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Editorial 01 – 06 – 2019

1) Assurance (noun) — आश्वासन

Meaning: a positive declaration intended to give confidence; a promise.

Synonyms: word of honour, word, guarantee, promise, pledge

Antonyms: self-doubt, nervousness

Usage: “he gave an assurance that work would begin on Monday”

2) Outshone (verb) — से श्रेष्ठ होना

Meaning: shine more brightly than.

Synonyms: : surpass, be superior to, overshadow, eclipse

Antonyms: dull

Usage: “a supernova would outshine all the other stars in its galaxy”

3) Imprimatur (noun) — अनुमोदन

Meaning: an official licence issued by the Roman Catholic Church to print an ecclesiastical or religious book.

Synonyms: approbation, approval, blessing, favor, OK (or okay)

Antonyms: refusal, rejection, repudiation

Usage: “the imprimatur for this edition was granted by Cardinal O’Casey”

4) Precursor (noun) — अग्रदूत, पूर्ववर्ती

Meaning: a person or thing that comes before another of the same kind; a forerunner.

Synonyms: forerunner, predecessor, forefather, father, parent

Antonyms: by-product, derivative, offshoot, outgrowth, spin-off

Usage: “a three-stringed precursor of the violin”

5) Choppy (adjective) — तड़का हुआ

Meaning: having a disjointed or jerky quality.

Synonyms: full of waves, turbulent, heavy, heaving, storm-tossed

Antonyms: calm, smooth

Usage: “sea conditions are often very choppy”

6) Confidant (noun) — विश्वासपात्र

Meaning: a person with whom one shares a secret or private matter, trusting them not to repeat it to others.

Synonyms: close friend, bosom friend, best friend

Usage: “a close confidante of the princess”

7) Skewed (verb) — अचानक दिशा या स्थिति बदलना

Meaning: suddenly change direction or position.

Synonyms: askew, aslant, atilt, awry, cock-a-hoop, cockeyed

Antonyms: ordered, orderly, regular, uniform

Usage: “the car had skewed across the track”

8) Crumbled (verb) — अचानक दिशा या स्थिति बदलना

Meaning: break or fall apart into small fragments, especially as part of a process of deterioration.

Synonyms: fall down, fall to pieces, fall apart, collapse

Antonyms: ameliorate, improve, meliorate

Usage: “the plaster started to crumble”

9) Orthodox (adjective) – रूढ़िवादी

Meaning: following or conforming to the traditional or generally accepted rules or beliefs of a religion, philosophy, or practice.

Synonyms: conservative, traditional, observant, conformist, devout

Antonyms: unauthorized, unofficial

Usage: “Burke’s views were orthodox in his time”

10) Coalition (noun) – गठबंधन

Meaning: a temporary alliance for combined action, especially of political parties forming a government.

Synonyms: alliance, union, partnership, affiliation

Usage: “a coalition between Liberals and Conservatives”

Editorial 03 – 06 – 2019

1) bifurcated (verb) – द्विभाजित करना

Meaning: divide into two branches or forks.

Synonyms: divarication, divergence, divergency, separation

Antonyms: accord, agreement

Usage: “just below Cairo the river bifurcates”

2) thumping (adjective) – ज़बरदस्त

Meaning: of an impressive size, extent, or amount.

Synonyms: extremely, very, really, thoroughly, exceedingly, immensely

Antonyms: meagerly, scantily

Usage: “a thumping 64 per cent majority”

3) catapulted (verb) – प्रक्षेपण करना

Meaning: hurl or launch (something) with or as if with a catapult.

Synonyms: propel, launch, hurl, hurtle, fling

Antonyms: catch, hold

Usage: “the explosion catapulted the car 30 yards along the road”

4) lingered (verb) – दीर्घ काल तक रहना

Meaning: stay in a place longer than necessary because of a reluctance to leave.

Synonyms: wait around, stay, remain

Antonyms: vanish, disappear

Usage: “she lingered in the yard, enjoying the warm sunshine”

5) exacerbating (verb) – और बदतर बनाना

Meaning: make (a problem, bad situation, or negative feeling) worse.

Synonyms: aggravate, make worse, worsen, inflame

Antonyms: calm, reduce

Usage: “the exorbitant cost of land in urban areas only exacerbated the problem”

6) spur (verb) – प्रोत्साहन देना

Meaning: give an incentive or encouragement to (someone).

Synonyms: stimulus, incentive, encouragement, stimulant

Antonyms: disincentive, discouragement

Usage: “her sons’ passion for computer games spurred her on to set up a software business”

7) grandiose (adjective) — प्रभावशाली

Meaning: impressive and imposing in appearance or style, especially pretentiously so.

Synonyms: magnificent, impressive, grand, imposing

Antonyms: unimpressive, humble

Usage: “the court’s grandiose facade”

8) diversification (noun) — विविधीकरण

Meaning: the action of diversifying something or the fact of becoming more diverse.

Synonyms: diversity, assortment

Antonyms: continue, keep

Usage: “growers should start planning diversification of crops”

9) leveraging (verb) — उत्तोलन करना

Meaning: use borrowed capital for (an investment), expecting the profits made to be greater than the interest payable.

Synonyms: grip, purchase, hold, grasp

Antonyms: helplessness, impotence, impotency, powerlessness, weakness

Usage: “my spade hit something solid that wouldn’t respond to leverage”

10) largesse (noun) — उदारता

Meaning: generosity in bestowing money or gifts upon others.

Synonyms: bountifulness, beneficence, benefaction, altruism, charity

Antonyms: meanness, miserliness

Usage: “presumably public money is not dispensed with such largesse to anyone else”

Editorial 04 – 06 – 2019

1) Defuse (verb) – निष्क्रिय या अक्षम करना

Meaning: remove the fuse from (an explosive device) in order to prevent it from exploding.

Synonyms: deactivate, disarm, disable

Antonyms: activate

Usage: “explosives specialists tried to defuse the grenade”

2) Embarking (verb) – आरंभ करना

Meaning: begin (a course of action).

Synonyms: begin, start, commence, undertake

Antonyms: disembark, land

Usage: “she embarked on a new career”

3) Barring (preposition) – को छोड़कर

Meaning: except for; if not for.

Synonyms: except for, with the exception of, excepting, if there is/are no

Antonyms: admit, accept

Usage: “barring accidents, we should win”

4) Unveiled (verb) – अनावरण करना

Meaning: remove a veil or covering from, in particular uncover (a new monument or work of art) as part of a public ceremony.

Synonyms: reveal, present, disclose, divulge

Antonyms: cloak, conceal, cover (up), enshroud, hide, mask, shroud, veil

Usage: “the Home Secretary has unveiled plans to crack down on crime”

5) Outcry (noun) — चिल्लाहट

Meaning: an exclamation or shout.

Synonyms: shout, exclamation, cry, yell, howl

Antonyms: indifference

Usage: “an outcry of spontaneous passion”

6) Averse (adjective) — के विरोध में

Meaning: having a strong dislike of or opposition to something.

Synonyms: opposed to, against, antipathetic to

Usage: “as a former CIA director, he is not averse to secrecy”

7) Gist (noun) — सार

Meaning: the substance or general meaning of a speech or text.

Synonyms: essence, substance, quintessence, main idea/theme

Antonyms: exterior, exteriority

Usage: “it was hard to get the gist of Pedro’s talk”

8) Conciliatory (adjective) — मिलाप करनेवाला

Meaning: intended or likely to placate or pacify.

Synonyms: propitiatory, placatory, appeasing, pacifying

Antonyms: antagonistic

Usage: “a conciliatory approach”

9) Primacy (noun) — प्रधानता

Meaning: the fact of being pre-eminent or most important.

Synonyms: greater importance, priority, precedence, pre-eminence

Antonyms: inferiority, mediocrity

Usage: “London’s primacy as a financial centre”

10) Ascent (noun) — आरोहण

Meaning: a climb or walk to the summit of a mountain or hill.

Synonyms: climb, scaling, conquest, scramble

Antonyms: descent

Usage: “the first ascent of the Matterhorn”

Editorial 05 – 06 – 2019

1) Sweeping (adjective) – व्यापक

Meaning: extending or performed in a long, continuous curve.

Synonyms: broad, extensive, expansive, vast, spacious, roomy

Antonyms: small, narrow

Usage: “sweeping, desolate moorlands”

2) Wrested (verb) – छीन लेना

Meaning: forcibly pull (something) from a person’s grasp.

Synonyms: wrench, snatch, seize, grab, take by force

Antonyms: reattach

Usage: “Leila tried to wrest her arm from his hold”

3) Aggregate (noun) – कुल जोड़

Meaning: a whole formed by combining several separate elements.

Synonyms: collection, mass, cluster, lump, clump

Antonyms: uncombined

Usage: “the specimen is an aggregate of rock and mineral fragments”

4) Hatchet (noun) – कुल्हाड़ी

Meaning: a small axe with a short handle for use in one hand.

Synonyms: axe, cleaver, mattock, tomahawk

Usage: The minimum guest age is 21—which makes sense because people are literally drinking beer and throwing hatchets around.

5) Cabals (noun) — एक गुप्त राजनीतिक गुट

Meaning: a secret political clique or faction.

Synonyms: clique, faction, coterie, group, set, band

Antonyms: parliament, legislation, council, government, empire, synod

Usage: “a cabal of dissidents”

6) Profiteering (verb) — मुनाफाखोरी

Meaning: make or seek to make an excessive or unfair profit, especially illegally.

Synonyms: overcharge, racketeer, make an excessive/illegal profit

Usage: “seven food merchants were charged with profiteering”

7) Degeneration (noun) — अधः पतन

Meaning: the state or process of being or becoming degenerate; decline or deterioration.

Synonyms: deterioration, decline, decay

Antonyms: improvement

Usage: “overgrazing has caused serious degeneration of grassland”

8) Glaring (adjective) — चमकदार

Meaning: giving out or reflecting a strong or dazzling light.

Synonyms: dazzling, blinding, blazing, strong

Antonyms: inconspicuous, minor

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Usage: “the glaring sun”

9) Churn (verb) — मथना

Meaning: (with reference to liquid) move or cause to move about vigorously.

Synonyms: be turbulent, heave, boil, swirl, toss, seethe

Antonyms: abate, calm, and subside

Usage: “the seas churned”

10) Undignified (adjective) — गरिमा में कमी।

Meaning: appearing foolish and unseemly; lacking in dignity.

Synonyms: unseemly, demeaning, unbecoming, ungentlemanly

Usage: “an undignified exit”

Editorial 07 – 06 – 2019

1) Scholastic (adjective) — विद्याभिमानी

Meaning: of or concerning schools and education / relating to medieval scholasticism.

Synonyms: academic, educational, school, scholarly

Antonyms: nonacademic, noneducational, unacademic, unscholarly

Usage: “Walter’s scholastic achievements”

2) Slumber (verb) — ऊँघना

Meaning: sleep

Synonyms: be asleep, doze, rest, take a siesta, nap

Antonyms: Awake

Usage: “Sleeping Beauty slumbered in her forest castle”

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3) Accommodative (adjective) —

मिलनसार, मैत्रीपूर्ण

Meaning: willing to fit in with someone's wishes or needs.

Synonyms: accommodating, friendly, indulgent, obliging

Antonyms: competitive, unkindness, merciless

Usage: "she was understanding, patient, accommodative, and always had a solution to all problems"

4) Cumulative (adjective) — संचयी

Meaning: increasing or increased in quantity, degree, or force by successive additions.

Synonyms: increasing, accumulative, accumulating, growing

Antonyms: subtractive

Usage: "the cumulative effect of two years of drought"

5) Fiscal (adjective) — राजकोषीय

Meaning: relating to government revenue, especially taxes.

Synonyms: tax, budgetary, revenue

Antonyms: nonfinancial

Usage: "monetary and fiscal policy"

6) Tremendous (adjective) — अधिक मात्रा में

Meaning: very great in amount, scale, or intensity.

Synonyms: very great, huge, enormous, immense, colossal, massive, prodigious

Antonyms: tiny, small, slight, soft

Usage: "Penny put in a tremendous amount of time"

7) Onus (noun) — दायित्व

Meaning: something that is one's duty or responsibility.

Synonyms: burden, responsibility, liability, obligation, duty

Antonyms: advantage, benefit

Usage: "the onus is on you to show that you have suffered loss"

8) Toppled (verb) — गिर पड़ना

Meaning: overbalance or cause to overbalance and fall.

Synonyms: fall, tumble, overturn, overbalance, tip, keel

Antonyms: get up, rise, stand (up), uprising

Usage: "she toppled over when I touched her"

9) prolonged (adjective) — दीर्घकालीन

Meaning: continuing for a long time or longer than usual; lengthy.

Synonyms: make longer, extend, extend the duration of, draw out

Antonyms: Shorten

Usage: "the region suffered a prolonged drought"

10) Notorious (adjective) — कुख्यात

Meaning: famous or well known, typically for some bad quality or deed.

Synonyms: of ill repute, with a bad reputation/name, ill-famed

Antonyms: unknown, anonymous, faceless

Usage: "Los Angeles is notorious for its smog"

Editorial 11 – 06 – 2019

1) Nuance (noun/verb) — अति सूक्ष्म अंतर

Meaning: a subtle difference in or shade of meaning, expression, or sound.

Synonyms: fine distinction, subtle distinction/difference, shade

Antonyms: coarse, inexact, rough

Usage: “he was familiar with the nuances of the local dialect”

2) Disincentives (noun) — हतोत्साहन

Meaning: a factor, especially a financial disadvantage, that discourages a particular action.

Synonyms: deterrent, discouragement, dissuasion, damper

Antonyms: incentive

Usage: “spiralling house prices are beginning to act as a disincentive to development”

3) clawed (adjective) — नौकदार

Meaning: having a curved pointed horny nail on each digit.

Synonyms: scratch, lacerate, tear, rake

Antonyms: unarmed, armless, clean

Usage: “a clawed hand grabbed for me”

4) Ails (verb) — मुसीबत या कष्ट होना

Meaning: trouble or afflict (someone) in mind or body.

Synonyms: trouble, afflict, pain, bedevil

Antonyms: fitness, healthiness, heartiness, robustness, soundness

Usage: “exercise is good for whatever ails one”

5) Bugged down (verb) — फंस जाना

Meaning: to be/become so involved in something difficult or complicated that you cannot do anything else:

Usage: Let’s not get bogged down with individual complaints

6) Surpass (verb) — पार करना या अधिक होना

Meaning: exceed; be greater than.

Synonyms: be better than, be superior to, be greater than, exceed

Antonyms: lose

Usage: “pre-war levels of production were surpassed in 1929”

7) Relentlessly (adverb) — निर्दयता से

Meaning: in an unceasingly intense or harsh way.

Synonyms: intense

Antonyms: placable, sporadic

Usage: “Joseph worked relentlessly”

8) Exalted (verb) — शक्ति, या चरित्र में वृद्धि होना

Meaning: to raise in rank, power, or character

Synonyms: aggrandize, canonize, deify, dignify, elevate, ennoble, enshrine, ensky, enthrone, glorify, magnify

Antonyms: abase, degrade, demean, humble, humiliate

Usage: His behavior has exalted the power and prestige of his office.

9) Unparalleled (adjective) — अद्वितीय

Meaning: having no parallel or equal; exceptional.

Synonyms: exceptional, unique, singular, rare, unprecedented

Antonyms: ordinary, unexceptional

Usage: “the sudden rise in unemployment is unparalleled in the post-war period”

10) Streak (verb) — लकीर करना

Meaning: cover (a surface) with streaks.

Synonyms: stripe, band, bar, fleck

Antonyms: abundance, barrel, boatload, bucket, bundle, bushel, deal, fistful

Usage: “tears streaking her face, Cynthia looked up”

Editorial 12 – 06 – 2019

1) Pertaining (verb) – से सम्बंधित

Meaning: be appropriate, related, or applicable to.

Synonyms: concern, relate to, be related to, be connected with, be relevant to

Antonyms: disconnect, disjoin

Usage: “matters pertaining to the organization of government”

2) Smacked (verb) — चांटा मारना

Meaning: strike (someone or something), typically with the palm of the hand and as a punishment.

Synonyms: slap, hit, strike, spank, cuff

Antonyms: abundance, barrel, boatload, bucket, bundle

Usage: “Jessica smacked his face, quite hard”

3) Perversity (noun) – विकृति

Meaning: a deliberate desire to behave in an unreasonable or unacceptable way; contrariness.

Synonyms: contrariness, perverseness, awkwardness

Usage: “they responded with typical perversity”

4) Malice (noun) — विद्वेष

Meaning: the desire to harm someone; ill will.

Synonyms: spitefulness, spite, malevolence, maliciousness

Antonyms: benevolence

Usage: “I bear no malice towards anybody”

5) Intervene (verb) — हस्तक्षेप करना

Meaning: take part in something so as to prevent or alter a result or course of events.

Synonyms: intercede, involve oneself, get involved

Antonyms: avoid, eschew, shun

Usage: “he acted outside his authority when he intervened in the dispute”

6) Abridging (verb) — संक्षेप करना

Meaning: shorten (a piece of writing) without losing the sense.

Synonyms: shorten, cut, cut short/down, curtail

Usage: “the introduction is abridged from the author’s afterword to the novel”

7) Concession (noun) — रियायत

Meaning: a thing that is granted, especially in response to demands.

Synonyms: compromise, adjustment, modification

Antonyms: denial, disallowance, disclaimer, recantation, rejection, renouncement, repudiation

Usage: “the government was unwilling to make any further concessions”

8) Inflammatory (adjective) — सूजन-संबंधी

Meaning: relating to or causing inflammation of a part of the body.

Synonyms: provocative, provoking, inflaming, incendiary

Antonyms: uncontroversial

Usage: “inflammatory remarks”

9) Rampant (adjective) — अनियंत्रित

Meaning: (especially of something unwelcome) flourishing or spreading unchecked.

Synonyms: uncontrolled, unrestrained, unchecked, unbridled

Antonyms: controlled, under control

Usage: “political violence was rampant”

10) Incarcerate (verb) — कैद कर देना

Meaning: imprison or confine.

Synonyms: imprison, put in prison, send to prison

Antonyms: free, release

Usage: “many are incarcerated for property offences”

Editorial 13 – 06 – 2019

1) Proximity (noun) — सामीप्य

Meaning: nearness in space, time, or relationship.

Synonyms: closeness, nearness, presence, juxtaposition

Antonyms: distance, remoteness

Usage: “do not operate microphones in close proximity to television sets”

2) Fray (verb) — घिस जाना

Meaning: (of a fabric, rope, or cord) unravel or become worn at the edge, typically through constant rubbing.

Synonyms: unravel, wear, wear thin, wear out

Antonyms: truce

Usage: “bucks mark their territory by fraying small trees”

3) Inclusiveness (noun) — समावेश

Meaning: the quality of covering or dealing with a range of subjects or areas.

Synonyms: all-embracing, all-in [chiefly British], all-inclusive, broad-gauge

Antonyms: circumscribed, limited, narrow, restricted, specialized

Usage: “the school promotes an attitude of tolerance and inclusiveness”

4) Reinforced (verb) — प्रबल करना

Meaning: strengthen or support (an object or substance), especially with additional material.

Synonyms: strengthen, fortify, bolster up, shore up

Antonyms: undercut, undermine, and weaken

Usage: “the helmet has been reinforced with a double layer of cork”

5) Buttressed (adjective) — प्रबलित

Meaning: (of a building or structure) strengthened or supported with a buttress.

Synonyms: strengthen, reinforce, fortify, support, prop up

Antonyms: weaken

Usage: “a buttressed wall”

6) Component (adjective) — घटक

Meaning: constituting part of a larger whole; constituent.

Synonyms: constituent, integral

Antonyms: aggregate, composite, compound, mass

Usage: “an assembly plant for imported components”

7) holistic (adjective) — व्यापक, एकीकृत

Meaning: Characterized by the belief that the parts of something are intimately interconnected and explicable only by reference to the whole.

Synonyms: comprehensive, integrated

Antonyms: atomistic, atomistical

8) Encompass (verb) — घेर लेना

Meaning: surround and have or hold within.

Synonyms: surround, enclose, ring, encircle, circumscribe

Antonyms: ban, bar, debar, preclude, prevent, prohibit

Usage: “this area of London encompasses Piccadilly to the north and St James’s Park to the south”

9) Pace (verb) — स्थिर गति से चलना

Meaning: walk at a steady speed, especially without a particular destination and as an expression of anxiety or annoyance.

Synonyms: walk, stride, tread, march, pound, patrol

Antonyms: amble, meander, ramble, stroll, wander

Usage: “he’s an aggressive player with plenty of pace”

10) Persuaded (verb) — मनाना या राजी करना

Meaning: induce (someone) to do something through reasoning or argument.

Synonyms: prevail on, talk someone into, coax, convince, make, get, press someone into, induce

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Antonyms: dissuade, discourage, deter

Usage: “it wasn’t easy, but I persuaded him to do the right thing”

Editorial 14 – 06 – 2019

1) Revival (noun) — पुनः प्रवर्तन

Meaning: an improvement in the condition, strength, or fortunes of someone or something.

Synonyms: improvement, rallying, picking up

Antonyms: downturn

Usage: “a revival in the fortunes of the party”

2) Decelerated (verb) — धीमा करना

Meaning: reduce or cause to reduce in speed.

Synonyms: slow down, slow up, slow, go slower, ease up, slack up

Antonyms: accelerate

Usage: “the train began to decelerate”

3) Rebounded (verb) — पलटाव होना

Meaning: bounce back through the air after hitting something hard.

Synonyms: bounce back, spring back, ricochet, boomerang

Antonyms: destroy, deteriorate

Usage: “his shot hammered into the post and rebounded across the goal”

4) Abiding (adjective) — स्थायी

Meaning: (of a feeling or memory) lasting a long time; enduring.

Synonyms: enduring, lasting, persisting, long-lasting, lifelong

Antonyms: short-lived, ephemeral, transitory

Usage: “he had an abiding respect for her”

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5) Spatial (adjective) — स्थानिक

Meaning: relating to or occupying space.

Synonyms: dimensional, geographical, contiguous

Usage: “the spatial distribution of population”

6) Prudent (adjective) — विवेकी

Meaning: acting with or showing care and thought for the future.

Synonyms: wise, well judged, judicious, sagacious, sage, shrewd

Antonyms: unwise, imprudent, incautious, and extravagant

Usage: “no prudent money manager would authorize a loan without first knowing its purpose”

7) Nascent (adjective) — नवोदित, विकासशील

Meaning: (especially of a process or organization) just coming into existence and beginning to display signs of future potential.

Synonyms: just beginning, budding, developing, growing

Antonyms: developed, grown

Usage: “the nascent space industry”

8) Extradition (noun) — प्रत्यर्पण

Meaning: the action of extraditing a person accused or convicted of a crime.

Synonyms: deportation, handover, repatriation, refolement

Antonyms: hold, keep

Usage: “they fought to prevent his extradition to the US”

9) Extradite (verb) — अपराधी को प्रत्यर्पित करना

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Meaning: hand over (a person accused or convicted of a crime) to the jurisdiction of the foreign state in which the crime was committed.

Synonyms: hand over, send back, send home, repatriate

Antonyms: save

Usage: “Brazil refused to extradite him to Britain”

10) Loophole (noun) — बचाव का रास्ता या कमियां

Meaning: an ambiguity or inadequacy in the law or a set of rules.

Synonyms: hole, gap, opening, aperture, chink

Antonyms: behold

Usage: “they exploited tax loopholes”

Editorial 15 – 06 – 2019

1) Prominent (adjective) – प्रसिद्ध

Meaning: Important; famous

Synonyms: Important, well known, leading, eminent, pre-eminent, distinguished

Antonyms: Unimportant, obscure, unknown

Usage: She was a prominent member of the city council

2) Spate (Noun) – बौछार

Meaning: A large number of similar things coming in quick succession

Synonyms: Series, succession, run, cluster, string, outbreak

Antonyms: Drought

Usage: A spate of attacks on holidaymakers

3) Ambiguous (Adjective) – अस्पष्ट

Meaning: Not clear or decided

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Synonyms: Equivocal, ambivalent, open to debate, open to argument, arguable

Antonyms: Unambiguous, clear

Usage: The election result was ambiguous

4) Viable (Adjective) – व्यवहार्य

Meaning: Capable of working successfully; feasible

Synonyms: Workable, feasible, practicable, practical, applicable

Antonyms: Impracticable

Usage: The proposed investment was economically viable

5) Devastating (Adjective) – विनाशकारी

Meaning: Highly destructive or damaging

Synonyms: Destructive, ruinous, disastrous, catastrophic, calamitous

Antonyms: Nondestructive, blessed, fortunate

Usage: A devastating cyclone

6) Evasive (Adjective) – कपटपूर्ण

Meaning: Tending to avoid commitment or self-revelation, especially by responding only indirectly

Synonyms: Prevaricating, elusive, ambiguous, equivocal

Antonyms: Frank

Usage: She was evasive about her phone number

7) Condone (Verb) – स्वीकार करना

Meaning: Accept (behaviour that is considered morally wrong or offensive)

Synonyms: Deliberately ignore, not take into consideration, disregard, take no notice of

Antonyms: Condemn, punish

Usage: The college cannot condone any behaviour that involves illicit drugs

8) Entrant (Noun) – प्रवेशी

Meaning: A person or group that enters or takes part in something

Synonyms: New member, new arrival, beginner, newcomer, fresher

Antonyms: Veteran

Usage: The prize will be awarded to the entrant who wins the tiebreak

9) Susceptible (Adjective) – अतिसंवेदनशील

Meaning: Likely or liable to be influenced or harmed by a particular thing

Synonyms: Open to, receptive to, vulnerable to, defenceless against

Antonyms: Immune, resistant

Usage: Patients with liver disease may be susceptible to infection

10) Self-indulgent (Adjective) – स्व कृपालु

Meaning: Characterized by doing or tending to do exactly what one wants, especially when this involves pleasure or idleness

Synonyms: Pleasure-seeking, hedonistic, sybaritic, indulgent, luxurious

Antonyms: Abstemious, restrained

Usage: A self-indulgent extra hour of sleep

Editorial 17 – 06 – 2019

1) Contestations (noun) – मुकाबला

Meaning: the action or process of disputing or arguing.

Synonyms: controversy, debate, difference, difficulty, disagreement

Antonyms: acceptance, compliance

Usage: “ideological contestation over social policy in the European Union”

2) Substantive (adjective) – ठोस

Meaning: having a firm basis in reality and so important, meaningful, or considerable.

Synonyms: biggish, considerable, good, goodly

Antonyms: measly, minute, paltry, petty, picayune, picayunish

Usage: “there is no substantive evidence for the efficacy of these drugs”

3) Consensus (noun) – मतैक्य

Meaning: a general agreement.

Synonyms: agreement, harmony, concord, like-mindedness

Antonyms: disagreement, minority view

Usage: “there is a growing consensus that the current regime has failed”

4) Impasse (noun) – गतिरोध

Meaning: a situation in which no progress is possible, especially because of disagreement; a deadlock.

Synonyms: deadlock, dead end, stalemate

Antonyms: solution, boon

Usage: “the current political impasse”

5) Centrestage (noun) – अहम् स्थान

Meaning: the centre of a stage.

Synonyms: catbird seat, limelight, spotlight, top billing

Antonyms: back burner

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Usage: “I took my place in the darkened centre stage”

6) Straddling (verb) – पैर फैलाकर बैठना

Meaning: sit or stand with one leg on either side of.

Synonyms: sit/stand astride, bestride, bestraddle

Antonyms: side by side

Usage: “he turned the chair round and straddled it”

7) Agitation (noun) – चिंता या घबराहट की स्थिति

Meaning: a state of anxiety or nervous excitement.

Synonyms: anxiety, perturbation, disquiet

Antonyms: calmness, relaxation

Usage: “she was wringing her hands in agitation”

8) Reprisals (noun) – प्रतिशोध

Meaning: an act of retaliation.

Synonyms: retaliation, counterattack, counterstroke

Antonyms: clemency, grace, leniency, lenity, mercy

Usage: “three youths died in the reprisals which followed”

9) Endorsed (verb) – पृष्ठांकित करना

Meaning: declare one's public approval or support of.

Synonyms: countersign, sign on the back

Antonyms: baffle, foil, frustrate, interfere, oppose, sabotage, thwart

Usage: “the report was endorsed by the college”

10) Indefensible (adjective) – असमर्थनीय

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Meaning: not justifiable by argument.

Synonyms: inexcusable, unjustifiable, unjustified, unpardonable

Antonyms: justifiable, excusable, tenable

Usage: “this behaviour is morally indefensible”

Editorial 18 – 06 – 2019

1) Unambiguously (adverb) – असंदिग्ध तरीके से

Meaning: in a manner that is not open to more than one interpretation.

Synonyms: apparent, bald, bald-faced, barefaced, bright-line, broad, clear

Antonyms: incomprehensible, indecipherable, unfathomable, unintelligible, unknowable

Usage: “she answered questions clearly and unambiguously”

2) Proclaim (verb) – घोषणा करना

Meaning: indicate clearly.

Synonyms: demonstrate, indicate, show, signify, reveal

Antonyms: conceal, hush (up), silence, suppress, withhold

Usage: “the government’s chief scientific adviser proclaimed that the epidemic was under control”

3) Interlocutors (noun) – वार्ताकारों

Meaning: a person who takes part in a dialogue or conversation.

Synonyms: interrogator, interviewer

Usage: The government led by Mr. Modi and his key interlocutors on trade, including the new External Affairs Minister S. Jaishankar and Commerce Minister Piyush Goyal, have sent a strong message

4) Duress (noun) – अवपीड़न

Meaning: threats, violence, constraints, or other action used to coerce someone into doing something against their will or better judgement.

Synonyms: coercion, compulsion, force, pressure

Antonyms: free will

Usage: “their confessions were extracted under duress”

5) Conciliatory (adjective) – मिलाप करनेवाला

Meaning: intended or likely to placate or pacify.

Synonyms: propitiatory, placatory, appeasing, pacifying, pacific

Antonyms: antagonistic

Usage: “a conciliatory approach”

6) Grapple (verb) – हाथापाई करना

Meaning: engage in a close fight or struggle without weapons; wrestle.

Synonyms: wrestle, struggle, tussle

Antonyms: release, relinquishment

Usage: “passers-by grappled with the man after the knife attack”

7) Foresight (noun) – दूरदर्शिता

Meaning: the ability to predict what will happen or be needed in the future.

Synonyms: forethought, anticipation, planning, forward planning

Antonyms: hindsight

Usage: “he had the foresight to check that his escape route was clear”

8) Appalling (adjective) – भय उत्पन्न करनेवाला

Meaning: causing shock or dismay; horrific.

Synonyms: shocking, horrific, horrifying, horrible

Antonyms: admirable, excellent

Usage: “the cat suffered appalling injuries during the attack”

9) Grave (noun) — कब्र

Meaning: a hole dug in the ground to receive a coffin or dead body, typically marked by a stone or mound.

Synonyms: burying place, tomb, sepulchre, vault, burial chamber

Antonyms: carefree, cheerful

Usage: “the coffin was lowered into the grave”

10) Seizure (noun) — जब्ती

Meaning: the action of capturing someone or something using force.

Synonyms: capture, occupation, takeover, overrunning

Antonyms: restitution, liberation, release, ransoming

Usage: “the seizure of the Assembly building”

Editorial 19 – 06 – 2019

1) Reluctant (adjective) — अनिच्छुक

Meaning: unwilling and hesitant; disinclined.

Synonyms: unwilling, disinclined, unenthusiastic

Antonyms: willing, eager, ready

Usage: “today, many ordinary people are still reluctant to talk about politics”

2) Negotiate (verb) — परक्रामण करना

Meaning: obtain or bring about by discussion.

Synonyms: arrange, work out, thrash out, hammer out

Antonyms: botch, bungle, fizzle, fumble, goof (up), louse up, mess (up), mishandle, muff, scamp

Usage: “he negotiated a new contract with the sellers”

3) Afflicting (verb) — पीड़ा देना

Meaning: (of a problem or illness) cause pain or trouble to; affect adversely.

Synonyms: trouble, bother, burden, distress, cause trouble to

Antonyms: comfort

Usage: “his younger child was afflicted with a skin disease”

4) Reprisal (noun) — प्रतिशोध

Meaning: an act of retaliation.

Synonyms: counterattack, counterstroke, comeback

Antonyms: clemency, grace, leniency, lenity, mercy

Usage: “three youths died in the reprisals which followed”

5) Constraints (noun) — एक सीमा या प्रतिबंध

Meaning: a limitation or restriction.

Synonyms: restriction, limitation, curb, check

Antonyms: openness

Usage: “time constraints make it impossible to do everything”

6) Envisaged (verb) — परिकल्पना की गई

Meaning: contemplate or conceive of as a possibility or a desirable future event.

Synonyms: foresee, predict, forecast

Usage: “the Rome Treaty envisaged free movement across frontiers”

7) Epicenter (noun) — उपरिकेंद्र

Meaning: the point on the earth’s surface vertically above the focus of an earthquake.

Synonyms: axis, base, capital, center, central, core

Usage: “the epicentre of labour militancy was the capital itself”

8) Cognizable (verb) — संज्ञेय

Meaning: capable of being judicially heard and determined

Synonyms: perceptible; clearly identifiable.

Antonyms: unknowable, transcendent

Usage: “a cognizable claim”

9) Grievous (adjective) – बहुत गंभीर या कठोर

Meaning: (of something bad) very severe or serious.

Synonyms: serious, severe, grave, bad, critical

Antonyms: slight, trivial, good

Usage: “his death was a grievous blow”

10) Adverse (adjective) — विपरीत

Meaning: preventing success or development; harmful; unfavourable.

Synonyms: unfavourable, disadvantageous

Antonyms: favourable, beneficial, positive, friendly

Usage: “taxes are having an adverse effect on production”

Editorial 20 – 06 – 2019

1) Beleaguered (verb) — धेरा डालना

Meaning: lay siege to.

Synonyms: under siege, blockaded, surrounded, encircled

Antonyms: emancipate, free, liberate, release, rescue

Usage: “he led a relief force to the aid of the beleaguered city”

2) Consortium (noun) — एक संस्था या संघ

Meaning: an association, typically of several companies.

Synonyms: association, board, brotherhood, chamber

Antonyms: disunion, separation

Usage: “the amount awarded for loss of consortium must be included”

3) Ironically (adverb) — विडम्बना से

Meaning: in an ironic manner.

Synonyms: ironical, paradoxical, contradictory, incongruous, satiric

Antonyms: logic

Usage: “ironically, the rescue craft which saved her was the boat she was helping to pay for”

4) Protracted (adjective) — दीर्घकालिक

Meaning: lasting for a long time or longer than expected or usual.

Synonyms: prolonged, extended, stretched out

Antonyms: curtail, shorten

Usage: “a protracted and bitter dispute”

5) Contemporary (adjective) — समकालीन

Meaning: belonging to or occurring in the present.

Synonyms: modern, present-day, present, current

Antonyms: old-fashioned, out of date

Usage: “the tension and complexities of our contemporary society”

6) Implosion (noun) — विस्फोट

Meaning: an instance of something collapsing violently inwards.

Synonyms: plosive, occlusive

Usage: “the star undergoes a violent implosion caused by gravity”

7) Outskirts (noun) — शहर के बाहरी हिस्से

Meaning: the outer parts of a town or city.

Synonyms: outlying districts, edges, fringes, suburbs, suburbia

Antonyms: center, inside

Usage: “he built a new factory on the outskirts of Birmingham”

8) Swathes (noun) — कटी हुई घास

Meaning: a row or line of grass, corn, or other crop as it falls or lies when mown or reaped.

Synonyms: wrap, envelop, bind, swaddle, bandage

Usage: “if the day is windy, the swathes should be high and narrow”

9) Regime (noun) — शासन

Meaning: a government, especially an authoritarian one.

Synonyms: government, authorities, system of government

Antonyms: chaos

Usage: “ideological opponents of the regime”

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10) Invaded (verb) — पर आक्रमण करना

Meaning: (of an armed force) enter (a country or region) so as to subjugate or occupy it.

Synonyms: occupy, conquer, capture, seize

Antonyms: withdraw from

Usage: “during the Second World War the island was invaded by the Axis powers”

Editorial 21 – 06 – 2019

1) Hinge (noun) — काज

Meaning: a movable joint or mechanism on which a door, gate, or lid swings as it opens and closes or which connects linked objects.

Synonyms: depend, hang, ride, turn

Antonyms: halt, crepitate, jar, grate

Usage: “the ironing board was set into the wall and hinged at the bottom”

2) Stance (noun) — आसन

Meaning: the way in which someone stands, especially when deliberately adopted (as in cricket, golf, and other sports); a person’s posture.

Synonyms: posture, body position, pose, attitude

Antonyms: unsteadiness

Usage: “she altered her stance, resting all her weight on one leg”

3) Hinted (verb) — संकेत दिया

Meaning: suggest or indicate something indirectly or covertly.

Synonyms: imply, insinuate, intimate, suggest

Antonyms: answer, solution

Usage: “the Minister hinted at a possible change of heart”

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4) Unconventional (adjective) – अपरंपरागत

Meaning: not based on or conforming to what is generally done or believed.

Synonyms: unusual, irregular, unorthodox, unfamiliar

Antonyms: conventional, orthodox

Usage: “his unconventional approach to life”

5) Aggressively (adjective) – उग्रता के साथ

Meaning: ready or likely to attack or confront; characterized by or resulting from aggression.

Synonyms: hostile, belligerent, bellicose, antagonistic

Antonyms: submissive, diffident

Usage: “he’s very uncooperative and aggressive”

6) Synchronizing (verb) – के साथ-साथ होना

Meaning: cause to occur or operate at the same time or rate.

Synonyms: accompany, attend, co-occur, coexist, coincide, concur

Usage: “soldiers used watches to synchronize movements”

7) Stint (verb) – बाँधना

Meaning: supply a very ungenerous or inadequate amount of (something).

Synonyms: spell, stretch, period, time, turn

Antonyms: cloy, content, fill, glut, sate, satiate, satisfy, suffice, surfeit

Usage: “stowage room hasn’t been stinted”

8) Curbing (verb) – रोकना या नियंत्रण करना

Meaning: restrain or keep in check.

Synonyms: restrain, hold back, keep back, hold in, repress

Antonyms: release

Usage: “she promised she would curb her temper”

9) Impediments (noun) – बाधे

Meaning: a hindrance or obstruction in doing something.

Synonyms: hindrance, obstruction, obstacle

Antonyms: Benefit

Usage: “a serious impediment to scientific progress”

10) Feasibility (noun) – व्यवहार्यता

Meaning: the state or degree of being easily or conveniently done.

Synonyms: practicability, practicality, workability, workableness

Antonyms: impracticability

Usage: “the feasibility of screening athletes for cardiac disease”

Editorial 22 – 06 – 2019

1) Redouble (verb) – अधिक करना

Meaning: make or become much greater, more intense, or more numerous.

Synonyms: accentuate, amp (up), amplify, beef (up), boost, consolidate

Antonyms: decrease, diminish, lessen, let up (on), reduce, subdue, tone (down), weaken

Usage: “we will redouble our efforts to reform agricultural policy”

2) Expectancy (noun) – प्रत्याशा या अपेक्षा

Meaning: the state of thinking or hoping that something, especially something good, will happen.

Synonyms: anticipation, expectation, eagerness, hope, hopefulness

Antonyms: disbelief

Usage: “they waited with an air of expectancy”

3) Remunerative (adjective) — पारिश्रमिक-संबंधी

Meaning: financially rewarding; lucrative.

Synonyms: financially rewarding, financially worthwhile, moneymaking

Antonyms: disadvantageous, unfavorable

Usage: “highly remunerative activities”

4) Rupture (verb) — टूटना

Meaning: (especially of a pipe or container, or bodily part such as an organ or membrane) break or burst suddenly.

Synonyms: sever, break, cut off, break off

Antonyms: agreement

Usage: “if the main artery ruptures he could die”

5) Harnessing (verb) — नियंत्रित करना

Meaning: control and make use of (natural resources), especially to produce energy.

Synonyms: hitch up, put something in harness

Antonyms: ignore, neglect

Usage: “attempts to harness solar energy”

6) Emphasize (verb) — महत्त्व देना

Meaning: give special importance or value to (something) in speaking or writing.

Synonyms: bring/call/draw attention to, focus attention on, highlight

Usage: “they emphasize the need for daily, one-to-one contact between parent and child”

7) Dwelt (verb) — बसना

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Meaning: think, speak, or write at length about (a particular subject, especially one that is a source of unhappiness, anxiety, or dissatisfaction).

Synonyms: linger over, mull over, muse on, brood about, brood over

Antonyms: bail, bail out, bug out, buzz (off), clear off

Usage: “I’ve got better things to do than dwell on the past”

8) Ambiguity (noun) — संदिग्धता

Meaning: the quality of being open to more than one interpretation; inexactness.

Synonyms: ambivalence, equivocation

Antonyms: unambiguousness, transparency

Usage: “we can detect no ambiguity in this section of the Act”

9) Fervor (noun) — जोश

Meaning: intense and passionate feeling.

Synonyms: passion, ardour, intensity, zeal, vehemence

Antonyms: apathy

Usage: “he talked with all the fervour of a new convert”

10) Impervious (adjective) — अप्रवेश्य

Meaning: not allowing fluid to pass through.

Synonyms: impermeable, impenetrable, impregnable, waterproof

Antonyms: permeable

Usage: “an impervious layer of basaltic clay

Editorial 24 – 06 – 2019

1) Restraint (noun) — संयम

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Meaning: unemotional, dispassionate, or moderate behaviour; self-control.

Synonyms: self-control, self-restraint, self-discipline

Antonyms: abandon, forwardness, outspokenness

Usage: “he urged the protestors to exercise restraint”

2) Escalating (adjective) – वृद्धि होना

Meaning: increasing rapidly.

Synonyms: increase rapidly, soar, rocket, shoot up

Antonyms: shrink

Usage: “the escalating cost of healthcare”

3) Vibrant (adjective) – ऊर्जा और जीवन से भरपूर

Meaning: full of energy and life.

Synonyms: full of life, full of spirit, high-spirited, energetic, sprightly

Antonyms: spiritless, listless, dull

Usage: “a vibrant cosmopolitan city”

4) Tactic (noun) – युक्ति

Meaning: an action or strategy carefully planned to achieve a specific end.

Synonyms: set of tactics, manoeuvre, course/line of action

Antonyms: inopportune, unseasonable, untimely

Usage: “the minority attempted to control the Council by a delaying tactic”

5) Brink (noun) – कगार

Meaning: a point at which something, typically something unwelcome, is about to happen; the verge.

Synonyms: verge, edge, threshold, point

Antonyms: middle

Usage: “the country was on the brink of a constitutional crisis”

6) Enrichment (noun) – समृद्ध

Meaning: the action of improving or enhancing the quality or value of something.

Synonyms: ameliorate, amend, better, enhance, help, improve, meliorate, perfect, refine, upgrade

Usage: “enrichment of the soil for more plant growth”

7) Stranglehold (noun) – गला घोटना

Meaning: a grip around the neck of another person that can kill by asphyxiation if held for long enough.

Synonyms: throttlehold, powerfulness, power, chokehold

Antonyms: powerlessness, powerless

unpersuasiveness, uninterestingness, unable

Usage: “in France, supermarkets have less of a stranglehold on food supplies”

8) Recalibration (verb) – अलग ढंग से जांचना

Meaning: calibrate (something) again or differently.

Synonyms: amend, fix, improve

Antonyms: corrupt, harm

Usage: “the sensors had to be recalibrated”

9) Strait (noun) – जलसंयोगी

Meaning: a narrow passage of water connecting two seas or two other large areas of water.

Synonyms: narrows, inlet, stretch of water

Antonyms: crooked, askew

Usage: “the economy is in dire straits”

10) Provocations (noun) – उकसावा

Meaning: action or speech that makes someone angry, especially deliberately.

Synonyms: goading, prodding, egging on, incitement

Antonyms: subduing

Usage: “you should remain calm and not respond to provocation”

Editorial 25 – 06 – 2019

1) Whittled (verb) – छांटे जाना

Meaning: carve (wood) into an object by repeatedly cutting small slices from it.

Synonyms: pare, shave, peel, cut, hew, trim, carve

Antonyms: increase, augment

Usage: “he was sitting at the tent door, whittling a piece of wood with a knife”

2) Flamboyant (adjective) – तेजतर्रार

Meaning: (of a person or their behaviour) tending to attract attention because of their exuberance, confidence, and stylishness.

Synonyms: ostentatious, exuberant, confident, lively, buoyant

Antonyms: modest, restrained

Usage: “the band’s flamboyant lead singer”

3) Erroneously (adjective) – गलती से

Meaning: wrong; incorrect.

Synonyms: wrong, incorrect, mistaken, in error, inaccurate

Antonyms: right, correct

Usage: “employers sometimes make erroneous assumptions”

4) Xenophobic (adjective) – नस्लवादी

Meaning: having or showing a dislike of or prejudice against people from other countries.

Synonyms: racist, racialist, ethnocentric, ethnocentrist

Antonyms: xenomaniac

Usage: “xenophobic attitudes”

5) Contentious (adjective) – विवादास्पद

Meaning: causing or likely to cause an argument; controversial.

Synonyms: controversial, disputable, debatable

Antonyms: uncontroversial

Usage: “the socio-economic plan had been the subject of contentious debate”

6) Stipulates (verb) – अनुबंध करना

Meaning: demand or specify (a requirement), typically as part of an agreement.

Synonyms: set down, set out, lay down, set forth, state clearly

Usage: “he stipulated certain conditions before their marriage”

7) Suspicion (noun) – संदेह

Meaning: a feeling or thought that something is possible, likely, or true.

Synonyms: intuition, feeling, impression, inkling, surmise

Antonyms: certainty

Usage: “she had a sneaking suspicion that he was laughing at her”

8) Castigated (verb) – फटकारना

Meaning: reprimand (someone) severely.

Synonyms: reprimand, rebuke, admonish

Antonyms: praise, commend

Usage: “he was castigated for not setting a good example”

9) Accrual (noun) – प्रोद्धवन

Meaning: the accumulation or increase of something over time, especially payments or benefits.

Synonyms: accretion, addendum,

Antonyms: deduction, subtraction

Usage: “all debts must be frozen with no further accrual of interest”

10) Vibrant (adjective) – ऊर्जा और जीवन से भरपूर।

Meaning: full of energy and life.

Synonyms: full of life, full of spirit, high-spirited

Antonyms: spiritless, listless, dull

Usage: “a vibrant cosmopolitan city”

Editorial 26 – 06 – 2019

1) Drought (noun) – अनावृष्टि

Meaning: a prolonged period of abnormally low rainfall, leading to a shortage of water.

Synonyms: dry spell, dry period, lack of rain

Antonyms: bountifulness, copiousness

Usage: “the cause of Europe’s recent droughts”

2) Torrid (adjective) – बहुत गर्म और शुष्क

Meaning: very hot and dry.

Synonyms: hot, sweltering, sultry, scorching

Antonyms: cold, cool, wet

Usage: “the torrid heat of the afternoon”

3) Desalination (noun) – अलवणीकरण

Meaning: the process of removing salt from seawater.

Synonyms: desalinate desalinize desalt change

Antonyms: salinate stay magnetize cool decontaminate

Usage: “the newly constructed plant for the desalination of seawater remains inoperative”

4) Elicited (verb) – प्रकाश में लाना

Meaning: evoke or draw out (a reaction, answer, or fact) from someone.

Synonyms: obtain, bring out, draw out, extract, evoke, bring about

Antonyms: disregard, forget, ignore, miss, neglect, overlook, overpass, pass over

Usage: “I tried to elicit a smile from Joanna”

5) Augment (verb) – बढ़ाना

Meaning: make (something) greater by adding to it; increase.

Synonyms: make larger, make bigger, make greater, add to

Antonyms: decrease

Usage: “he augmented his summer income by painting houses”

6) Bottlenecks (noun) – बाधाओं

Meaning: a narrow section of road or a junction that impedes traffic flow.

Synonyms: traffic jam, jam, congestion

Usage: “the bottleneck on Talbot Road”

7) Sordid (adjective) – धिनौना

Meaning: involving immoral or dishonourable actions and motives; arousing moral distaste and contempt.

Synonyms: sleazy, seedy, seamy, unsavoury, shoddy

Antonyms: high-minded, respectable

Usage: “the story paints a sordid picture of bribes and scams”

8) Lynching (verb) — बिना मुकदमे मार डालना

Meaning: (of a group of people) kill (someone) for an alleged offence without a legal trial, especially by hanging.

Synonyms: hang, hang by the neck

Antonyms: bear

Usage: “her father had been lynched for a crime he didn't commit”

9) Vigilante (noun) — शांति या सुरक्षा व्यवस्थापक समिति का सदस्य

Meaning: a member of a self-appointed group of citizens who undertake law enforcement in their community without legal authority, typically because the legal agencies are thought to be inadequate.

Synonyms: avenger, castigator, chastiser, nemesis, punisher, scourge

Antonyms: ransomed, redeemer, vindicator

Usage: the danger of these self-appointed vigilantes is that they sometimes go after innocent people

10) Tacit (adjective) — मतलब रखा हुआ

Meaning: understood or implied without being stated.

Synonyms: implicit, understood, implied, inferred

Antonyms: explicit, stated

Usage: “your silence may be taken to mean tacit agreement”

Editorial 27 – 06 – 2019

1) Disparities (noun) — असमानताओं

Meaning: a great difference.

Synonyms: discrepancy, inconsistency, imbalance

Antonyms: parity, similarity

Usage: “economic disparities between different regions of the country”

2) Stark (adjective) — निरा

Meaning: severe or bare in appearance or outline.

Synonyms: sharply delineated, sharp, sharply defined

Antonyms: fuzzy, indistinct, pleasant

Usage: “the ridge formed a stark silhouette against the sky”

3) Neonatal (noun) — नवजात बच्चों से संबंधित

Meaning: relating to newborn children (or other mammals).

Synonyms: babe, baby, bambino, child, infant, newborn

Antonyms: adult, grown-up

Usage: “special attention is given to mortality in the neonatal period”

4) Assessed (verb) — आकलन किया हुआ

Meaning: evaluate or estimate the nature, ability, or quality of.

Synonyms: evaluate, judge, gauge, rate, estimate, appraise, form an opinion of

Antonyms: abate, diminish, lessen

Usage: “the committee must assess the relative importance of the issues”

5) sober (adjective) – शांत

Meaning: serious, sensible, and solemn.

Synonyms: serious, sensible, solemn, thoughtful

Antonyms: light-hearted, frivolous

Usage: “a sober view of life”

6) Laggards (noun) – निस्तेज

Meaning: a person who makes slow progress and falls behind others.

Synonyms: loiterer, lingerer, dawdler, sluggard

Usage: “staff were under enormous pressure and there was no time for laggards”

7) Resounding (adjective) – शानदार

Meaning: unmistakable; emphatic.

Synonyms: enormous, huge, massive

Antonyms: faint

Usage: “a resounding smack across the face”

8) truncated (verb) – छोटा कर दिया

Meaning: shorten (something) by cutting off the top or the end.

Synonyms: shorten, cut, cut short

Antonyms: lengthen, extend

Usage: “a truncated cone shape”

9) Reiterated (verb) – बार बार दुहराना

Meaning: say something again or a number of times, typically for emphasis or clarity.

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Synonyms: repeat, say again, restate, retell

Antonyms: cancel

Usage: “she reiterated that the government would remain steadfast in its support”

10) Consensus (noun) – मतैक्य

Meaning: a general agreement.

Synonyms: agreement, harmony, concord, like-mindedness

Antonyms: disagreement, minority view

Usage: “there is a growing consensus that the current regime has failed”

Editorial 28 – 06 – 2019

1) Substantially (adverb)

Meaning: to a great or significant extent.

Synonyms: considerably, significantly, greatly, a great deal

Antonyms: slightly

Usage: “profits grew substantially”

2) Bedeviling (verb)

Meaning: (of a person) torment or harass.

Synonyms: afflict, torment, beset, assail

Antonyms: Precede

Usage: “he bedevilled them with petty practical jokes”

3) Emphatic (adjective)

Meaning: expressing something forcibly and clearly.

Synonyms: vehement, firm, wholehearted, forceful, forcible

Antonyms: hesitant, tentative

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Usage: “the children were emphatic that they would like to repeat the experience”

4) Envisage (verb)

Meaning: contemplate or conceive of as a possibility or a desirable future event.

Synonyms: foresee, predict, forecast

Antonyms: disregard

Usage: “the Rome Treaty envisaged free movement across frontiers”

5) Ubiquitous (adjective)

Meaning: present, appearing, or found everywhere.

Synonyms: omnipresent, ever-present

Antonyms: rare, scarce

Usage: “his ubiquitous influence was felt by all the family”

6) Plethora (noun)

Meaning: a large or excessive amount of something.

Synonyms: excess, abundance, overabundance

Usage: “a plethora of committees and subcommittees”

7) Expedite (verb)

Meaning: make (an action or process) happen sooner or be accomplished more quickly.

Synonyms: speed up, accelerate, hurry, hasten

Antonyms: delay, hinder

Usage: “he promised to expedite economic reforms”

8) Granular (adjective)

Meaning: resembling or consisting of small grains or particles.

Synonyms: powder, powdered, powdery

Antonyms: buttery, smooth, velvety

Usage: “a granular database”

9) Unanimous (adjective)

Meaning: (of an opinion, decision, or vote) held or carried by everyone involved.

Synonyms: uniform, consistent, solid, united

Antonyms: divided, at odds

Usage: “this requires the unanimous approval of all member states”

10) Hurdle (noun)

Meaning: a problem or difficulty that must be overcome.

Synonyms: obstacle, difficulty, problem, barrier

Antonyms: advantage, break, edge

Usage: “many would like to emigrate to the United States, but face formidable hurdles”

Editorial 29 – 06 – 2019

1) Xenophobic (adjective)

Meaning: having or showing a dislike of or prejudice against people from other countries.

Synonyms: racist, racialist, ethnocentric

Antonyms: xenomaniac

Usage: “xenophobic attitudes”

2) Indicative (adjective)

Meaning: serving as a sign or indication of something.

Synonyms: symptomatic, expressive, suggestive

Antonyms: concealing

Usage: “having recurrent dreams is not necessarily indicative of any psychological problem”

3) Grippped (verb)

Meaning: (of an emotion or situation) have a strong or adverse effect on.

Synonyms: afflict, affect, take over

Antonyms: release

Usage: “his knuckles were white as he gripped the steering wheel”

4) Indefensible (adjective)

Meaning: not justifiable by argument.

Synonyms: inexcusable, unjustifiable

Antonyms: justifiable, excusable

Usage: “this behaviour is morally indefensible”

5) Litigating (verb)

Meaning: resort to legal action to settle a matter; be involved in a lawsuit.

Synonyms: expedite action process challenge sue

Antonyms: sink source activation stabilisation stabilization

Usage: “the plaintiff is prepared to litigate”

6) Strident (adjective)

Meaning: (of a sound) loud and harsh; grating.

Synonyms: harsh, raucous, rough, grating

Usage: “his voice had become increasingly strident”

7) Exceeding (adjective)

Meaning: very great.

Synonyms: great, very great, considerable

Antonyms: fall short of

Usage: “she spoke warmly of his exceeding kindness”

8) Befuddling (verb)

Meaning: cause to become unable to think clearly.

Synonyms: confused, muddled, addled, bewildered

Antonyms: clear

Usage: “even in my befuddled state I could see that they meant trouble”

9) Adequate (adjective)

Meaning: satisfactory or acceptable in quality or quantity

Synonyms: sufficient, enough, ample

Antonyms: less

Usage: “this office is perfectly adequate for my needs”

10) Mere (adjective)

Meaning: used to emphasize how small or insignificant someone or something is.

Synonyms: trifling, meagre, bare, trivial

Usage: “questions that cannot be answered by mere mortals”



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