August Editorial
Editorial 01-08-2018

1. Portend (verb) – भविष्यवाणी करना
Definition: be a sign or warning that (something, especially something momentous or calamitous) is likely to happen.
Synonyms: presage, augur, foreshadow, foretell, prophecy
Antonyms: unexpected, unforeseen, sudden
Usage: the eclipses portend some major events

2. Delegation (noun) -- प्रविवृत्ति मंडल
Definition: the process of assigning roles, a body of representatives
Synonyms: assignment, entrusting, giving, committal, devolution, deputation, transference
Antonyms: single, by oneself, done alone, singular responsibility
Usage: He handled the delegation of tasks to others

3. Consolidated (verb) -- समेकित
Definition: combine (a number of things) into a single more effective or coherent whole.
Synonyms: combine, unite, merge, integrate, amalgamate, fuse, blend, mingle, marry,
Antonyms: separated, isolate, segregate, part, divide
Usage: all manufacturing activities have been consolidated in new premises.

4. Stronghold (noun) – गढ़
Definition: a place that has been fortified so as to protect it against attack.
Synonyms: fortress, fort, castle, citadel, garrison, keep, tower, hold, donjon, bunker; fastness
Antonyms: unsafe, dangerous, risky, perilous, vulnerable
Usage: their mountain strongholds fell to enemy attack

5. Autonomous (adjective) -- स्वायत्त
Definition: having the freedom to act independently
Synonyms: self-governing, independent, sovereign, free, self-ruling, self-determining, autarchic
Antonyms: hierarchical, under one’s rule, following, not independent, dependent
Usage: school governors are legally autonomous

6. Turbulence (noun) – अशांति या उग्रिा
Definition: a state of conflict or confusion.
Synonyms: turmoil, instability, conflict, upheaval, tumult, troubles, unrest, ferment, disorder
Antonyms: order, stability, calm, organized, without conflict
Usage: Political turbulence was seen throughout the country

7. Unrelenting (adjective) -- बेदाद
Definition: not yielding in strength, severity, or determination
Synonyms: implacable, inflexible, uncompromising, unyielding, unbending, inexorable, relentless
Antonyms: yielding, giving in, flexible, compromising, bending
Usage: For the first time, the country witnessed a vicious, unrelenting guerrilla war.

8. Adhere (verb) – पालन करना
Definition: believe in and follow the practices of.
Synonyms: believe, attach, follow, cling, bond, trust, conjecture
Antonyms: not follow, not believe in, distrust, disbelief
Usage: I do not adhere to any organized religion.

9. Inherent (adjective) – निहित
Definition: existing in something as a permanent, essential, or characteristic attribute.
**Synonyms:** intrinsic, innate, immanent, built-in, inborn, ingrained, deep-rooted  
**Antonyms:** superficial, acquired, gained, learned  
**Usage:** any form of mountaineering has its inherent dangers

**10. Grapple (verb) -- पकड़ना**  
**Definition:** engage in a close fight or struggle without weapons  
**Synonyms:** wrestle, struggle, tussle, disagree, fight, argue  
**Antonyms:** cooperate, combine, comply, agree, calm  
**Usage:** passers-by grappled with the man after the knife attack

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**Editorial 02-08-2018**

1. **Prudent (adjective) -- विश्वासी**  
**Definition:** acting with or showing care and thought for the future.  
**Synonyms:** wise, well judged, judicious, sagacious, sage, shrewd, advisable, well advised, politic  
**Antonyms:** ill-advised, not recommended, misguided, unwise  
**Usage:** no prudent money manager would authorize a loan without first knowing its purpose

2. **Fiscal (adjective) -- राजकीय**  
**Definition:** relating to government revenue, especially taxes.  
**Synonyms:** tax, budgetary, revenue, monetary, material  
**Antonyms:** not material, abstract, not monetary  
**Usage:** Changes had to be introduced in the fiscal policy.

3. **Stagger (verb) -- चौंकाना**  
**Definition:** astonish or deeply shock.  
**Synonyms:** astonish, amaze, nonplus, startle, astound, surprise, bewilder, stun, flabbergast  
**Antonyms:** expected, planned, decided, not shocked  
**Usage:** I was staggered to find it was six o'clock

4. **Portent (noun) -- चेतावनी**  
**Definition:** a sign or warning that a momentous or calamitous event is likely to happen

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**Synonyms:** omen, sign, indication, presage, warning, forewarning, harbinger, augury, signal  
**Antonyms:** unexpected, insignificant, meaningless, inconsequential, unimportant  
**Usage:** many birds are regarded as being portents of death

5. **Rebound (noun) -- प्रविक्षेप**  
**Definition:** recover in value, amount, or strength after a decrease or decline.  
**Synonyms:** recover, rally, bounce back, pick up, make a recovery, make a comeback  
**Antonyms:** lose, deteriorate, worsen, go downhill  
**Usage:** they revealed a big rebound in profits for last year

6. **Quibble (verb) -- विकर्तर करना**  
**Definition:** a slight objection or criticism, a slight argument on a trivial matter.  
**Synonyms:** minor criticism, trivial objection, trivial complaint, adverse comment, protest, query  
**Antonyms:** applaud, commend, compliment, praise, recommend, approve, endorse  
**Usage:** they are always quibbling about the amount they are prepared to pay

7. **Swung (verb) -- बदलाते होना**  
**Definition:** shift or cause to shift from one opinion, mood, or state of affairs to another.  
**Synonyms:** change, fluctuate, oscillate, waver, alternate, see-saw, yo-yo, vary, shift, alter  
**Antonyms:** stay constant, unchanging, steady  
**Usage:** opinion swung in the Chancellor’s favour

8. **Cap (verb) -- मुक्ति मिलाना**  
**Definition:** place a limit or restriction on (prices, expenditure, or borrowing).  
**Synonyms:** set a limit on, put a ceiling on, limit, restrict, keep within bounds  
**Antonyms:** unlimited, inexhaustible, limitless, illimitable, boundless, unbounded, immense, vast, great  
**Usage:** Starting next month, the council budget will be capped.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>Antonyms</th>
<th>Usage</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monopolise (verb)</td>
<td>(of an organization or group) obtain exclusive possession or control of (a trade, commodity, or service).</td>
<td>exclude, shun, spurn, cold-shoulder, give someone the cold shoulder, reject,</td>
<td>welcome, believe, trust, accept, include, invite</td>
<td>she was declared a witch and ostracized by the villagers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clampdown (noun)</td>
<td>a concerted or harsh attempt to suppress something.</td>
<td>suppression, prevention, stopping, stamping out</td>
<td>instigate, worsen, cause, encourage, incite</td>
<td>he was perceived as too negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pragmatism (noun)</td>
<td>a practical attitude or policy</td>
<td>practical, empirical, hands-on, real, actual, active, applied, experiential,</td>
<td>impractical, theoretical, unrealistic, unfeasible, unworkable</td>
<td>His ideology had been tempered with pragmatism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goad (verb)</td>
<td>provoke or annoy (someone) so as to stimulate an action or reaction.</td>
<td>provoke, spur, prick, sting, prod, egg on, hound, badger, incite, rouse, stir, move,</td>
<td>pacify, appease, deter, allay</td>
<td>he was trying to goad her into a fight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Misinterpret (verb)</td>
<td>interpret (something or someone) wrongly.</td>
<td>misunderstand, misconceive, misconstrue, misapprehend, mistake, misread</td>
<td>understand, conceive, construe</td>
<td>The argument arose only because he misinterpreted what she had said earlier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ostracise (verb)</td>
<td>exclude from a society or group</td>
<td>exclude, shun, spurn, cold-shoulder, give someone the cold shoulder, reject,</td>
<td>welcome, believe, trust, accept, include, invite</td>
<td>a website which enabled staff to air their grievances was created.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frenetic (adjective)</td>
<td>fast and energetic in a rather wild and uncontrolled way.</td>
<td>frantic, wild, frenzied, hectic, fraught, feverish, fevered, mad, manic, hyperactive</td>
<td>calm, quiet, slow, weak, unenergetic, unexcited</td>
<td>a frenetic pace of activity was seen once the new project commenced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norms (noun)</td>
<td>something that is usual, typical, or standard.</td>
<td>standard, usual, normal, typical, average, the rule, predictable, unexceptional.</td>
<td>Unusual, strange, out of the blue, unexpected, uncommon, abnormal</td>
<td>During the war, air strikes every few days were the norm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grievance (noun)</td>
<td>a real or imagined cause for complaint, especially unfair treatment.</td>
<td>injustice, unjust act, wrong, injury, ill, offence, disservice, unfairness, evil, outrage,</td>
<td>commendation, appreciation, praise, honour, award</td>
<td>a website which enabled staff to air their grievances was created.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. **Cohesive (adjective)** – एकजुट
**Definition:** characterized by the act of forming a united whole.
**Synonyms:** unity, togetherness, solidarity, bond, sticking together, continuity, coherence
**Antonyms:** incohesive, disorganised, lack of unity, inconsistent
**Usage:** each parish was formerly a cohesive unit

10. **Regress (noun)** – लौटना
**Definition:** return to a former or less developed state.
**Synonyms:** revert, retrogress, relapse, lapse, backslide, go backwards, slip back, drift back
**Antonyms:** develop, improve, progress, advance, headway
**Usage:** they would not regress to pre-technological tribalism no matter what.

**Editorial 04-08-2018**

1. **Impasse (noun)**
**Definition:** a situation in which no progress is possible, especially because of disagreement; a deadlock.
**Synonyms:** deadlock, dead end, stalemate, checkmate, stand-off
**Antonyms:** progress, improvement, advancement, enhancement
**Usage:** The current political impasse has lasted almost a year.

2. **Reiteration (noun)**
**Definition:** the action of repeating something, typically for emphasis or clarity.
**Synonyms:** repeat, say again, restate, retell, recapitulate, go over (and over), iterate, rehearse
**Antonyms:** unclear, take back, not made clear
**Usage:** the reiteration of his campaign promise to cut taxes

3. **Quashed (verb)**
**Definition:** reject as invalid, especially by legal procedure.
**Synonyms:** cancel, reverse, rescind, repeal, revoke, retract, countermand, withdraw, take back.
**Antonyms:** accept, believe, trust, welcome, rely
**Usage:** His conviction was quashed on appeal.

4. **Explicit (adjective)**
**Definition:** stated clearly and in detail, leaving no room for confusion or doubt.
**Synonyms:** clear, direct, plain, obvious, straightforward, clear-cut, crystal clear, clearly expressed
**Antonyms:** implicit, implied, indirect, inferred, understood, hinted, suggested, deducible
**Usage:** the arrangement had not been made explicit

5. **Dispel (verb)**
**Definition:** make (a doubt, feeling, or belief) disappear.
**Synonyms:** banish, eliminate, dismiss, chase away, drive away, drive off, get rid of, dissipate
**Antonyms:** cause, be the cause of, give rise to, bring about, lead to, result in, produce, create
**Usage:** the brightness of the day did nothing to dispel Elaine’s dejection

6. **Palpable (adjective)**
**Definition:** (of a feeling or atmosphere) so intense as to seem almost tangible.
**Synonyms:** perceptible, perceivable, visible, noticeable, appreciable, discernible, detectable
**Antonyms:** intangible, imperceptible, impalpable, untouchable, inexpressible
**Usage:** It was a palpable sense of loss.

7. **Euphoria**
**Definition:** a feeling or state of intense excitement and happiness.
**Synonyms:** elation, happiness, joy, joyousness, delight, glee, excitement, exhilaration, animation
**Antonyms:** misery, depression, sadness, despair
**Usage:** in his euphoria, he had become convinced he could defeat them

8. **Liberal (noun)**
**Definition:** a person of liberal views, willing to accept beliefs and behavior different from one’s own.
**Synonyms:** wide-ranging, broad-based, general, humanistic
Antonyms: close-minded, narrow-minded, intolerant, conservative, prejudiced
Usage: a concern among liberals about the relation of the citizen to the state

9. Condemnation (noun)
Definition: the expression of very strong disapproval; censure.
Synonyms: censure, criticism, castigation, stricture, denunciation, damnation, vilification,
Antonyms: approval, acceptance, agreement, consent, assent, acquiescence, compliance, concurrence
Usage: there was strong international condemnation of the attack

10. Foster (verb)
Definition: encourage the development of (something, especially something desirable).
Synonyms: encourage, promote, further, stimulate, advance, forward, cultivate, nurture, facilitate
Antonyms: discourage, unsupportive, dissuade, hinder
Usage: the teacher's task is to foster learning

Editorial 06-08-2018

1. Desperate (adjective) -- हृतास्थ
Definition: feeling or showing a hopeless sense that a situation is so bad as to be impossible to deal with.
Synonyms: despairing, hopeless, in great need of, urgently requiring, craving, in want of, lacking, wanting
Antonyms: cheerful, composed, merry, happy, joyful
Usage: a desperate sadness enveloped Ruth

2. Inextricable (adjective) -- विच्छेदन या अलग करना असंभव है
Definition: impossible to disentangle or separate.
Synonyms: inseparable, impossible to separate, indivisible, entangled, tangled, ravelled, mixed up
Antonyms: independent, individual, separate, unconnected, unrelated, different, discrete, distinct, disparate
Usage: the past and the present are inextricable

3. Divergent (adjective) -- विभिन्न
Definition: tending to be different or develop in different directions.
Synonyms: differing, varying, different, dissimilar, unlike, unalike, disparate, contrasting
Antonyms: similar, alike, indistinguishable, close, near, almost identical, homogeneous, interchangeable
Usage: divergent interpretations of the policy were discussed.

4. Provisions -- साधन
Definition: an amount or thing supplied or provided.
Synonyms: facilities, services, amenities, resource(s), equipment, arrangements, solutions
Antonyms: inaccessible, unapproachable, inconvenient, unattainable, unobtainable
Usage: changing levels of transport provision affected the economy.

5. Competence (noun) -- सक्षमिा
Definition: the ability to do something successfully or efficiently.
Synonyms: capability, ability, competency, capacity, proficiency, accomplishment, adeptness
Antonyms: disability, incapable, not proficient, unaccomplished, useless
Usage: courses to improve the competence of staff is required.

6. Concurrence (noun) -- समििी
Definition: the fact of two or more events or circumstances happening or existing at the same time.
Synonyms: simultaneous, concurrent, happening at the same time, done at the same time, contemporaneous,
Antonyms: asynchronous, independent, individual, not together
Usage: the incidental concurrence of two separate tumours meant he could not be saved.

7. Amorphous (adjective) -- अनाकार
Definition: lacking a clear structure or focus.
**Synonyms**: shapeless, formless, unformed, unshaped, structureless, unstructured, indeterminate, indefinite, vague
**Antonyms**: definite, specific, clear, concise, structured, determined
**Usage**: an amorphous and leaderless legislature is useless.

8. **Escalate (verb)** -- गहरा बनाना
**Definition**: make or become more intense or serious.
**Synonyms**: grow, develop, mushroom, increase, be increased, be stepped up, build up, lighten
**Antonyms**: plunge, sink, plummet, drop, fall, reduce, lower
**Usage**: the disturbance escalated into a full-scale riot

9. **Harness (verb)** -- उपयोग करना
**Definition**: control and make use of (natural resources), especially to produce energy.
**Synonyms**: control, exploit, utilize, use, make use of, put to use, render useful, make productive
**Antonyms**: waste, untapped, not exploited, unused
**Usage**: attempts to harness solar energy were successful.

10. **Curb (verb)** -- पर अंकुश लगाना
**Definition**: check or restraint something.
**Synonyms**: restraint, restriction, check, brake, rein, control, limitation, limit, constraint, stricture
**Antonyms**: unrestrained, unchecked, free, limitless, without boundaries
**Usage**: she promised she would curb her temper.

**Editorial 07-08-2018**

1. **Emotive (adjective)** -- मायनात्मक
**Definition**: arousing or able to arouse intense feeling.
**Synonym**: inflammatory, controversial, contentious, emotional
**Antonym**: unemotional, reserved, controlled, undemonstrative, collected, calm, composed
**Usage**: animal experimentation is an emotive subject

2. **Momentum (noun)** -- संरक्ष
**Definition**: the impetus gained by a moving object.
**Synonym**: energy, drive, propulsion, speed, strength, force, power
**Antonym**: lethargy, weakness, inert, not moving
**Usage**: the vehicle gained momentum as the road dipped

3. **Intervention (noun)** -- हस्तक्षेप
**Definition**: the action or process of intervening.
**Synonym**: involvement, intercession, interceding, interposing, interposition
**Antonym**: staying out of, ignoring, disregard, pay no notice, push aside
**Usage**: the government was reported to be considering military intervention

4. **Impeachment (noun)** -- महाविभयोग
**Definition**: the action of calling into question the integrity or validity of something.
**Synonym**: questioning, reasoning, analysing, accusing, interrogate, examine
**Antonym**: unquestionable, believable, trustworthy, unsuspecting
**Usage**: the prosecutor's detailed impeachment of the character witness.

5. **Misappropriation (noun)** -- गबन या दुरुपयोग
**Definition**: the action of misappropriating something; embezzlement.
**Synonym**: embezzlement, expropriation, swindle, stealing, theft, thieving, pilfering, unauthorized removal
**Antonym**: appropriation, gaining, saving, obtaining
**Usage**: an alleged misappropriation of funds caused his dismissal.

6. **Rhetoric (noun)** -- अलंकार शास्र
**Definition**: language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.
**Synonym**: bombast, loftiness, turgidity, grandiloquence, magniloquency, ornateness, portentousness, pomposity, boastfulness, boasting, heroics, hyperbole.
**Antonym**: meaningful, significant, relevant, important, consequential, purposeful
7. Rehabilitation (noun) -- पुनराभिषेक

Definition: the action of restoring someone to former privileges or reputation after a period of disfavour.

Synonym: restoring, improvement, reconstruction, overhaul, repair, reestablishment

Antonym: damage, harm, hurt, ruin, worsen

Usage: a posthumous rehabilitation of the activist

8. Trivialise (verb) -- महत्त्वहीन करना देना

Definition: make (something) seem less important, significant, or complex than it really is.

Synonym: treat as unimportant, minimize, play down, underplay, make light of, treat lightly

Antonym: exaggerate, make a big thing of, overstate, overemphasise, overestimate

Usage: the problem was either trivialized or ignored by teachers

9. Manifest (adjective) -- प्रकट

Definition: clear or obvious to the eye or mind.

Synonym: obvious, clear, plain, apparent, evident, patent, palpable, distinct, definite, blatant

Antonym: not obvious, unclear, inevident,

Usage: her manifest charm and proven ability was what got her the position

10. Assail (verb) -- आक्रमण करना

Definition: make a concerted or violent attack on.

Synonym: attack, assault, make an assault on, launch an attack on, pounce on, set upon, set about

Antonym: defend, protect, safeguard, preserve, shelter, secure, screen

Usage: the Scots army assailed Edward's army from the rear

Editorial 08-08-2018

1. Offshoot (noun) -- शाखा

Definition: a thing that develops from something else.

Synonyms: subsidiary, branch, derivative, adjunct, appendage, secondary

Antonyms: main, root, primary, original, central, initial, paramount

Usage: commercial offshoots of universities were coming up.

2. Bureaucrats (noun) -- नौकरशाही

Definition: an official in a government department, in particular one perceived as being concerned with procedural correctness at the expense of people's needs.

Synonyms: official, administrator, office-holder, office-bearer, civil servant, public servant, government servant, minister, functionary, appointee, apparatchik

Antonyms: private worker, self-employed, private office-goer

Usage: the unemployed will be dealt with not by faceless bureaucrats but by individuals

3. Acumen (noun) -- कुशाग्रता वृद्धि

Definition: the ability to make good judgements and take quick decisions.

Synonyms: astuteness, awareness, shrewdness, acuity, sharpness, sharp-wittedness, cleverness

Antonyms: witlessness, unintelligent, unaware, not shrewd, stupid

Usage: she hides a shrewd business acumen

4. Influential (adjective) -- प्रभावशाली

Definition: having great influence on someone or something.

Synonyms: powerful, authoritative, dominant, controlling, strong

Antonyms: weak, insignificant, unimportant, inconsequential, trivial, negligible

Usage: her work is influential in feminist psychology

5. Emulate (verb) -- अनुकरण करना

Definition: match or surpass (a person or achievement), typically by imitation.

Synonyms: imitate, copy, reproduce, mimic, mirror, echo, follow, model oneself on, take as a model

Antonyms: ignore, neglect, disregard, pay no attention to, brush aside
Usage: most rulers wished to emulate Alexander the Great

6. **Dissenter (noun) -- वभन्न-मिलंबी**
**Definition:** a person who dissents.
**Synonyms:** dissident, dissentient, objector, protester, disputant, rejectionist, non-conformist, freethinker
**Antonyms:** acceptor, welcomer, receiver, conformist
**Usage:** He was considered a dissenter and a reformist.

7. **Leeway (noun) -- अनुिािगमन**
**Definition:** the amount of freedom to move or act that is available.
**Synonyms:** freedom, scope, room to manoeuvre, latitude, elbow room, slack, space, room, liberty
**Antonyms:** caged, no freedom, forced, constraint, restriction
**Usage:** the government had greater leeway to introduce reforms

8. **Cumbersome (adjective) -- बोवझल**
**Definition:** slow or complicated and therefore inefficient.
**Synonyms:** complicated, complex, involved, inefficient, badly organized, wasteful, unwieldy, slow
**Antonyms:** quick, easy, efficient, organized, useful, fast
**Usage:** organizations with cumbersome hierarchical structures

9. **Consensual (adjective) -- सहसंिेदी**
**Definition:** relating to or involving consent or consensus.
**Synonyms:** agreed, concur, consent, assent, accede, sympathize, allow
**Antonyms:** disagree, disallow, dissent, differ, vary, diverge
**Usage:** They came to consensual decision to take action against the terror groups.

10. **Reckon (verb) -- मानना**
**Definition:** be of the opinion.
**Synonyms:** believe, think, be of the opinion, be of the view, be convinced, suspect, dare say, have an idea
**Antonyms:** doubt, disbelieve, discredit, distrust, mistrust, have no confidence in
**Usage:** he reckons that the army should pull out entirely

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**Editorial 13-08-2018**

1). **Aggrieved (Adjective) -- असंिुष्ट**
**Definition:** feeling resentment at having been unfairly treated.
**Synonyms:** resentful, affronted, indignant, disgruntled, discontented, angry, distressed, unhappy, disturbed
**Antonyms:** happy, glad, delighted, gratified, grateful, thankful, content, contented, satisfied, well pleased
**Usage:** they were aggrieved at the outcome

2). **Pragmatic (Adjective) -- व्यािहाररक**
**Definition:** dealing with things sensibly and realistically in a way that is based on practical rather than theoretical considerations.
**Synonyms:** efficient, logical, hard headed, businesslike.
**Antonyms:** excited, impractical, inefficient, irrational
**Usage:** a pragmatic approach to politics

3). **Fiefdoms (Noun) -- जागीर**
**Definition:** a territory or sphere of operation controlled by a particular person or group.
**Synonyms:** control, rule.
**Antonyms:** free, allow.
**Usage:** a mafia boss who has turned the town into his private fiefdom

4). **Dilution (Noun) -- मन्‌दन**
**Definition:** the action of making something weaker in force, content, or value.
**Synonyms:** week, reduce, compress.
**Antonyms:** ascent, rise, increase.
**Usage:** he is resisting any dilution of dogma

5). **Perpetuation (Noun) -- वचरस्‌थायीकरण**
**Definition:** the continuation or preservation of a situation, idea, etc.
**Synonyms:** care, storage, curing, safety.
**Antonyms:** danger, neglect, hurt, injury.
**Usage:** we criticized the perpetuation of racial stereotypes

6). **Stripped (Verb) -- छीन लेना या खाली कर देना**

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Definition: leave bare of accessories or fittings.

Synonyms: empty, clear, clean

out, plunder, rob, burglar, loot, rifle, pillage, ransack, gut, lay bare, devastate

Antonyms: construct, assemble

Usage: thieves stripped the room of luggage

7). Dispel (Verb) – दूर करना

Definition: make (a doubt, feeling, or belief) disappear.

Synonyms: banish, eliminate, dismiss, chase away, drive away, drive off, get rid of, dissipate, disperse, scatter, disseminate

Antonyms: cause, be the cause of, give rise to, bring about, lead to, result in, produce, create, generate

Usage: the brightness of the day did nothing to dispel Elaine's dejection

8). Credibility (Noun) -- क्रेडिबिलिटी

Definition: the quality of being trusted and believed in.

Synonyms: trustworthiness, reliability, dependability, integrity, character

Antonyms: implausibility

Usage: the government's loss of credibility

9). Bigotry (Noun) -- पूर्वांग्रह

Definition: intolerance towards those who hold different opinions from oneself.

Synonyms: prejudice, bias, partiality, partisanship, sectarianism, discrimination, unfairness, injustice

Antonyms: forbearance, toleration, sufferance, liberality

Usage: we've been inundated with complaints from listeners

10). Nudged (Verb) -- धीरे-धीरे को कोहनी के साथ धकलना

Definition: prod (someone) gently with one's elbow in order to attract attention.

Synonyms: poke, elbow, dig, prod, jog, jab, butt

Antonyms: clash, hit, collide, clash.

Usage: people were nudging each other and pointing a
6. Noxious (adjective) – नाशककम
Definition: harmful, poisonous, or very unpleasant.
Synonyms: poisonous, harmful, virulent, toxic, unpleasant, deadly, dangerous
Antonyms: healthy, beneficial, medicated, nourishing, wholesome, salubrious
Usage: The noxious smoke enveloped the building as the firemen struggled to control the flames

7. Cessation (noun) – समाप्ति
Definition: the fact or process of ending or being brought to an end.
Synonyms: end, ending, termination, stopping, halting, ceasing, finish, finishing, stoppage, closing
Antonyms: beginning, starting, continuing, going-on, ongoing, in progress, underway, evolving, happening
Usage: The cessation of terrorist activities was a relief.

8. Pragmatic (adjective) – व्यावहारिक
Definition: dealing with things sensibly and realistically in a way that is based on practical rather than theoretical considerations.
Synonyms: realistic, sensible, rational, practical, thought-out, intelligent, planned
Antonyms: impractical, insensible, impractical, foolish, stupid, not rational, unplanned
Usage: They had to take a pragmatic approach to the situation.

9. Therapeutic (adjective) – चिकित्सीय
Definition: relating to the healing of disease.
Synonyms: healing, curative, curing, remedial, medicinal, restorative, health-giving, tonic
Antonyms: dangerous, destructive, poisonous, worsening, causing harm, harmful
Usage: diagnostic and therapeutic facilities were present.

10. Conflicting (adjective) – विपरीत
Definition: incompatible or at variance; contradictory.
Synonyms: variant, contradictory, incompatible, deviation, different, opposed, contrasting, divergent
Antonyms: similar, agreeing, coinciding, concur, coexist, harmonize, correlate
Usage: there are conflicting accounts of what occurred

Editorial 15-08-2018

1. Grappling (verb) – संघटन करना
Definition: engage in a close fight or struggle without weapons; wrestle.
Synonyms: wrestle, struggle, tussle; brawl, fight, scuffle, clash, combat, battle; close, engage
Antonyms: hug, play, ignore, leave alone, not interfere, not involved, onlooker
Usage: he threw himself forward and grappled with him

2. Punitive (adjective) – दंडात्मक
Definition: inflicting or intended as punishment.
Synonyms: penal, disciplinary, corrective, correctional, retributive; in retaliation, in reprisal
Antonyms: free, liberal, general, wide-ranging, broad, humanistic
Usage: he called for punitive measures against the Eastern bloc

3. Bilateral (adjective) – विपक्षीय
Definition: having or relating to two sides; affecting both sides.
Synonyms: two-sided, double, simultaneous, together, jointly
Antonyms: unilateral, single sided, singular, independent, separate
Usage: the bilateral agreements with Japan are being discussed.

4. Incarceration (noun) – कारावास
Definition: the state of being confined in prison; imprisonment.
5. Debilitate (adjective) -- दुबदब करना  
Definition: making someone very weak and infirm.  
Synonyms: weaken, enfeeble, incapacitate, enervate, tire, exhaust  
Antonyms: strengthen, support, invigorate, regenerate  
Usage: The party suffered a debilitating blow when the criminal charges against the party leader was made public.

6. Prospect (noun) -- पूिेक्षण  
Definition: the possibility or likelihood of some future event occurring.  
Synonyms: likelihood, hope, expectation, anticipation, (good/poor) chance, chances, odds, probability, possibility, likeliness, promise  
Antonyms: unexpected, unplanned, sudden, not anticipated, surprising, impossible  
Usage: there was no prospect of a reconciliation

7. Vulnerable (adjective) -- सेव्र  
Definition: exposed to the possibility of being attacked or harmed, either physically or emotionally.  
Synonyms: in danger, in peril, in jeopardy, at risk, endangered, unsafe, unprotected, ill-protected  
Antonyms: safe, strong, protected, shielded, sheltered, armoured  
Usage: The scheme will help charities working with vulnerable adults and young people

8. Momentum (noun) -- संिेग  
Definition: the impetus and driving force gained by the development of a process or course of events.  
Synonyms: impetus, energy, force, power, strength, drive, thrust, push, driving power, steam, impulse, speed, velocity  
Antonyms: constant, unchanging, inert, slow, lack of power, weak  
Usage: the vehicle gained momentum as the road dipped

9. Insurgent (noun) -- विद्रोही  
Definition: a person fighting against a government or invading force; a rebel or revolutionary.  
Synonyms: rebel, revolutionary, revolutionist, mutineer, agitator, subversive, guerrilla, anarchist, terrorist  
Antonyms: law-abiding, obedient, supporter, defender, votary  
Usage: there was an attack by armed insurgents

10. Deter (verb) -- हिोत्साह करना  
Definition: discourage (someone) from doing something by instilling doubt or fear of the consequences.  
Synonyms: put off, discourage, dissuade, scare off; warn, caution; dishearten, demoralize, daunt  
Antonyms: persuade, encourage, support, convince, lead, motivate, induce  
Usage: only a health problem would deter him from seeking re-election

Editorial 16-08-2018

1. Unsustainable (adjective) -- अरक्षणीय  
Definition: not able to be maintained at the current rate or level.  
Synonyms: unsuitable, infeasible, unworkable, implausible, untenable, unviable  
Antonyms: suitable, steady, feasible, tenable, viable, stable  
Usage: macroeconomic instability led to an unsustainable boom

2. Imperative (adjective) -- आज्ञाथदक  
Definition: of vital importance; crucial.  
Synonyms: vitally important, of vital importance, all-important, vital, crucial, critical, essential  
Antonyms: unimportant, insignificant, not of importance, trivial, trifling, minor  
Usage: immediate action was imperative

3. Evolved (verb) -- विकवसि होना  
Definition: develop gradually.
Synonyms: develop, progress, make progress, advance, move forward, make headway, mature
Antonyms: regress, revert, retrogress, relapse, lapse, backslide, go backwards, slip back, drift back
Usage: The human race took thousands of years to evolve

4. Tantamount (adjective) – समान
Definition: equivalent in seriousness to; virtually the same as.
Synonyms: equivalent to, equal to, amounting to, as good as, more or less, synonymous with
Antonyms: unequal, not similar, different, unrelated, incomparable, opposite to
Usage: the first obvious manifestations of global warming have been noticed

5. Curb (noun) – प्रतिबंध
Definition: a check or restraint on something
Synonyms: restraint, restriction, check, brake, rein, control, limitation, limit, constraint, stricture
Antonyms: free, without restriction, not limited, no limitations, unchecked
Usage: plans to introduce tougher curbs on insider dealing

6. Perpetrator (noun) – अपराधी
Definition: a person who carries out a harmful, illegal, or immoral act.
Synonyms: criminal, offender, delinquent, doer, culprit, guilty
Antonyms: obedient, law-abiding, innocent, not guilty, righteous
Usage: the perpetrators of this horrific crime must be brought to justice

7. Expedite (verb) -- शीघ्रिा करना
Definition: make (an action or process) happen sooner or be accomplished more quickly.
Synonyms: speed up, accelerate, hurry, hasten, step up, quicken, precipitate, rush
Antonyms: slow down, unhurried, unrushed, relaxed, gentle, slow-going
Usage: he promised to expedite economic reforms

8. Manifestation (noun) – अभिव्यक्ति
Definition: an event, action, or object that clearly shows or embodies something abstract or theoretical.
Synonyms: display, demonstration, showing, show, exhibition, presentation, indication, illustration
Antonyms: not displayed, secret, not discussed, theoretical, unproven, unseen
Usage: he promised to expedite economic reforms

9. Deterrent (noun) -- निवारक
Definition: a thing that discourages or is intended to discourage someone from doing something.
Synonyms: disincentive, discouragement, dissuasion, damper, brake, curb, check, restraint
Antonyms: encouragement, motivation, persuasion, incitement, stimulation
Usage: cameras are a major deterrent to crime

10. Truant (noun) -- अनुपवस्थि रहना
Definition: a member who stays away from an organization without leave or explanation.
Synonyms: absentee, non-attender, missing, uninvolved, not present, unseen
Antonyms: common, seen, present, found, noticed, available
Usage: He believed that the presence of cameras would make crimes truant

Editorial 17-08-2018

1. Traverse (verb) – पार करना
Definition: travel across or through.
Synonyms: travel over/across, cross, journey over/across, make one's way across, passover, go across, negotiate
Antonyms: stay still, not moving, not progressing, constant, stagnant
Usage: he traversed the forest

2. Acerbic (adjective) -- तेज या व्यंग्यात्मक
Definition: sharp and forthright style of speaking
Synonyms: sharp, sarcastic, sardonic, satirical, scathing, cutting, razor-edged, incisive, penetrating, piercing, biting, stinging, searing, keen, caustic, trenchant, bitter
Antonyms: dull, boring, common, ordinary, unintelligent, simple
Usage: His acerbic wit had everyone enthralled.

3. Ascendent (adjective) -- पाधान
Definition: rising in power or influence.
Synonyms: rising (in power), in the ascendant, on the up and up, on the way up, up-and-coming, on the rise
Antonyms: declining, plummeting, falling, losing, diminishing, dwindling, shrinking
Usage: By the late 1990s liberal ideas were ascendant in much of the developed world

4. Divisive (adjective) -- अलगान, अलग करना
Definition: tending to cause disagreement or hostility between people.
Synonyms: alienating, estranging, isolating, schismatic; discordant, disharmonious, inharmonious
Antonyms: combining, joining, harmonious, merged, done together, jointly
Usage: they declared outrage at the divisive effects of government policy

5. Stint (noun) -- कायदकाल
Definition: limitation of supply or effort.
Synonyms: limitation, inadequate, ungenerous, not enough, little, limited, constrained
Antonyms: unlimited, limitless, boundless, immeasurable, continuing
Usage: a collector with an eye for quality and the means to indulge it without stint

6. Contentious (adjective) -- विवादास्पद
Definition: causing or likely to cause an argument; controversial.
Synonyms: controversial, disputable, debatable, disputed, contended, open to question/debate, moot, vexed
Antonyms: agreeable, willing, amenable, compliant, complying, consenting, assenting, in accord/agreement
Usage: They gathered to discuss a contentious issue

7. Languish (verb) -- दुर्बल होना
Definition: lose or lack vitality; grow weak.
Synonyms: weaken, grow weak, deteriorate, decline, go into a decline, waste away, rot, decay
Antonyms: thrive, flourish, prosper, grow vigorously, develop well, burgeon
Usage: plants may appear to be languishing simply because they are dormant

8. Niggle (verb) -- परेशान करना
Definition: cause slight but persistent annoyance, discomfort, or anxiety.
Synonyms: irritate, annoy, worry, trouble, bother, provoke, exasperate, upset, gall, irk, rankle with
Antonyms: soothe, calm, please, comfort, pacify, conciliate, mollify, propitiate
Usage: Doreen wanted to discuss matters that niggled at her mind

9. Colossus (noun) -- प्रकांड व्यवहार साम्राज्य
Definition: a person or thing of enormous size, importance, or ability
Synonyms: enormous, large, important, huge, vital, main, major, dominant, significant, cardinal
Antonyms: unimportant, weak, small, insignificant, side-lined
Usage: the Russian Empire was the colossus of European politics

10. Tatters (noun) -- फटे कपड़े
Definition: irregularly torn pieces of something
Synonyms: rags, scraps, shreds, bits, pieces, bits and pieces, torn pieces, ragged pieces, ribbons
Antonyms: whole, not damaged, clean, neat, unbroken, one piece
Usage: he was forced to wear rags and tatters a beggar would scorn
1. **Unprecedented (adjective) -- अभूिपूिद**

**Definition**: never done or known before.

**Synonyms**: unparalleled, unequalled, unmatched, unrivalled, without parallel, without equal

**Antonyms**: known, expected, experienced, seen, well-known

**Usage**: the government took the unprecedented step of releasing confidential correspondence

2. **Deluge (noun) -- बाढ़**

**Definition**: overwhelmed with a heavy flood.

**Synonyms**: flood, inundate, engulf, submerge, swamp, drown, flash flood

**Antonyms**: safe, dry-land, drought, dry, emerged

**Usage**: caravans were deluged by the heavy rains

3. **Marooned (verb) -- असहाय होना**

**Definition**: leave (someone) trapped and alone in an inaccessible place, especially an island

**Synonyms**: strand, leave stranded, cast away, cast ashore, abandon, leave behind, leave, leave in the lurch, desert, turn one's back on, leave isolated

**Antonyms**: saved, safe, rescued, together, rescued, found, comfortable

**Usage**: It is a novel about schoolboys marooned on a desert island

4. **Respite (noun) -- राहि**

**Definition**: a short period of rest or relief from something difficult or unpleasant.

**Synonyms**: rest, break, breathing space, interval, intermission, interlude, recess, lull, pause, time out, hiatus, halt, stop, stoppage, cessation, discontinuation, standstill

**Antonyms**: continuous, continuing, not ceasing, incessant, without break, constant

**Usage**: the refugee encampments will provide some respite from the suffering

5. **Unleash (verb) -- उजागर करना**

**Definition**: cause (a strong or violent force) to be released or become unrestrained

**Synonyms**: let loose, release, free, set free, loose, unloose, unbridle, untie, untether, unchain, unbind, unshackle, unmanacle

**Antonyms**: restrain, hold back, control, manage, subdue, withhold

**Usage**: the failure of the talks could unleash more fighting

6. **Benign (adjective) -- सौम्य**

**Definition**: gentle and kind, not harmful in nature.

**Synonyms**: kindly, kind, warm-hearted, goodwill, friendly, warm, affectionate, agreeable, amiable, good-humoured, genial, congenial, cordial, approachable, tender

**Antonyms**: troublesome, dangerous, harmful, damaging, injurious, detrimental

**Usage**: he was admired by his peers for his benign but firm manner

7. **Bracing (adjective) -- ताजा और उत्साहजनक**

**Definition**: fresh and invigorating.

**Synonyms**: invigorating, refreshing, stimulating, energizing, exhilarating, enlivening, reviving

**Antonyms**: tiring, draining, weakening, consuming, troubling

**Usage**: She enjoyed the bracing sea air

8. **Wrest (verb) -- गलिफहमी होना**

**Definition**: distort the meaning or interpretation of (something) to suit one’s own interests or views.

**Synonyms**: misconstrue, misunderstand, misinterpret, misconceive, misapprehend, misread, confuse, confound

**Antonyms**: understand, know, interpret, conceive, read, construe

**Usage**: you appear convinced of my guilt, and wrest every reply I have made

9. **Deplete (verb) -- व्यय करना**

**Definition**: use up the supply or resources of.

**Synonyms**: exhaust, use up, consume, expend, spend, drain, empty, sap, milk, suck dry, evacuate
Antonyms: refill, fill up, rejuvenate, replenish, recharge, stock, reload
Usage: fish stocks are severely depleted

10. **Debut (verb)** – पहली बार शुरू होना
**Definition**: happening for the first time
**Synonyms**: first time, entrance, premiere, beginning, introduction, inception, inauguration
**Antonyms**: repeated, seen before, witnessed, expected, known, well known
**Usage**: the Rolling Stones debuted at the Marquee

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**Editorial 20-08-2018**

1. **Humongous (adjective)** -- बहुत ही बड़ा
**Definition**: extremely large; enormous.
**Synonyms**: enormous, vast, immense, very large, very big, great, massive, cosmic, colossal, huge
**Antonyms**: tiny, small, mini, miniature, petite, small-scale, minute, microscopic
**Usage**: He owned a humongous private yacht.

2. **Embark (verb)** -- पोतारोहण करना
**Definition**: begin (a course of action).
**Synonyms**: begin, start, commence, undertake, set about, enter on, go into, take up
**Antonyms**: end, finish, complete, finish-up, accomplished, fulfilled, settled
**Usage**: She embarked on a new career.

3. **Curtail (verb)** -- कम करना
**Definition**: reduce in extent or quantity; impose a restriction on.
**Synonyms**: reduce, cut, cut down, cut back, decrease, lessen, diminish, slim down, tighten up, retrench, pare down, trim, dock, lop, shrink
**Antonyms**: improve, increase, grow, promote, spread, cultivate, fatten, encourage
**Usage**: They prepared measures to curtail the outbreak.

4. **Clamour (noun)** -- कोलाहल
**Definition**: a loud and confused noise, especially that of people shouting.

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**Synonyms**: din, racket, loud noise, uproar, tumult, babel, shouting, yelling, screaming, baying, roaring, blaring, clangour
**Antonyms**: silence, quiet, quietness, hush, tranquility, peace, noiselessness
**Usage**: As soon as he stepped out of the crime scene, the questions rose to a clamour

5. **Fillip (noun)** -- प्रोत्साहन
**Definition**: something which acts as a stimulus or boost to an activity.
**Synonyms**: stimulus, stimulation, stimulant, boost, encouragement, incitement, incentive, impetus, inducement, motivation
**Antonyms**: subdue, curb, control, restrict, limit, contain, constrain, curtail
**Usage**: the halving of car tax would provide a fillip to sales

6. **Unveil (verb)** -- अनार्छन करना
**Definition**: show or announce publicly for the first time.
**Synonyms**: reveal, present, disclose, divulge, make known, make public, air, communicate, publish, broadcast
**Antonyms**: hide, cover-up, conceal, cover, veil, disguise
**Usage**: the Home Secretary has unveiled plans to crack down on crime

7. **Blasphemy (noun)** -- ईश्वर निन्दा
**Definition**: the action or offence of speaking sacrilegiously about God or sacred things; profane talk.
**Synonyms**: profanity, profaneness, sacrilege, irreligiousness, irreverence, swearing, curse, cursing, impiety, impiousness, ungodliness, unholliness
**Antonyms**: respectful, holiness, piousness, reverence, holy, faithful
**Usage**: he was detained on charges of blasphemy

8. **Subsequent (adjective)** -- उत्तर्दीप
**Definition**: coming after something in time; following.
**Synonyms**: following, ensuing, succeeding, successive, later, future, coming, upcoming, to come, next
**Antonyms**: preceding, before, first, foregoing, antecedent, predate, antedate
Usage: the theory was developed subsequent to the earthquake of 1906

9. **Hardline (adjective) -- समझौता का विरोधी**
Definition: uncompromising; strict.
Synonyms: uncompromising, strict, diehard, extreme, tough, inflexible, immoderate, intransigent, intractable, unyielding, undeviating, unwavering, single-minded
Antonyms: flexible, agreeable, moderate, yielding, wavering, open-minded
Usage: He was a hardlined rationalist.

10. **Exacerbate (verb) -- ख़राब करना**
Definition: make (a problem, bad situation, or negative feeling) worse.
Synonyms: aggravate, make worse, worsen, inflame, compound
Antonyms: control, relieve, alleviate, treat, strengthen, fix, isolate
Usage: the exorbitant cost of land in urban areas only exacerbated the problem

**Editorial 21-08-2018**

1. **Manifold (adjective) -- बहुविध या विविध**
Definition: many and various.
Synonyms: many, numerous, multiple, multifarious, multitudinous, multiplex, legion, diverse, various, several, varied, different, miscellaneous, assorted, sundry, copious, singular, only, sole, single, one (and only), solitary, lone, unique, only possible, individual, exclusive
Usage: the implications of this decision were manifold

2. **Inclined (verb) -- अनुकूल रूप से तैयार रहना**
Definition: be favourably disposed towards or willing to do something.
Synonyms: disposed, minded, of a mind, willing, ready, prepared; predisposed
Antonyms: disinterested, unbiased, unprejudiced, impartial, neutral, non-partisan, non-discriminatory
Usage: he was inclined to accept the offer

3. **Liberalise (verb) -- उदार बनाना**
Definition: remove or loosen restrictions on (something, typically an economic or political system)
Synonyms: make liberal, free, wide-ranging, broad-based, general, humanistic
Antonyms: constricted, restricted, confined, cramped, minimal
Usage: several agreements to liberalize trade were signed

4. **Pitfall (noun) -- ख़िरा**
Definition: a hidden or unsuspected danger or difficulty.
Synonyms: hazard, danger, risk, peril, difficulty, issue, problem, catch, snag, stumbling block, drawback
Antonyms: pros, advantages, upper hand, edge, positives
Usage: the pitfalls of buying goods at public auctions

5. **Concord (noun) -- सामंजस्य**
Definition: agreement or harmony between people or groups.
Synonyms: agreement, harmony, accord, consensus, concurrence, unity, unanimity, unison
Antonyms: disagreement, chaos, dissent, dispute, dissimilarity, variance, disparity
Usage: They signed a pact of peace and concord

6. **Incumbent (adjective) -- अिलंबी**
Definition: necessary for (someone) as a duty or responsibility.
Synonyms: binding, obligatory, mandatory, necessary, compulsory, required, requisite, essential, imperative
Antonyms: unnecessary, not needed, unimportant, insignificant, trivial
Usage: it is incumbent on the government to give a clear lead

7. **Irregularity (noun) -- अनियमितता**
Definition: the state or quality of being irregular.
Synonyms: asymmetry, lack of symmetry, non-uniformity, unevenness, crookedness, lopsidedness, contortion, deformity, jaggedness, raggedness, cragginess
Antonyms: regular, orderly, organized, methodical, systematic, structured
8. **Forefront (noun)** – सबसे आगे
*Definition*: the leading or most important position or place.
*Synonyms*: vanguard, van, spearhead, head, lead, fore, front, front line, cutting edge, foreground
*Antonyms*: follow, copy, imitate, follow suit, unoriginal, final, last
*Usage*: the issue has moved to the forefront of the political agenda

9. **Rhetoric (noun)** – अलंकार शास्त्र
*Definition*: language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.
*Synonyms*: bombast, loftiness, turgidity, grandiloquence, magniloquence, ornateness, portentousness, pomposity, boastfulness, boasting, heroics, hyperbole
*Antonyms*: sincere, meaningful, to the point, direct, honest
*Usage*: all we have from the Opposition is empty rhetoric

10. **Mainstream (noun)** – मुख्यधारा
*Definition*: the ideas, attitudes, or activities that are shared by most people and regarded as normal or conventional.
*Synonyms*: normal, conventional, ordinary, orthodox, conformist, accepted, established, recognized, common, usual, prevailing, popular
*Antonyms*: radical, uncommon, strange, unnatural, not accepted, unusual, out of ordinary
*Usage*: the author never strays far from mainstream physics

**Editorial 22-08-2018**

1. **Inane (adjective)** – बेहूदा
*Definition*: lacking sense or meaning; silly.
*Synonyms*: silly, foolish, stupid, fatuous, idiotic, absurd, ridiculous, ludicrous, laughable, risible, imbecile, moronic, cretinous, unintelligent, witless, asinine, pointless
*Antonyms*: meaningful, important, significant, relevant, important, consequential, material, telling, pithy, weighty, valid
*Usage*: don’t badger people with inane questions

2. **Substantive (adjective)** – सार्थक, महत्वपूर्ण
*Definition*: having a firm basis in reality and so important, meaningful, or considerable.
*Synonyms*: meaningful, important, significant, relevant, important, consequential, material, telling, pithy, weighty, valid
*Antonyms*: fatuous, idiotic, absurd, ridiculous, ludicrous, laughable, risible, imbecilic, moronic, cretinous, unintelligent, witless, asinine, pointless
*Usage*: there is no substantive evidence for the efficacy of these drugs

3. **Overture (noun)** – प्रारंभिक
*Definition*: an introduction to something more substantial.
*Synonyms*: preliminary, prelude, curtain-raiser, introduction, lead-in, precursor, forerunner, harbinger, herald, start, beginning
*Antonyms*: plot, gist, important part, central, main, core
*Usage*: the talks were no more than an overture to a long debate

4. **Adhere (verb)** – पालन करना
*Definition*: believe in and follow the practices of.
*Synonyms*: believe, follow, stick, stick fast, clinging, bond, attaching
*Antonyms*: disbelieve, deviate, not follow, ignore, distrust, mistrust, doubt, question
*Usage*: I do not adhere to any organized religion

5. **Acrimonious (Adjective)** – उग्र
*Definition*: (typically of speech or discussion) angry and bitter.
*Synonyms*: bitter, rancorous, caustic, acerbic, scathing, sarcastic, acid, harsh, sharp, razor-edged
*Antonyms*: peaceful, calming, polite, nice, sweet, mild-mannered
*Usage*: an acrimonious dispute about wages

6. **Fragmentation (noun)** – विखंडन

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**Definition:** the process or state of breaking or being broken into fragments.

**Synonyms:** breaking, shattering, dividing, splitting, sharing

**Antonyms:** uniting, unification, combining, combination, keep together, bring together, merge

**Usage:** the fragmentation of society into a collection of interest groups

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7. **Imperative (Adjective)** -- आज्ञात्मक

**Definition:** of vital importance; crucial.

**Synonyms:** vitally important, of vital importance, all-important, vital, crucial, critical, essential, of the essence, a matter of life and death, of great consequence, necessary

**Antonyms:** uniting, unification, combining, combination, keep together, bring together, merge

**Usage:** the country was on the brink of a constitutional crisis

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8. **Precarious (Adjective)** -- अनिश्चित

**Definition:** dependent on chance; uncertain

**Synonyms:** uncertain, insecure, unreliable, unsure, unpredictable, unchangeable, risky, hazardous, problematic

**Antonyms:** safe, stable, predictable, dependable, unchanging, constant

**Usage:** he made a precarious living as a painter

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9. **Requisite (Adjective)** -- आवश्यक

**Definition:** made necessary by particular circumstances or regulations.

**Synonyms:** necessary, required, prerequisite, essential, indispensable, vital, needed, needed

**Antonyms:** unimportant, trivial, silly, unnecessary, insignificant, minor

**Usage:** the application will not be processed until the requisite fee is paid

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10. **Scrutiny (noun)** -- संबीन्द्र

**Definition:** critical observation or examination

**Synonyms:** careful examination, inspection, survey, scan, study, perusal, probe

**Antonyms:** unexplored, unexplained, not examined, not tested, not verified

**Usage:** every aspect of local government was placed under scrutiny

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Editorial 23-08-2018

1. **Brink (noun)** -- कगार

**Definition:** a point at which something, typically something unwelcome, is about to happen; the verge.

**Synonyms:** verge, edge, threshold, point, dawn, margin, end

**Antonyms:** beginning, start, onset, launch, outset, inception, area

**Usage:** the country was on the brink of a constitutional crisis

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2. **Austerity (noun)** -- वित्तीय बाधाएं

**Definition:** difficult economic conditions created by government measures to reduce public expenditure.

**Synonyms:** budget, restriction, financial constraints, cuts, saving

**Antonyms:** extravagance, luxury, expenditure, spending, excessive

**Usage:** the country was subjected to acute economic austerity

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3. **Strife (noun)** -- संघषद या विग्रह

**Definition:** angry or bitter disagreement over fundamental issues; conflict.

**Synonyms:** conflict, friction, discord, disagreement, dissension, variance, dispute, argument, quarrelling, wrangling

**Antonyms:** harmony, agreement, unison, unity, euphony, consonance

**Usage:** There was considerable strife within the community

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4. **Buffer (verb)** -- कम करना

**Definition:** lessen or moderate the impact of (something).

**Synonyms:** cushion, absorb, soften, lessen, diminish, moderate, mitigate, allay, deaden, muffle, stifle, shield

**Antonyms:** worsen, aggravate, exacerbate, make worse, compound, add to, intensify, increase, magnify

**Usage:** the massage helped to buffer the strain

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5. Onerous (adjective) – कष्टदायक
Definition: (of a task or responsibility) involving a great deal of effort, trouble, or difficulty.
Synonyms: burdensome, heavy, inconvenient, troublesome, awkward, crushing, back-breaking, oppressive
Antonyms: easy, simple, undemanding, uncomplicated, effortless, unchallenging, painless, straightforward
Usage: he found his duties increasingly onerous

6. Stagger (verb) – विचलिता, चौंका देना
Definition: astonish or deeply shock.
Synonyms: astonish, amaze, nonplus, startle, astound, surprise, bewilder, stun, flabbergast
Antonyms: expected, unsurprising, known, planned, not shocking, usual, mundane, ordinary, normal
Usage: I was staggered to find it was six o’clock

7. Sacrilege (noun) – अपवित्रीकरण
Definition: violation or misuse of what is regarded as sacred.
Synonyms: desecration, profanity, profaneness, profanation, blasphemy, impiety, impiousness, sin, irreverence, irreligion, irreligiousness,
Antonyms: worship, follow, respect, piousness, faith, reverence, religion, religiousness
Usage: putting ecclesiastical vestments to secular use was considered sacrilege

8. Fraught (adjective) – भरा हुआ
Definition: (of a situation or course of action) filled with (something undesirable).
Synonyms: full of, filled with, swarming with, rife with, thick with, bristling with, charged with, loaded with
Antonyms: not containing, without, absence of, lacking, short of, not including
Usage: marketing any new product is fraught with danger

9. Malicious (adjective) – दुभादिनापूण
Definition: characterized by malice; intending or intended to do harm
Synonyms: spiteful, malevolent, hostile, bitter, venomous, poisonous, evil-intentioned, ill-natured, evil, baleful,
| Synonyms: concern, relate to, be related to, be connected with, be relevant to, have relevance to, apply to |
| Antonyms: irrelevant, inappropriate |
| Usage: matters pertaining to the organization of government |

5) Prosecutorial (Adjective) -- अथियोजन |
**Definition:** relating to the institution and conducting of legal proceedings against someone in respect of a criminal charge. |
**Synonyms:** agent, inspector, analyst. |
**Antonyms:** offender, criminal. |
**Usage:** the government's prosecutorial powers against suspected terrorists

6) Rely (Verb) – वनभदर होना |
**Definition:** depend on with full trust or confidence. |
**Synonyms:** depend, count, bank, place reliance, bargain, plan, reckon |
**Antonyms:** distrust, mistrust, suspicion, wariness |
**Usage:** I know I can rely on your discretion

7) Impeach (Verb) -- महावभयोग चलाना |
**Definition:** call into question the integrity or validity of (a practice). |
**Synonyms:** challenge, question, call into question, cast doubt on, raise doubts about |
**Antonyms:** assert, reassert, give an assurance, assure someone, repeat, say again, state again |
**Usage:** there is no desire to impeach the privileges of the House of Commons

8) Expediently (Adjective) -- उचित तरीके में |
**Definition:** convenient and practical although possibly improper or immoral. |
**Synonyms:** convenient, advantageous, in one's own interests, to one's own advantage, useful, of use, of service |
**Antonyms:** inexpedient, ill-advised |
**Usage:** holding a public enquiry into the scheme was not expedient

9) Provocateurs (Noun) -- उत्तेजक |
**Definition:** a person who deliberately behaves controversially in order to provoke argument or other strong reactions |
**Usage:** no one can win her, she is such a great provocateur.

10) Pardon (Noun) -- क्षमा करना |
**Definition:** the action of forgiving or being forgiven for an error or offence. |
**Synonyms:** forgiveness, absolution, remission, clemency, mercy, lenience, leniency, condonation |
**Antonyms:** blame, report. |
**Usage:** he obtained pardon for his sins

**Editorial 25-08-2018**

1. **Catastrophic (adjective) -- विपवत्तपूणद** |
**Definition:** extremely unfortunate or unsuccessful. |
**Synonyms:** disastrous, calamitous, cataclysmic, ruinous, tragic, fatal, dire, awful, terrible, dreadful |
**Antonyms:** positive, beneficial, useful, helpful, favorable, advantageous, valuable |
**Usage:** This is a catastrophic mismanagement of the economy

2. **Expediency (noun) -- इष्टवस्वि** |
**Definition:** the quality of being convenient and practical despite possibly being improper or immoral; convenience. |
**Synonyms:** convenience, advantage, advantageousness, usefulness, utility, benefit, profitability, profit, gain, gainfulness, effectiveness |
**Antonyms:** moral, inconvenient, difficult, complicated, disadvantage |
**Usage:** It was an act of political expediency

3. **Fragile (adjective) -- नाज़ुक** |
**Definition:** easily destroyed or threatened. |
**Synonyms:** tenuous, easily broken, easily destroyed, easily threatened, vulnerable, perilous, flimsy, shaky, rocky, risky, unreliable |
**Antonyms:** strong, unshakable, stable, definite, unbreakable, reliable |
**Usage:** You have a fragile grip on reality.
4. **Contentious (adjective)** -- **विवादास्पद**

**Definition**: causing or likely to cause an argument; controversial.

**Synonyms**: controversial, disputable, debatable, disputed, contended, open to question/debate, moot, vexed

**Antonyms**: agreeable, safe, pleasant, appealing, engaging, pleasurable, satisfying, delightful

**Usage**: He was careful not to discuss contentious topics during the meet.

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5. **Incompatible (adjective)** -- **असंगत**

**Definition**: (of two things) so different in nature as to be incapable of coexisting.

**Synonyms**: irreconcilable, conflicting, opposed, opposite, contradictory, antagonistic, antipathetic

**Antonyms**: compatible, coexisting, suited, well-matched, consistent, similar

**Usage**: They felt that the laws that were present abroad were simply incompatible with our culture.

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6. **Protracted (adjective)** -- **दीघदकावलिक**

**Definition**: lasting for a long time or longer than expected or usual.

**Synonyms**: long lasting, continual, lasting, consistent, sustainable, enduring, progressing

**Antonyms**: short-lived, interrupted, inconsistent, disrupted, stopped

**Usage**: They ended up in a protracted and bitter dispute

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7. **Elusive (adjective)** -- **मायाप्ती**

**Definition**: difficult to find, catch, or achieve.

**Synonyms**: evasive, slippery, fickle, shifting, ambiguous, equivocal, equivocating, indefinite, non-committal

**Antonyms**: known, found, caught, direct, frank, seize, hold

**Usage**: he tried to reach her by telephone, but she continued to be elusive

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8. **Deferred (verb)** -- **विलयनित करना**

**Definition**: put off (an action or event) to a later time; postpone.

**Synonyms**: postpone, put off, adjourn, delay, hold over/off, put back, carry over, backlog, incomplete, delay

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9. **Ostensible (adjective)** -- **ख़याली**

**Definition**: stated or appearing to be true, but not necessarily so.

**Synonyms**: apparent, seeming, outward, superficial, professed, supposed, avowed, presumed, so-called, alleged, declared

**Antonyms**: factual, actual, known, confirmed, verified, accurate, authentic, genuine, realistic

**Usage**: the real dispute which lay behind the ostensible complaint

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10. **Repealed (noun)** -- **निरस्तित**

**Definition**: the action of revoking or annulling a law or act of parliament.

**Synonyms**: revocation, rescinding, cancellation, reversal, annulment, nullification, voiding, invalidation, quashing, abolition, abrogation, setting aside, countermanding

**Antonyms**: introduce, enact, ratify, approve, validate, accept, authorize, pass

**Usage**: the House voted in favour of repeal

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1. **Conundrum (noun)** -- **पहेली**

**Definition**: a confusing and difficult problem or question.

**Synonyms**: problem, difficult question, vexed question, difficulty, quandary, dilemma

**Antonyms**: solution, remedy, fix, answer, reaction, solving

**Usage**: one of the most difficult conundrums for the experts

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2. **Cautionary (adjective)** -- **सांधान**

**Definition**: serving as a warning.

**Synonyms**: example, deterrent, lesson, caution, exemplar, message

**Antonyms**: recommended, tested, successful, endorse, commend

**Usage**: It served as a cautionary tale

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3. **Subsequent (adjective)** -- **उत्तरकालिक**

**Definition**: coming after something in time; following.

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Synonyms: following, ensuing, succeeding, successive, later, future, coming, upcoming, to come, next
Antonyms: previous, first, preceding, former, prior, earlier, antecede, antedate
Usage: the theory was developed subsequent to the earthquake of 1906

4. **intellectual (noun)** -- बौद्धिक
Definition: a person possessing a highly developed intellect.
Synonyms: intelligent person, learned person, highbrow, academic, bookworm, bookish person, thinker, scholar
Antonyms: stupid, foolish, unintelligent, ignorant, dense, mindless, imbecile
Usage: He was a prominent political thinker and intellectual

5. **Tumble (verb)** – अचानक गिरना
Definition: fall suddenly, clumsily, or headlong.
Synonyms: fall (over), fall down, topple over, lose one’s footing, lose one’s balance, keel over, pitch over, take a spill, collapse
Antonyms: steady, constant, strong, balanced, stable, fixed, secure
Usage: she pitched forward, tumbling down the remaining stairs

6. **Imprecise (adjective)** -- अव्वलित
Definition: lacking exactness and accuracy of expression or detail.
Synonyms: vague, loose, indefinite, inexplicit, indistinct, non-specific, unspecific, coarse-rained, broad, general, sweeping
Antonyms: exact, accurate, correct, error-free, pinpoint, specific, detailed, explicit, clear-cut
Usage: the witness could give only vague and imprecise descriptions

7. **Rattled (verb)** – परेशान करना
Definition: make (someone) nervous, worried, or irritated.
Synonyms: unnerve, disconcert, disturb, fluster, shake, perturb, discompose, discomfit, discountenance
Antonyms: calm, peace, tranquil, comfort, console, aid, support, stay composed
Usage: she turned quickly, rattled by his presence

8. **Perceive (verb)** – समझना
Definition: become aware or conscious of (something); come to realize or understand.
Synonyms: discern, recognize, become cognizant of, become aware of, become conscious of, get/come to know, tell, distinguish, grasp, understand
Antonyms: misunderstand, doubtful, vague, unsure, unclear, confused
Usage: his mouth fell open as he perceived the truth

9. **Implication (noun)** -- निफितार्थ
Definition: the conclusion that can be drawn from something although it is not explicitly stated.
Synonyms: suggestion, inference, insinuation, innuendo, hint, intimation, imputation, indication
Antonyms: unclear, not suggested, not implied, vague, doubtful, confusing
Usage: the implication is that no one person at the bank is responsible

10. **Rallied (verb)** -- बेहतर हो जाना
Definition: recover or cause to recover in health, spirits, or poise.
Synonyms: recover, improve, get better, pick up, revive, come back, make a comeback, rebound, bounce back, perk up
Antonyms: worsen, aggravate, exacerbate, make worse, compound, add to, intensify, increase, magnify
Usage: he floundered for a moment, then rallied again

**Editorial 28-08-2018**

1. **Facilitate (verb)** -- सुविधा प्रदान करना
Definition: make (an action or process) easy or easier.
Synonyms: make easy/easier, ease, make possible, make smooth/smooth, smooth
Antonyms: make harder, complicate, worsen, make complex
Usage: schools were located in the same campus to facilitate the sharing of resources
2. **Hardlined (adjective) -- कठोर या सख्त**

*Definition*: uncompromising; strict.

*Synonyms*: uncompromising, strict, diehard, extreme, tough, inflexible, immoderate, intransigent, intractable, unyielding, undeviating, unwavering, single-minded

*Antonyms*: flexible, agreeable, moderate, yielding, wavering, open-minded

*Usage*: He was a hardlined rationalist.

3. **Deferred (verb) -- विलम्बित करना**

*Definition*: to put off (an action or event) to a later time; postpone.

*Synonyms*: postpone, put off, adjourn, delay, hold over/off, put back, carry over, backlog, incomplete, delay

*Antonyms*: complete, prepone, finished, do ahead, plan ahead, advance

*Usage*: they deferred the decision until February.

4. **Punitive (adjective) -- दंडात्मक**

*Definition*: inflicting or intended as punishment.

*Synonyms*: penal, disciplinary, corrective, correctional, retributive; in retaliation, in reprisal

*Antonyms*: free, liberal, general, wide-ranging, broad, humanistic

*Usage*: he called for punitive measures against the Eastern bloc.

5. **Unpredictable (adjective) -- अप्रत्यावशिष्ट**

*Definition*: not able to be predicted; changeable.

*Synonyms*: unforeseeable, undivinable, incalculable, uncertain, unsure, doubtful, dubious

*Antonyms*: foreseeable, calculable, certain, sure, divinable, expected, planned

*Usage*: the unpredictable weather of the Scottish islands was an issue.

6. **Conversely (adverb) -- अंतर्विरोध में**

*Definition*: introducing a statement or idea which reverses one that has just been made or referred to.

*Synonyms*: in contradiction, as opposed to, in contrast to, contradictory, opposite

*Antonyms*: harmony, unity, agreement, agreeing, in unison, concur, accord

*Usage*: he would have preferred his wife not to work, although conversely he was also proud of what she did.

7. **Stigma (noun) -- कलंक**

*Definition*: a mark of disgrace associated with a particular circumstance, quality, or person.

*Synonyms*: shame, disgrace, dishonour; stain, taint, blot, blot on one's escutcheon, blemish, mark, brand

*Antonyms*: honor, pride, self-esteem, dignity, delight, satisfaction, confidence

*Usage*: the stigma of having gone to prison will always be with me.

8. **Baffling (verb) -- चौंकाने वाला**

*Definition*: totally bewilder or perplex.

*Synonyms*: perplex, puzzle, bewilder, mystify, bemuse, confuse, confound, nonplus, disconcert

*Antonyms*: unsurprised, not shocking, expected, known, seen, planned

*Usage*: an unexplained occurrence that baffled everyone.

9. **Confer (verb) -- प्रदान करना**

*Definition*: grant (a title, degree, benefit, or right).

*Synonyms*: bestow on, present with/to, grant to, award to, decorate with, honour with, gift with

*Antonyms*: take away from, remove, withhold, suppress, repress, contain, curb

*Usage*: the Queen conferred an honorary knighthood on him.

10. **Ostracise (verb) -- बवहष्क करना**

*Definition*: exclude from a society or group.

*Synonyms*: exclude, shun, spurn, cold-shoulder, give someone the cold shoulder, reject, avoid, ignore

*Antonyms*: welcome, accept, befriend, include, welcome, embrace, adopt

*Usage*: she was declared a witch and ostracized by the villagers.

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**Editorial 29-08-2018**

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1). Undisputed (Adjective) -- साफ़-जावहर
Definition: not disputed or called in question; accepted.
Synonyms: undisputed, uncontented, unchallenged, unquestioned, not in question, unquestionable, indubitable,
Antonyms: disputed, doubtful
Usage: the undisputed heavyweight champion of the world

2). Expelled (Verb) -- वनष्कावसि करना
Definition: force (someone) to leave a place.
Synonyms: banish, exile, deport, evict, expatriate, dismiss, displace
Antonyms: admit, welcome
Usage: eight diplomats were expelled from Norway for espionage

3). Proffered (verb) -- प्रस्िाि देना
Definition: hold out or put forward (something) to someone for acceptance.
Synonyms: offer, tender, present, extend, give, submit, volunteer, suggest, propose
Antonyms: refuse, withdraw
Usage: she proffered a glass of wine

4). Allegiance (Noun) -- निघ्रा
Definition: loyalty or commitment to a superior or to a group or cause.
Synonyms: loyalty, faithfulness, fidelity, obedience, fealty, adherence, homage, devotion
Antonyms: disloyalty, treachery
Usage: those wishing to receive citizenship must swear allegiance to the republic

5). Dissidents (Noun) -- अमंतुष्ट
Definition: a person who opposes official policy, especially that of an authoritarian state.
Synonyms: dissenter, objector, protester, disputant
Antonyms: conformist
Usage: a dissident who had been jailed by a military regime

6). Tripartite (Adjective) -- त्रिपक्षीय
Definition: consisting of three parts.

7). Retaliatory (Adjective) -- प्रतिशोध का
Definition: (of an action) characterized by a desire for revenge.
Synonyms: disciplinary, retaliatory, penal
Antonyms: beneficial, rewarding.
Usage: fears of a retaliatory attack by the victim’s friends

8). Forefront (Noun) -- सबसे आगे
Definition: the leading or most important position or place.
Synonyms: vanguard, van, spearhead, head, lead, fore, front, front line, cutting edge, foreground, foremost/leading position, position of prominence
Antonyms: rear, background
Usage: the issue has moved to the forefront of the political agenda

9). Depriving (Verb) -- विंचि करना
Definition: prevent (a person or place) from having or using something.
Synonyms: dispossess, strip, divest, relieve, bereave
Antonyms: present, cover, appropriate.
Usage: the city was deprived of its water supplies

10). Churn (Verb) -- मथना
Definition: (with reference to liquid) move or cause to move about vigorously.
Synonyms: be turbulent, heave, boil, swirl, toss, seethe, foam, froth
Antonyms: freeze, slow, patient.
Usage: the seas churned

Editorial 30-08-2018

1). Indignation (Noun) -- आक्रोश
Definition: anger or annoyance provoked by what is perceived as unfair treatment.
Synonyms: resentment, umbrage, affront, disgruntlement, anger, distress, unhappiness, discontent, dissatisfaction
Antonyms: contentment
2). Orchestration (Verb) -- व्यवस्थित करना
Definition: plan or coordinate the elements of (a situation) to produce a desired effect, especially surreptitiously.
Synonyms: organize, arrange, put together, plan, set up, bring about, manage, mobilize, mount, stage
Antonyms: disperse, divide, separate.
Usage: the situation has been orchestrated by a tiny minority

3). Scrutiny (Verb) -- संज्ञान करना
Definition: examine or inspect closely and thoroughly.
Synonyms: examine carefully, inspect, survey, scan, study, look over
Antonyms: glance at
Usage: customers were warned to scrutinize the small print

4). Inexplicably (Adverb) -- बेबजह
Definition: in a way that cannot be explained or accounted for.
Synonyms: unaccountable, unexplainable, incomprehensible, unfathomable, impenetrable, insoluble, unsolvable
Antonyms: understandable
Usage: many crucial documents had inexplicably disappeared

5). Morphed (Verb) -- बदला गया
Definition: undergo or cause to undergo a gradual process of transformation.
Synonyms: alter, modify, transform.
Antonyms: stable, static.
Usage: the cute moppet has morphed into the moody moll of the indie world

6). Harassed (Adjective) -- उत्पीड़ित करना
Definition: feeling or looking strained as a result of having too many demands made on one.
Synonyms: stressed, strained, frayed, harried, stressed out, worn out, hard-pressed, careworn, worried
Antonyms: carefree
Usage: it is a godsend for harassed parents

7). Sedition (Noun) -- विद्रोहात्मक आचरण
Definition: conduct or speech inciting people to rebel against the authority of a state or monarch.
Synonyms: incitement (to riot/rebellion), agitation, rabble-rousing, fomentation (of discontent), trouble-making
Antonyms: clam, peace, submission
Usage: advocating multiparty democracy is considered sedition

8). Incitement (Noun) -- भड़काव
Definition: the action of provoking unlawful behaviour or urging someone to behave unlawfully.
Synonyms: egging on, urging, goading, spurring on, motivation, persuasion, inducement
Antonyms: suppression, discouragement
Usage: this amounted to an incitement to commit murder

9). Cognizance (Noun) -- संज्ञान
Definition: knowledge or awareness
Synonyms: awareness, notice, knowledge, consciousness, apprehension, perception, realization, recognition, appreciation
Antonyms: disregard, ignorance, indifference.
Usage: the Renaissance cognizance of Greece was limited

10). Stagnant (Adjective) -- गविहीन
Definition: showing no activity; dull and sluggish.
Synonyms: inactive, sluggish, slow, slow-moving, lethargic, static, flat, depressed, quiet, dull, declining
Antonyms: active, vibrant
Usage: a stagnant economy

Editorial 31-08-2018
1). Disruption (Noun) -- व्यवस्थान
Definition: disturbance or problems which interrupt an event, activity, or process.
Synonyms: disturbance, disordering, disarrangement, disarranging, interference, upset, upsetting, unsettling
Antonyms: calm, explain, clear up.
Usage: the scheme was planned to minimize disruption

2). Agitations (Noun) -- आंदोलन
Definition: a state of anxiety or nervous excitement.
Synonyms: anxiety, perturbation, disquiet, distress, concern, trouble, alarm, worry, upset
Antonyms: calmness, relaxation
Usage: she was wringing her hands in agitation

3). Spurt (Noun) – उछाल
Definition: a sudden marked burst or increase of activity or speed.
Synonyms: burst of speed, turn of speed, increase of speed, burst of energy, sprint.
Antonyms: slow, peace.
Usage: late in the race he put on a spurt and reached second place

4). Bulwark (Noun) -- बांध
Definition: a defensive wall.
Synonyms: wall, rampart, fortification, parapet, stockade, palisade, barricade, embankment, earthwork, breastwork
Usage: the ships met, their crews lining the bulwarks

5). Auction (Noun) – नीलाम
Definition: a public sale in which goods or property are sold to the highest bidder.
Synonyms: sell off, bargain
Antonyms: hold, keep.
Usage: the books are expected to fetch a six-figure sum at tomorrow’s auction

6). Prosthetics (Noun)-- एक कृतिम बिशेषता या लचीली सामग्री का टुकड़ा किसी व्यक्ति के चेहरे या शरीर पर अस्थायी रूप से अपनी उपस्थिति को बदलने के लिए नामूं होता है।
Definition: an artificial feature or piece of flexible material applied to a person's face or body to change their appearance temporarily.
Usage: he plays all the parts, using various wigs and prosthetics

7). Incriminating (Verb) -- अवभयोग लगाना
Definition: make (someone) appear guilty of a crime or wrongdoing.
Synonyms: implicate, involve
Antonyms: absolve, clear.
Usage: he refused to answer questions in order not to incriminate himself

8). Ineptitude (Noun) -- अयोग्यता
Definition: lack of skill or ability.
Synonyms: inability, incompetence, clumsiness
Antonyms: skill, genius.
Usage: the officials displayed remarkable ineptitude

9). Intended (Adjective) -- आश्वयित
Definition: planned or meant.
Synonyms: deliberate, intentional, calculated, conscious, done on purpose, planned, considered, studied, knowing
Antonyms: accidental
Usage: the intended victim escaped

10). Portraying (Verb) -- तादृश ववचारण करना
Definition: describe (someone or something) in a particular way.
Synonyms: represent, depict, characterize, describe, present
Antonyms: confuse, mix up, obscure.
Usage: the book portrayed him as a self-serving careerist