it connects to first part.

So, the correct sentence will be - **There are two dimensions to the crisis,** The first is the pressure from the Rajapaksa camp for the Wickremesinghe government to resign, interpreting the local government election as a referendum on the government as well as a loss of its popular mandate of 2015.

NUMERICAL ABILITY

31). Answer: b

Explanation:

The difference of difference in the following series is 15, 30, 45, 60…

Answer is 452

32). Answer: c

Explanation:

The following series is /2…

Answer is 992

33). Answer: a

Explanation:

The following series is *0.5, *1.5, *2.5, *3.5, *4.5, *5.5…

Answer is 2480.625

34). Answer: d

Explanation:

The difference of difference in the following series is 4, 64, 36, 512…

Answer is 939

35). Answer: c

Explanation:

The following series is *2+2, *3+3, *4+4, *5+5, *6+6….

Answer is 49

36). Answer: d

Explanation:

1740 ÷? + (121*2) =782- (106*4)

1740/? = 782- 424 -242

1740/? = 116

=> ? = 15

37). Answer: c

Explanation:

3/5 of 4/7 of 1750 + 2/5 of (?) = 840

600+ 2/5 *(?) = 840

=>2/5 * (?) = 240

=> (?) = 600

38). Answer: d

Explanation:

40% of 25% of 460+ (?) of 240 = 190

2/5*1/4*460+(?) * 240 = 190

(?) * 240 = 190 -46

=>(?) = 144/240 = 3/5

39). Answer: e

Explanation:

235.36+346.635+246.465= (?)+28.46

828.46-28.46 = (?)

800 = (?)

40). Answer: c

Explanation:

$27+42+31= (?)^2$

$100 = (?)^2$

10 = (?)

41). Answer: a

Explanation:

3x+2y = 33

4x+2y = 40

Simplify the two equations we get x= 7 and y= 6

From I and II, x>y

42). Answer: c

Explanation:

From I:

$x^2 – 434 = 242$

$x^2 = 676$

=>x= ± 26

From II:

Y = 26

From I and II, x≤ y

43). Answer: a

Explanation:

From I:

x^2-x-132 =0

x^2-12x+11x-132=0

x(x-12)+11 (x-12) =0

x=12, -11

From II:

$y^2+27y+182=0$

$y^2+13y+14y+182=0$

y(y+13) +14 (y+13) =0

y= -13 and -14

From I and II, x>y

44). Answer: d

Explanation:

From I:

$x^2+13x+42=0$

$x^2+6x+7x+42=0$

x(x+6) +7 (x+6) =0

x= -6 and -7

From II:

$y^2+15y+56=0$

$y^2+8y+7y+56=0$

y(y+8) +7 (y+8) =0

y= -7 and -8

From I and II, x ≥ y

45). Answer: b

Explanation:

5x+4y = 31

8x+7y = 52

Simplify the above equation we get x = 3 and y= 4

From I and II, x < y

46). Answer: b

Explanation:

Efficiency ratio of A and C = 2:1

Time ratio of A and C = 1:2

Given,

1/x+ 1/(x-5)+1/2x = 1/5

3/2x + 1/(x-5) = 1/5

$(3x-15+2x)/ (2x^2-10x) = 1/5$

$2x^2-35x+75 =0$

=>x = 15, 2.5 (Eliminate 2.5 because x>5)

There the value of x is 15 days

47). Answer d

Solution:

Let us take sum be x

Given,

130/100*x=31200

=>x=24000

$24000(1+x/100)^2=34560$

$(1+x/100)^2=(6/5)^2$

1+x/100=6/5

x/100=1/5=>x=20%

48). Answer a

Solution:

Let us take CP of an article be x

SP = 110/100 *x

CP= 80/100*x

SP=110/100 *x+50=200/100*80/100*x

5/10*x=50=>x=100

49). Answer e

Solution:

Given,

Total no. of probability = 11+x

Required probability = 6/(11+x)=3/10

=>11+x=20=>x=9

50). Answer c

Solution:

Given,

1/x+1/(x+10)+1/10=1/4

$(2x+10)/ (x^2+10x) = 3/20$

Simplify the above equation we get x= 10 hrs

Required ratio = 1/10:1/20=2:1

51). Answer: e

Explanation:

Required difference = (20+16+30+18)- (30+15+28+32)= 84- 105 = 21

52). Answer: c

Explanation:

Required percentage = (30+18)/(20+16) * 100

=>48/36*100= 400/3%

53). Answer: d

Explanation:

Required ratio = (30+15+36) : (15+24+18) = 81:57 = 27:19

54). Answer: a

Explanation:

In 2014 = 24+18+30+28+15 = 115

In 2015 = 20+30+15+32+24 = 121

In 2016 = 16+18+36+30+18 =118

In the year 2015 has maximum no. of chairs manufactured

55). Answer: e

Explanation:

Required ratio = (24+20+16): (18+30+18): (28+32+30)

=> 60:66:90 =10:11:15

56). Answer c

Solution:

A and B's profit ratio = (2000×6+4000×6):(3000×6+6000×6)

=>36000:54000=6:9=2:3

A's share = (7500-3000)×2/5=4500×2/5=1800

A and C's profit ratio = (2000×6+4000×6):(x×6+3x/2×6)=1800:3000

=>x=4000

57). Answer b

Solution:

(5x-5)/(3x-3+8)=9/7

35x-35= 27x+45

8x =80

=>x=10 litres

Initial quantity of milk = 10*5=50 litres

58). Answer d

Solution:

Given,

160/2x+200/x=14

560/2x=14

X=20 km/hr

Speed of stream = (2x-x)/2 = x/2 = 20/2 = 10 km/hr

59). Answer c

Solution:

Given,

60*6=360

60*5=300

Sum of the remaining chocolates distributed (360-300)/5=60/5=12 students

60). Answer: a

Explanation:

Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (16 x+9x) = 100

=>25x= 500 => x= 2

Area of the rectangle = 32* 18 = 576 m^2 = Area of a square

Side of the square = √576 = 24 m

Perimeter of the square = 4*24 =96 m

Directions (61-65):

Centre Name	Xth standard			XIIth standard		
	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls

P	400	200	200	250	150	100
Q	500	300	200	450	200	250
R	600	300	300	600	300	300
S	450	200	250	500	200	300
T	300	100	200	800	600	200

61). Answer: c

Explanation:

Required difference = (250+450) – (450+300) = 700 -750 = 50

62). Answer: b

Explanation:

Required ratio = (400+450): (600+800) = 950: 1400 =19:28

63). Answer: a

Explanation:

Required average = (200+200+300+250+200)/5 = 230

64). Answer: b

Explanation:

No of Xth standard girls from centre Q and T = 300+100 = 400

No of XIIth standard boys from centre Q and T = 200+600 = 800

Required percentage = 400/800 *100 =50% less

65). Answer: d

Explanation:

Centre T = 300-800 = 500

Centre S = 450-500= 50

Centre R = 600-600 = 0

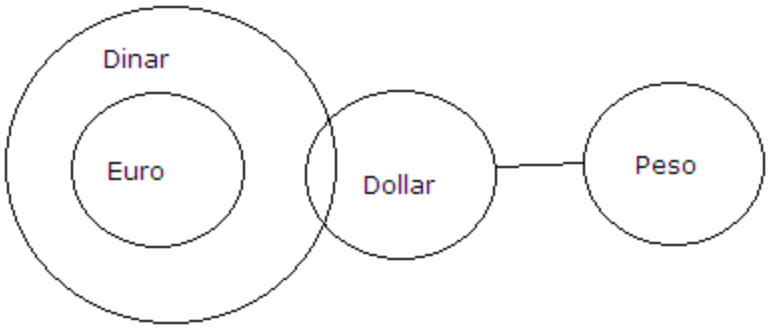
Centre Q = 500-450 = 50

Centre P = 400-250 = 150

In centre T has maximum difference

REASONING ABILITY

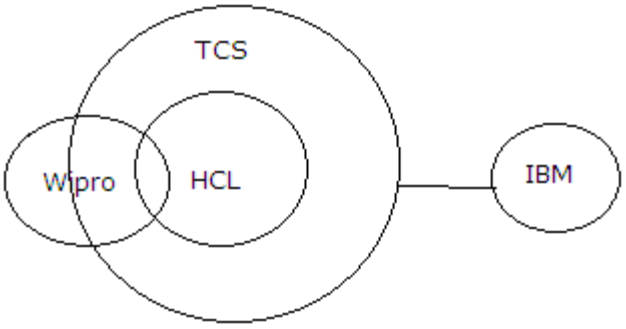
66. (a)



I. True

II. False

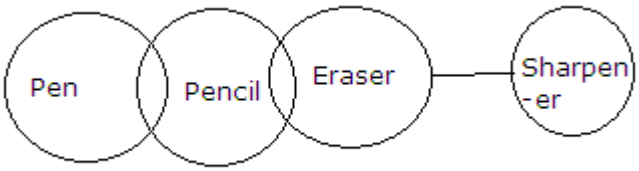
67. (e)



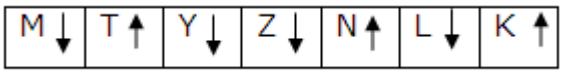
I. True

II. True

68. (c)



Direction (69-73):



69. (c)

70. (b)

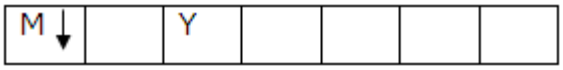
71. (d)

72. (e)

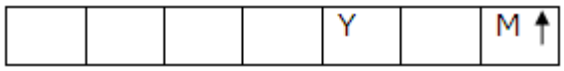
73. (a)

M sits at one of the extreme end. Y sits second to the left of M. There are two possibilities; M can be either in extreme left or right end.

Case 1:

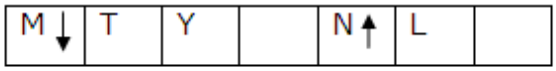


Case 2:

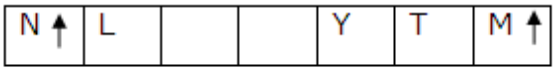


Three persons sit between T and L. L sits immediate right of N. L cannot be placed next to M because N and L are immediate neighbours.

Case 1:

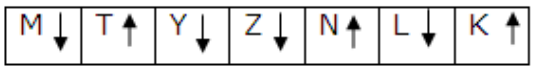


Case 2:

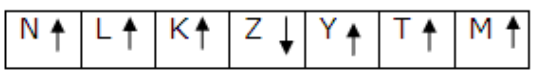


Z sits second to the right of L. Immediate neighbour of L is facing same direction. N and T are facing same direction. Immediate neighbour of Y is facing opposite direction. Immediate neighbour of T is facing same direction. T and Y are not facing same direction.

Case 1:

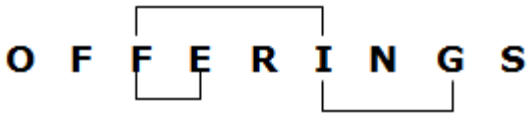


Case 2:



This case will be dropped because T and Y are facing opposite direction

74. (d)



Three pairs->FI, GI, EF

75. (c)

6254831

4082664->6 and 4 appeared twice.

Direction (76-80):

8	Q
7	G
6	R
5	F
4	S
3	H
2	B
1	P

76. (d)

77. (e)

78. (b)

79. (d)

80. (b)

B lives on even numbered floor. H lives immediately above B.

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8			
7			H
6			B
5		H	
4		B	
3	H		
2	B		
1			

More than three person lives between H and Q. Only one person lives between Q and R. R does not live on fourth floor.

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	Q		
7			H
6	R		B
5		H	
4		B	
3	H	R	R
2	B		
1		Q	Q

Three persons live between F and P. P lives below F. Neither B nor P lives immediately above R. G does not live on even numbered floor.

✓ X X

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	Q		F
7	G		H
6	R	F	B
5	F	H	
4	S	B	P
3	H	R	R
2	B	P	
1	P	Q	Q

Case 2 and Case 3 will be dropped because neither B nor P lives immediately above R.

81. (b)

18-3=15th from the right end=D

82. (d)

X I 5, G U 6, N E 3

83. (c)

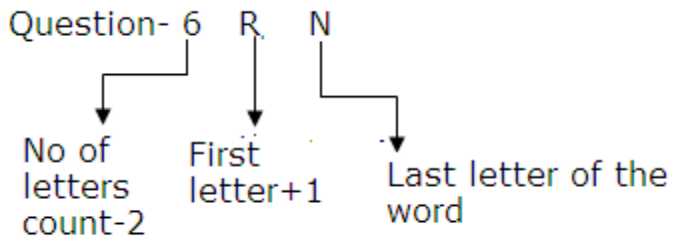
84. (e)

A 8 C, I 5 &, U 6 $, E 3 ^

85. (a)

11+7=18th from the right end

Direction (86-90):



86. (d)

87. (c)

88. (b)

89. (c)

90. (a)

91. (a)

S < L > B ≥ W ≥ Q = F > M

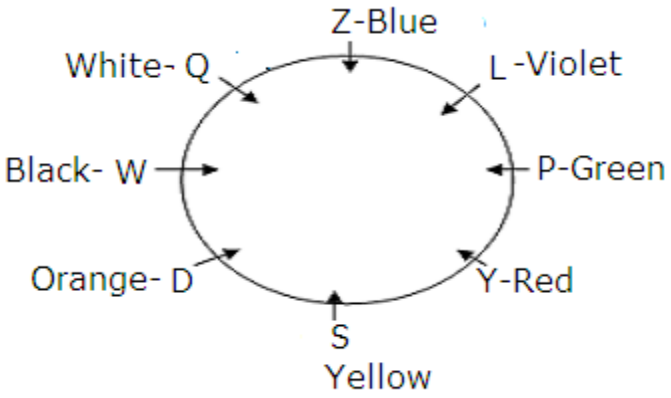
92. (d)

K < V ≤ W < Y ≥ S > C < J

93. (e)

P ≥ Q ≥ S > L > J < H < D

Direction (94-98):



94. (c)

95. (b)

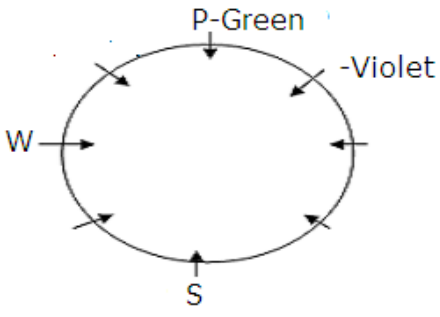
96. (c)

97. (e)

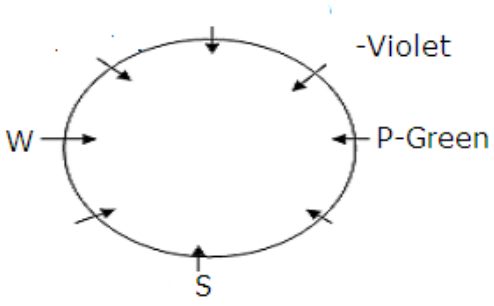
98. (e)

The one who likes Violet sits third to the right of S. Two persons sit between the one who likes Violet and W. P likes Green and is neither an immediate neighbour of W nor an immediate neighbour of S.

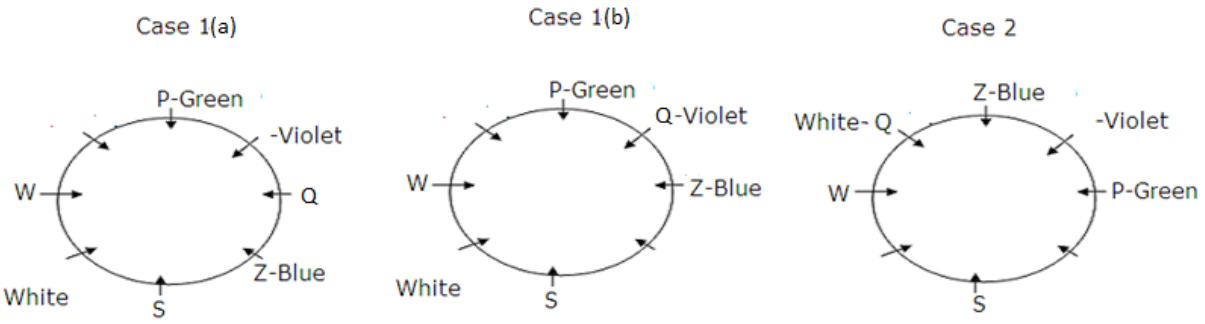
Case 1



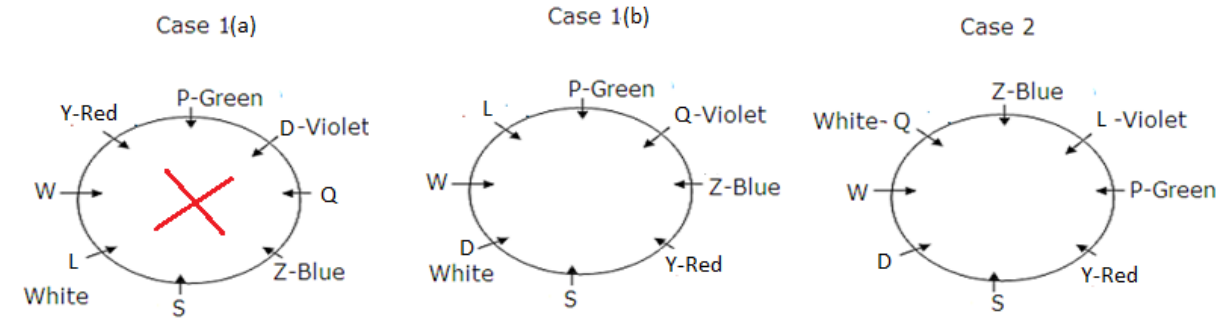
Case 2



The one who likes White sits third to the right of P. Z likes Blue. Q sits immediate right of Z.

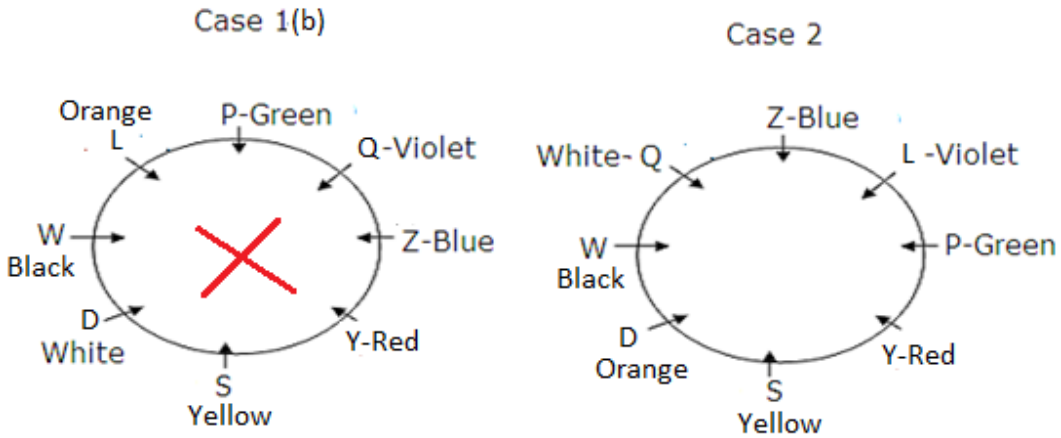


Y likes Red. D sits second to the left of Y. L does not like White.



This case will be dropped because L does not like White

Only one person sits between the one who likes Yellow and the one who likes Black. W does not like Yellow. The one who likes Orange is not an immediate neighbor of P.



This case will be dropped because of the one who likes Orange is not an immediate neighbor of P.

99. (b)

FACULTY

ACFLTUY

Only Y remains unchanged

100. (c)

P>G>J>K>T>F

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