1) Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana was launched as an insurance service for farmers yield by PM Narendra Modi on…………..?
   a) 13 February 2015  
   b) 15 February 2016  
   c) 18 February 2016  
   d) 20 January 2016  
   Answer: c)  
   The Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY) was launched on 18 February 2016 by Prime Minister Narendra Modi is an insurance service for farmers for their yields. PMFBY aims to provide a comprehensive insurance cover against failure of the crop thus helping in stabilising the income of the farmers.

2) Consider the following statements regarding Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana-  
   1) It aims to reduce premium burden on the farmers  
   2) It will be administered under Ministry of Agriculture and farmers’ welfare  
   3) It was unveiled by PM Narendra Modi in the year 2016  
   Which of the above statements are correct?  
   a) Only 1 and 2  
   b) Only 2  
   c) Both 1 and 2  
   d) All 1, 2 and 3  
   Answer: d)  
   Prime Minister Narendra Modi unveiled the new scheme Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY) on 13th January, 2016. This scheme will help in decreasing the burden of premiums on farmers who take loans for their cultivation and will also safeguard them against the inclement weather. The scheme will be administered under the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare, Government of India.

3) Which of the following scheme was started in the year 2015 with the motto of ‘Har Khet ko Paani’?  
   a) Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana  
   b) Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana  
   c) Pradhan Mantri Gram Sinchai Yojana  
   d) Rashtriya Gokul Mission  
   Answer: c)  
   Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) was launched on 1st July, 2015 with the motto of ”Har Khet Ko Paani”. It is being implemented to expand cultivated area with assured irrigation, reduce wastage of water and improve water use efficiency.

4) What is the outlay proposed for the implementation of Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana for five years?  
   a) 40,000 crore  
   b) 60,000 crore  
   c) 50,000 crore  
   d) 90,000 crore  
   Answer: c)  
   Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) has been formulated with the vision of extending the coverage of irrigation ‘Har Khet ko pani’ and improving water use efficiency ‘More crop per drop’ in a focused manner with end to end solution on source creation, distribution, management, field application and extension activities. PMKSY has been approved for implementation across the country with an outlay of Rs. 50,000 crore in five years.

5) Which of the following farmer friendly initiative was introduced by the government for promoting organic farming?  
   a) Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana  
   b) Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana  
   c) Soil Health card scheme  
   d) Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana  
   Answer: d)  
   The scheme will be administered under the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare, Government of India.
The Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY) is an initiative to promote organic farming in the country, was launched by the NDA government in 2015. According to the scheme, farmers will be encouraged to form groups or clusters and take to organic farming methods over large areas in the country.

6) Which of the following scheme aims to conserve and develop indigenous breeds in a focused and scientific manner?
   a) Rashtriya Gokul Mission
   b) Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana
   c) Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana
   d) Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana
   Answer: a)
   Rashtriya Gokul Mission was launched in December 2014 for the development and conservation of indigenous bovine breeds for enhancing milk production. It aims to conserve and develop indigenous breeds in a focused and scientific manner.

7) What is the outlay of Rashtriya Gokul Mission which was launched in the year 2014 during the 12th Five-year plan?
   a) 700 crore
   b) 200 crore
   c) 500 crore
   d) 900 crore
   Answer: c)
   Rashtriya Gokul Mission was launched in December 2014 for the development and conservation of indigenous bovine breeds for enhancing milk production. Rashtriya Gokul Mission is a focused project under National Programme for Bovine Breeding and Dairy Development, with an outlay of Rs 500 crore during the 12th Five Year Plan.

8) Which of the following scheme aims at promoting soil test based and balanced use of fertilisers to enable farmers to realize higher yields at lower cost?
   a) Rashtriya Gokul Mission
   b) Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana
   c) Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana
   d) Soil Health Card Scheme
   Answer: d)
   Soil Health Card Scheme is a scheme launched by the Government of India in 19 February 2015. The scheme aims at promoting soil test based and balanced use of fertilisers to enable farmers to realise higher yields at lower cost. The main objective is also to aware growers about the appropriate amount of nutrients for the concerned crop depending on the quality of soil.

9) How much amount has been allocated by the government for the Soil-Health Card Scheme?
   a) 568 crore
   b) 896 crore
   c) 934 crore
   d) 678 crore
   Answer: a)
   Soil Health Card Scheme is a scheme launched by the Government of India on 19 February 2015. An amount of ₹568 crore was allocated by the government for the scheme. In 2016 Union budget of India, ₹100 crore was allocated to states for making soil health cards and set up labs.

10) Consider the following statements regarding Pandit Deendayal Upadhyay Unnat Krishi Shiksha Scheme-
   1) It was launched in the year 2017 to promote agricultural education
   2) Aims to provide rural support in the field of farming
   3) It is implemented by the Education division of ICAR
   Which of the above statements are correct?
   a) Only 1
   b) Only 2 and 3
   c) Only 1 and 3
   d) All of the above
   Answer: d)
   “Pandit Deen Dayal Upadhyay Unnat Krishi Shiksha Yojana” comes under Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare and implemented by Education Division of ICAR. It aims to build skilled Human Resource at village level relevant to national needs towards organic farming and sustainable agriculture. Provide rural India with professional support in the field.
of Organic Farming/Natural Farming/Rural Economy/Sustainable Agriculture.

11) Which of the following is the biggest financial inclusion initiative in the world announced by PM Modi in the year 2014?
   a) Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana  
   b) Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana  
   c) Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Beema Yojana  
   d) Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana
   **Answer: b)**
   Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) is the biggest financial inclusion initiative in the world which was announced by the Hon'ble Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 15th August 2014 from the ramparts of the Red Fort and launched by him on 28th August 2014 across the country. While launching the Yojana, the Prime Minister had described the occasion as a festival to celebrate the liberation of the poor from a vicious cycle.

12) What is the amount of insurance coverage provided to the account-holders under Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana?
   a) 60,000  
   b) 20,000  
   c) 40,000  
   d) 30,000
   **Answer: d)**
   Under the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana scheme, there will be an accidental insurance cover of 2,00,000/- for the account holders and also they would be given insurance coverage worth 30,000/- if they adhere to certain specific terms of the scheme including opening of bank account by the 26th of January 2015.

13) Which of the following is a government-backed life insurance scheme started by Indian Government in the year 2015?
   a) Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana  
   b) Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana  
   c) Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana  
   d) Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Yojana
   **Answer: c)**
   Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana is a government-backed Life insurance scheme in India. It was formally launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 9 May in Kolkata in the year 2015.

14) What is the amount of renewable insurance cover provided to the Indian residents under Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana?
   a) Rs. 2 lakh  
   b) Rs. 4 lakh  
   c) Rs. 6 lakh  
   d) Rs. 8 lakh
   **Answer: a)**
   Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana is a one-year life insurance scheme, renewable from year to year, offering coverage for death. Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana offers a renewable insurance coverage cover of Rs 2 lakh with merely a premium of Rs 330. Any Indian resident inside age bracket of 18 to five decades is eligible to avail the scheme, provided she or he has a saving banking account with which the scheme can be attached.

15) Which of the following life insurance company is the main administrator of Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana?
   a) PNB Metlife Insurance  
   b) SBI Life Insurance  
   c) Reliance Life Insurance  
   d) Life Insurance Corporation of India
   **Answer: d)**
   Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana is an insurance scheme that would be renewable every year with a cover for just one year at a time. The scheme covers death due to any reasons. The main administrator of the scheme would be Life Insurance Corporation along with few other insurance companies.

16) What is the amount of payment given to the nominee in the case of accidental death or full disability under Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana?
   a) 3 lakh  
   b) 5 lakh
c) 7 lakh
d) 2 lakh
Answer: d)
Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana is a government-backed accident insurance scheme in India. In case of accidental death or full disability, the payment to the nominee will be ₹2 lakh and in case of partial Permanent disability ₹1 lakh.

17) Consider the following statements regarding Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana-
1) It is accidental insurance scheme started in the year 2015
2) Amount of premium is Rs. 12 per annum for each member
3) Available to the people between 18-50 years of age with bank accounts
Which of the above statements is not correct?
a) Only 1
b) Only 2
c) Both 1 and 2
d) Only 3
Answer: d)
Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana is a government-backed accident insurance scheme in India started in the year 2015. Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana is available to people between 18 and 70 years of age with bank accounts. It has an annual premium of ₹12 exclusive of taxes.

18) Which of the following is a government-backed pension scheme targeted at unorganised sector workers in India?
a) Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana
b) Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana
c) Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana
d) Atal Pension Yojana
Answer: d)
Atal Pension Yojana which was previously known as Swavalamban Yojana is a government-backed pension scheme in India targeted at the unorganised sector. It was mentioned in the 2015 Budget speech by Finance Minister Arun Jaitley.

19) An Indian National within which of the following age-group are eligible to contribute under Atal Pension Yojana?
a) 18-40 years
b) 18-50 years
c) 18-60 years
d) 18-55 years
Answer: a)
The basic eligibility criteria of the Atal Pension Yojana need an individual to be an Indian citizen within the age group of 18 to 40 years to join the scheme. Any Indian resident within the age group of 18 years to 40 years, irrespective of whether they are salaried or self-employed, can opt for pension under the Atal Pension Yojana.

20) Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Yojana is an amnesty scheme launched by the Narendra Modi led Government of India in which year?
a) 2016
b) 2017
c) 2014
d) 2018
Answer: a)
Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Yojana, 2016 (PMGKY) is an amnesty scheme launched by the Narendra Modi led Government of India in December 2016. The scheme provides an opportunity to declare unaccounted wealth and black money in a confidential manner and avoid prosecution after paying a fine of 50% on the undisclosed income.

21) What is the minimum amount that can be invested in Kisan Vikas Patra Scheme?
a) Rs. 2000
b) Rs. 1000
c) Rs. 5000
d) Rs. 8000
Answer: b)
Kisan Vikas Patra is a saving certificate scheme which was first launched in 1998 by India Post and re-launched in 2015. KVP certificates are available in the denominations of Rs 1000, Rs 5000, Rs 10000 and Rs 50000. The minimum amount that can be invested is Rs
1000. However, there is no upper limit on the purchase of KVPs.

22) Which of the following is the first Indian state to issue soil health cards as part of the Union Government initiative?
   a) Andhra Pradesh
   b) West-Bengal
   c) Punjab
   d) Madhya Pradesh
   **Answer: c)**
   Soil Health Card is a Union Government initiative for farmers. Punjab has become the first state in India to issue Soil Health Cards. Prime Minister Narendra Modi had formally launched the nationwide "Soil Health Card Scheme in February 2015 in Suratgarh, Rajasthan.

23) The amount that is invested in Kisan Vikas Patra Scheme gets doubled in how many months?
   a) 118 months
   b) 110 months
   c) 115 months
   d) 120 months
   **Answer: a)**
   The amount that is invested in Kisan Vikas Patra would get doubled in 118 months and the rate of interest is 7.6% from 1st January 2018.

24) Which of the following scheme facilitates the depositors of gold to earn interest on their metal accounts?
   a) Mudra Loan
   b) Gold Monetization Scheme
   c) Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Yojana
   d) Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana
   **Answer: b)**
   Gold Monetization Scheme (GMS) refers to a process wherein a depositor deposits gold with a bank which is then lent by the bank to its borrowers after melting into gold bars. This is akin to a normal banking operation but carried out in terms of gold instead of in rupee. The minimum quantity of gold that a customer can bring is proposed to be set at 30 grams, so that even small depositors are encouraged.

25) What is the minimum quantity of gold that a customer can bring under Gold Monetisation Scheme so that even small depositors are encouraged?
   a) 30 grams
   b) 50 grams
   c) 88 grams
   d) 100 grams
   **Answer: a)**
   Gold Monetization Scheme refers to a process wherein a depositor deposits gold with a bank which is then lent by the bank to its borrowers after melting into gold bars. This is akin to a normal banking operation but carried out in terms of gold instead of in rupee. The minimum quantity of gold that a customer can bring is proposed to be set at 30 grams, so that even small depositors are encouraged.

26) Which scheme was launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 22 January 2015 as a part of the Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao campaign?
   a) Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana
   b) Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana
   c) Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra Scheme
   d) Rashtriya Mahila Kosh Scheme
   **Answer: a)**
   The Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana was launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 22 January 2015 as a part of the Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao campaign. The scheme encourages parents to build a fund for the future education and marriage expenses for their female child.

27) What is the maximum age for opening sukanya samriddhi account under Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Scheme?
   a) 15 years
   b) 18 years
   c) 21 years
   d) 10 years
   **Answer: d)**
The Sukanya Samriddhi account can be opened anytime between the birth of a girl child and the time she attains 10 years age by the parent/guardian. Only one account is allowed per child. Parents can open a maximum of two accounts for each of their children. The account can be transferred to anywhere in India.

28) Which scheme aims to generate awareness and improve the efficiency of welfare services intended for girls in India?

a) Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana  
b) Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana  
c) Beti Bachao Beti Padhao Yojana  
d) Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra Scheme  

**Answer: c)**  
The Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao scheme was launched on 22 January 2015 by PM Narendra Modi. It aims to address the issue of the declining child sex ratio image (CSR) and is a national initiative jointly run by the Ministry of Women and Child Development, the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare and the Ministry of Human Resource Development.

29) Who among the following personality was announced as the brand ambassador of Beti Bachao Beti Padhao campaign in 2016?

a) Deepa Malik  
b) Sania Mirza  
c) PV Sindhu  
d) Sakshi Malik  

**Answer: d)**  
Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao is a campaign of the Government of India that aims to generate awareness and improve the efficiency of welfare services intended for girls in India. On 26 August 2016, Olympics 2016 bronze medallist Sakshi Malik was made brand ambassador for BBBP.

30) ………………. is a Maternity Benefit Programme that is implemented in all the districts of the country in accordance with the provision of the National Food Security Act, 2013?

a) Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra Scheme  
b) Rashtriya Mahila Kosh Scheme  
c) Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana  
d) Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana  

**Answer: c)**  
Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY), previously Indira Gandhi Matritva Sahyog Yojana (IGMSY), is a maternity benefit program run by the government of India. It was introduced in 2016 and is implemented by the Ministry of Women and Child Development.

31) Which of the following scheme aims at protecting the rights of the rural women in India?

a) Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra Scheme  
b) Rashtriya Mahila Kosh Scheme  
c) Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana  
d) Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana  

**Answer: a)**  
Government of India approved a new scheme namely; Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra (MSK) for 2017-18 upto 2019-20 to empower rural women through community participation and to create an environment in which they realize their full potential. The new implemented scheme is aimed at offering the women from the rural areas with equal rights within the community.

32) Which of the following scheme aims at providing safe place for mothers to leave their children while they are at work?

a) Rashtriya Mahila Kosh Scheme  
b) National Creche Scheme  
c) Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra Scheme  
d) Swadhar Greh  

**Answer: b)**  
National Creche Scheme aims at providing safe place for mothers to leave their children while they are at work. It is measure for empowering women as it enables them to take up employment. It is also intervention towards protection and development of children in age group of 6 months to 6 years.

33) Which of the following scheme serves the purpose to provide lower income women with access to loans to begin small businesses?

a) Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra Scheme  
b) Rashtriya Mahila Kosh Scheme  
c) Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana  
d) Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana
a) Rashtriya Mahila Kosh Scheme
b) Priyadarshini scheme
c) Swadhar Greh
d) Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shakti Kendra Scheme

**Answer: a)**
Rashtriya Mahila Kosh also known as The National Credit Fund for Women was created by the Government of India in 1993. Its purpose is to provide lower income women with access to loans to begin small businesses.

34) Consider the following statements regarding the objectives of Swadhar Greh Scheme-
1) Providing women with legal aid and guidance to enable them to take steps for their readjustment in society.
2) To cater to the primary need of shelter, food, clothing, medical treatment and care of the women in distress.
Which of the above statements are correct?

a) Only 1  
b) Only 2  
c) Both 1 and 2  
d) Neither 1 nor 2

**Answer: c)**
The Swadhar Greh scheme envisions a supportive institutional framework for women victims of difficult circumstances so that they could lead their life with dignity and conviction. It envisages that shelter, food, clothing, and health as well as economic and social security are assured for such women. It also envisages that the special needs of these women are properly taken care of and under no circumstances they should be left unattended or abandoned which could lead to their exploitation and desolation.

35) Which of the following are the objectives of Integrated Child Development Services Scheme?

a) Improvement of health and nutritional status of children of 0-6 years of age  
b) Laying foundation for psychological, social and physical development of the child  
c) Enhancing capabilities of mothers to look after normal health and nutritional needs of the children  
d) All of the above

**Answer: d)**
ICDS Scheme is a centrally sponsored scheme implemented by states/UTs. It was launched on 2nd October 1975. Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) is a government programme in India which provides food, preschool education, primary healthcare, immunization, health check-up and referral services to children under 6 years of age and their mothers.

36) Which scheme is a part of National Rural Livelihood Mission launched by the Government on 25 September, 2014?

a) Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana  
b) Deendayal Upadhyay Grameen Kaushalya Yojana  
c) Udaan Scheme  
d) Deendayal Upadhyay Shramev Jayate Yojana

**Answer: b)**
Grameen Kaushalya Yojana or DDU-GKY is a Government of India youth employment scheme. It was launched on 25 September 2014 by Union Ministers Nitin Gadkari and Venkaiah Naidu on the occasion of 98th birth anniversary of Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya. The Vision of DDU-GKY is to "Transform rural poor youth into an economically independent and globally relevant workforce".

37) What is the corpus of Deendayal Upadhyay Grameen Kaushalya Yojana, aimed at enhancing the employability of rural youth?

a) 1200 crore  
b) 1700 crore  
c) 2000 crore  
d) 1500 crore

**Answer: d)**
Grameen Kaushalya Yojana or DDU-GKY is a Government of India youth employment scheme. It was launched on 25 September 2014 by Union Ministers Nitin Gadkari and Venkaiah Naidu on the occasion of 98th birth anniversary of Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya. The Vision of DDU-GKY is to "Transform rural poor youth into an economically independent and globally relevant workforce". A corpus of Rs 1,500 crore is aimed at enhancing the employability of rural youth.
38) The National Sports Talent Search Scheme (NSTSS) formulated in which year for talent identification in the age group of 8-12 years?
   a) 2015  
   b) 2017  
   c) 2014  
   d) 2018
   Answer: a)
   The National Sports Talent Search Scheme (NSTSS) has been formulated for talent identification in the age group of 8-12 years and nurturing of identified talented sports persons. The scheme is being implemented by Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, Government of India. The scheme envisages to cover all schools in different States / UTs throughout the country for a period of five years from 2015-16 to 2019-20.

39) Which of the following scheme was launched in the year 2015 with an aim to provide affordable housing in urban poor?
   a) Smart City Mission  
   b) Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana  
   c) Mission Indradhanush  
   d) Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation
   Answer: b)
   Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) is an initiative by Government of India in which affordable housing will be provided to the urban poor with a target of building 20 million affordable houses by 31 March 2022. The features of Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana are that the government will provide an interest subsidy of 6.5% on housing loans availed by the beneficiaries for a period of 20 years under credit link subsidy scheme (CLSS) from the start of a loan.

40) How many affordable houses would be constructed by 31 March, 2022 under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana?
   a) 20 million  
   b) 40 million  
   c) 35 million  
   d) 50 million
   Answer: a)
   Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) is an initiative by Government of India in which affordable housing will be provided to the urban poor with a target of building 20 million affordable houses by 31 March 2022. The features of Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana are that the government will provide an interest subsidy of 6.5% on housing loans availed by the beneficiaries for a period of 20 years under credit link subsidy scheme (CLSS) from the start of a loan.

41) _______ is an urban renewal and retrofitting program by the Government of India with the mission to develop 100 cities across the country?
   a) Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana  
   b) Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation  
   c) Mission Indradhanush  
   d) Smart City Mission
   Answer: d)
   Smart City Mission, is an urban renewal and retrofitting program by the Government of India with the mission to develop 100 cities across the country making them citizen friendly and sustainable. The Union Ministry of Urban Development is responsible for implementing the mission in collaboration with the state governments of the respective cities.

42) Which of the following mission is aimed at transforming 500 cities and towns into efficient urban living spaces?
   a) Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation  
   b) Smart City Mission  
   c) Mission Indradhanush  
   d) Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana
   Answer: a)
   Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation was launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi in June 2015 with the focus to establish infrastructure that could ensure adequate robust sewage networks and water supply for urban transformation by implementing urban renewal projects. This mission is aimed at transforming 500 cities and towns into efficient
urban living spaces, with special focus on a healthy and green environment for children.

43) Which was the first state in the country to submit State Annual Action Plan under Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation?
   a) Madhya Pradesh
   b) Tamil Nadu
   c) Andhra Pradesh
   d) Rajasthan
   Answer: d)

   Rajasthan was the first state in the country to submit State Annual Action Plan under Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT).

44) Consider the following statements regarding Pradhan Mantri Jan Ausadhi Yojana-
1) It is aimed to provide quality medicines at affordable prices to the masses
2) Bureau of Pharma PSUs of India (BPPI) is the implementation agency for PMBJP
3) 'Jan Aushadhi Scheme' was revamped as 'Pradhan Mantri Jan Aushadhi Yojana' in 2015
Which of the above statements are correct?
   a) Both 1 and 2
   b) Both 2 and 3
   c) Both 1 and 3
   d) All of the above
   Answer: d)

   Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Jan Aushadhi Pariyojana Kendra (PMBJP) is a campaign launched by the Department of Pharmaceuticals, Government of India, to provide quality medicines at affordable prices to the masses through special kendras known as Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Jan Aushadhi Kendra.

   BPPI (Bureau of Pharma Public Sector Undertakings of India) has been established under the Department of Pharmaceuticals, Govt. of India, with the support of all the CPSUs for co-coordinating procurement, supply and marketing of generic drugs through the Jan Aushadhi Stores.

   In September 2015, the 'Jan Aushadhi Scheme' was revamped as 'Pradhan Mantri Jan Aushadhi Yojana' (PMJAY).

45_________ seeks to drive towards 90% full immunization coverage of India and sustain the same by year 2020?
   a) Pradhan Mantri Jan Aushadhi Yojana
   b) Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojana
   c) Mission Indradhanush
   d) National Ayush Mission
   Answer: c)

   Mission Indradhanush is a health mission of the government of India. It was launched by Union Health Minister J. P. Nadda on 25 December 2014. The scheme this seeks to drive towards 90% full immunization coverage of India and sustain the same by year 2020.

46) Vaccination is provided against how many vaccine-preventable diseases nationally under Mission Indradhanush?
   a) Eight
   b) Nine
   c) Twelve
   d) Sixteen
   Answer: a)

   Vaccination is being provided against eight vaccine-preventable diseases nationally, i.e. Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Polio, Measles, severe form of Childhood Tuberculosis and Hepatitis B and meningitis & pneumonia caused by Haemophilus influenza type B; and against Rotavirus Diarrhea and Japanese Encephalitis in selected states and districts respectively.

47) Which of the following scheme is an initiative of Ministry of Tribal affairs launched on 14 April, 2018?
   a) Van Dhan scheme
   b) Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana
   c) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana
   d) Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana
   Answer: a)

   The Van Dhan Scheme is an initiative of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs and TRIFED. It was launched on 14th April, 2018 and seeks to improve tribal incomes through value addition of tribal products.
48) Which of the following are the objectives of VanBandhu Kalyan Yojana launched in November 2014?
   a) Improving the quality of life in tribal areas
   b) Qualitative and sustainable employment for tribal families
   c) Protection of tribal culture and heritage
   d) All of the above

   Answer: d)

   The Government of India, Ministry of Tribal Affairs has launched Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana (VKY) for welfare of Tribal. It aims at creating enabling environment for need based and outcome oriented holistic development of the tribal people. This process envisages ensuring that all the intended benefits of goods and services under various programmes/schemes of Central as well as State Governments actually reach the target groups by convergence of resources through appropriate institutional mechanism.

49) Which of the following scheme launched by PM Narendra Modi aims at ensuring 24/7 power for all?
   a) Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana
   b) Integrated Power Development Scheme
   c) UDAY Scheme
   d) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana

   Answer: b)

   Prime Minister Narendra Modi has launched the Integrated Power Development Scheme in Varanasi. Under this scheme, the State Governments with the support of the Central Government will attempt to ensure 24/7 power for all. The Government of India will provide budgetary support of Rs. 45,800 crore over the entire implementation period of IPDS.

50) What is the budgetary support provided by the Government for the entire implementation of Integrated Power Development Scheme?
   a) Rs. 49,700 crore
   b) Rs. 45,800 crore
   c) Rs. 47,900 crore
   d) Rs. 48,600 crore

   Answer: b)

   Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY) is a Government of India scheme designed to provide continuous power supply to rural India. The scheme replaced the existing Rajiv Gandhi Grameen Vidyutikaran Yojana (RGGVY). It was launched on 25 July, 2015.

51) ________ is a Government of India scheme designed to provide continuous power supply to rural India?
   a) Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana
   b) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana
   c) UDAY Scheme
   d) Integrated Power Development Scheme

   Answer: a)

52) The Government has planned to invest how much amount for rural electrification under Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana?
   a) Rs. 657 Billion
   b) Rs. 789 Billion
   c) Rs. 856 Billion
   d) Rs. 756 Billion

   Answer: d)

53) Which of the following is a national program for LED-based home and street lighting?
   a) Integrated Power Development Scheme
   b) ‘Prakash Path’-‘Way to Light’
   c) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana
   d) UDAY Scheme
Answer: b)
Prime Minister Narendra Modi launched the Prakash Path (Way to Light) on 5 January 2015. This is a national program for LED-based home and street lighting. The scheme launched has an aim planning to replace 77 crore conventional bulbs and 3.5 crore conventional streetlights with the LED range.

54) Which program will help in justifying the climate change by reducing the CO2 emission by 85 million tonnes annually?
   a) ‘Prakash Path’- ‘Way to Light’
   b) Integrated Power Development Scheme
   c) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana
   d) Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana
Answer: a)
The Prime Minister invented ‘Prakash Path-Way to Light’ program as a people’s movement which would work towards the conservation of energy and thus benefit the environment. This program will help in justifying the climate change by reducing the CO2 emission by 85 million tonnes annually.

55) Which scheme aims to obtain operational and financial turnaround of State owned Power Distribution Companies?
   a) Ujjwal DISCOM Assurance Yojana
   b) Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana
   c) ‘Prakash Path’ - ‘Way to Light’
   d) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana
Answer: a)
Ujjwal DISCOM Assurance Yojana (UDAY) is the financial turnaround and revival package for electricity distribution companies of India (DISCOMs) initiated by the Government of India. The scheme was announced by Piyush Goyal, Minister of State (IC) for Power, Coal & New and Renewable Energy in November 2015.

56) Which among the following was the first Indian state to join Ujjwal DISCOM Assurance Yojana (UDAY) scheme?
   a) Uttar Pradesh
   b) Maharashtra
   c) Jharkhand
   d) Tamil Nadu
Answer: c)
Jharkhand became the first state to come under UDAY scheme. Other states that have given their in-principle approval are: Gujarat, Chhattisgarh, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Rajasthan, Punjab, Haryana, Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Uttarakhand and Telangana, Assam.

57) Consider the following statements regarding Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana-
   1) This Scheme aims to provide free LPG connections to Women from BPL Households by providing financial support.
   2) This measure will empower women and protect their health.
   Which of the above statements are correct?
   a) Only 1
   b) Only 2
   c) Both 1 and 2
   d) Neither 1 nor 2
Answer: c)
Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY) was launched by Prime Minister of India Narendra Modi on 1 May 2016 to distribute 50 million LPG connections to women of BPL families. Providing LPG connections to BPL households will ensure universal coverage of cooking gas in the country. This measure will empower women and protect their health.

58) What is the amount of budgetary allocation by the Government for Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana?
   a) Rs.700 Billion
   b) Rs. 500 Billion
   c) Rs.300 Billion
   d) Rs. 800 Billion
Answer: d)
Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY) was launched by Prime Minister of India Narendra Modi on 1 May 2016 to distribute 50 million LPG connections to women of BPL families. A budgetary allocation of 800 billion (US$12 billion) was made for the scheme by the Government.
59) What is the amount of financial support provided for each LPG Connection to the BPL households under Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana?
   a) Rs. 1200
   b) Rs. 2000
   c) Rs. 1600
   d) Rs. 1800
   Answer: c)

Under Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana scheme, five crore LPG connections are to be provided to BPL households. The Scheme provides a financial support of Rs 1600 for each LPG connection to the BPL households, interest free loan to purchase stove and refill by Oil Marketing Companies.

60) Which programme was launched by the PM Narendra Modi on the birth anniversary of Jayaprakash Narayan, on 11 October 2014?
   a) Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission
   b) Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation
   c) Mission Indradhanush
   d) Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana
   Answer: d)

Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana is a rural development programme broadly focusing upon the development in the villages which includes social development, cultural development and spread motivation among the people on social mobilization of the village community. Under the scheme, Narendra Modi has adopted Jayapur village his constituency Varanasi in Uttar Pradesh.

62) ________ is a scheme launched by Government of India in 2016 to deliver integrated project based infrastructure in the rural areas?
   a) Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation
   b) Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana
   c) Mission Indradhanush
   d) Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission
   Answer: d)

The Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM) is a scheme launched by Government of India in 2016 to deliver integrated project based infrastructure in the rural areas, which will also include development of economic activities and skill development. Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM) was announced in the Union Budget 2014-15.

63) How many clusters have been identified and approved across 29 States and 6 Union Territories out of 300 clusters under Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission?
   a) 280
   b) 288
   c) 295
   d) 277
   Answer: c)

The Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM) is under implementation across the country. The Mission has progressed since the launch in 2016. Out of the mandated 300 clusters, 295 clusters have been identified and approved across 29 States and 6 Union Territories. SPMRM was launched by the Prime Minister on February 21st, 2016 with an outlay of Rs. 5142.08 crore.

64) Which scheme was launched by the Government of India to encourage companies to manufacture
their products in India and enthuse with dedicated investments into manufacturing?

a) Udaan Scheme  
b) Make in India Initiative  
c) Startup India, Standup India  
c) Sagarmala Project  

**Answer: b)**  
Make in India is a type of Swadeshi movement covering 25 sectors of the economy. It was launched by the Government of India on 25 September 2014 to encourage companies to manufacture their products in India and enthuse with dedicated investments into manufacturing.

65) "Zero Defect Zero Effect" slogan was coined by Prime Minister of India, Narendra Modi, as essence of which initiative?  

a) Make in India Initiative  
b) Sagarmala Project  
c) Startup India, Standup India  
d) Udaan Scheme  

**Answer: a)**  
"Zero Defect Zero Effect" slogan was coined by Prime Minister of India, Narendra Modi, as essence of the Make in India initiative that manages advanced processes, materials and technologies, to guide the production mechanism that produces products with no defects with any adverse environmental and ecological effects.

66) Which campaign was announced by PM Narendra Modi during his 15 August 2015 address from the Red Fort, in New Delhi?  

a) Swachh Bharat Abhiyan  
b) Make in India Initiative  
c) Startup India, Standup India  
d) Sagarmala Project  

**Answer: c)**  
Startup India is an initiative of the Government of India. The campaign was first announced by Indian Prime Minister, Narendra Modi during his 15 August 2015 address from the Red Fort, in New Delhi.

67) Which state was the best performer of first ever startup state ranking were announced by the Department of Industry and Internal Trade?  

a) Gujarat  
b) Maharashtra  
c) Tamil Nadu  
d) West Bengal  

**Answer: a)**  
Gujarat was the best performer of first ever startup state ranking announced in December 2018 by the Department of Industry and Internal Trade based on the criteria of policy, incubation hubs, seeding innovation, scaling innovation, regulatory change, procurement, communication, North-Eastern states, and hill states.

68) Which of the following is the eligibility criteria under National Bal Swachhta Mission launched in 2014?  

a) The Scheme is eligible for government schools in India  
b) Mission is eligible for the State, District, Blocks and Gram-Panchayat level  
c) The anganwadis all over India are eligible for the scheme  
d) All of the above  

**Answer: d)**  
The Union Minister of Women and Child Development Smt. Maneka Gandhi launched the National Bal Swachhta Mission in New Delhi on 14 Nov, 2014. The Scheme is eligible for government schools in India. The anganwadis all over India are eligible for the scheme and the National Bal Swachhta Mission is eligible for the State, District, Blocks and Gram-Panchayat level.

69) Which scheme was launched on the occasion of the 125th birth anniversary of our first Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru?  

a) Swachh Bharat Abhiyan  
b) Setu Bharatam Project  
c) National Bal Swachhta mission  
d) Udaan Scheme  

**Answer: c)**  
The National Bal Swachhta Abhiyan was launched on the occasion of remembrance on the 125th birth
anniversary of our first Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for his devotion and love towards the children of our nation. This day is also dedicated to the children of the country as Children’s Day.

70) Which project was launched by CBSE under the guidance of Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India on 14 November, 2014?

a) National Bal Swachhta mission  
b) Udaan Scheme  
c) PAHAL Scheme  
d) Sagarmala Project  

Answer: b)  
Udaan is a project launched by Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE) under the guidance of Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India. Udaan is designed to provide a comprehensive platform to deserving girl students who aspire to pursue higher education in engineering and support them to prepare for the entrance examinations while studying in Classes XI and XII.

71) Setu Bharatam Project launched by PM Narendra Modi in the year 2016 comes under which ministry?

a) Ministry of Home Affairs  
b) Ministry of Human Resource Development  
c) Ministry of Labour and Employment  
d) Ministry of Road Transport and Highways  

Answer: d)  
Setu Bharatam was launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 4 March 2016 at a budget of ₹102 billion. It is an initiative of Ministry of Road Transport and Highways.

72) Which of the following programme aims to make all National Highways free of railway level crossings by 2019?

a) PAHAL Scheme  
b) UDAAN Scheme  
c) Swadesh Darshan Yojana  
d) Setu Bharatam Project  

Answer: d)  
Setu Bharatam programme aims to make all National Highways free of railway level crossings by 2019. This is being done to prevent the frequent accidents and loss of lives at level crossings. 208 Railway Over Bridges (ROB)/Railway under Bridges (RUB) will be built at the level crossings at a cost of ₹20,800 crore as part of the programme.

73) Which of the following initiative was launched to fulfill Mahatma Gandhi’s dream of a clean and hygienic India?

a) Setu Bharatam Project  
b) PAHAL Scheme  
c) Swadesh Darshan Yojana  
d) Swachh Bharat Abhiyan  

Answer: d)  
Swachh Bharat Abhiyan (SBA) or Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) is a nation-wide campaign in India for the period 2014 to 2019 that aims to clean up the streets, roads and infrastructure of India's cities, towns, and rural areas. It was launched to fulfil Mahatma Gandhi’s dream of a clean and hygienic India.

74) Under which of the following scheme the subsidy money of LPG cylinders is sent directly into the bank accounts of the consumers?

a) Pandit Deendayal Upadhyay Shramev Jayate Yojana  
b) Sagarmala Project  
c) Swadesh Darshan Yojana  
d) PAHAL Scheme  

Answer: d)  
Union Government’s ambitious Pratyaksha Hastaantarit Laabh (PAHAL) scheme has been acknowledged as the world’s largest cash transfer program. Under PAHAL scheme the subsidy money of LPG cylinders is sent directly into the bank accounts of the consumers.

75) Which of the following initiative includes plans to connect rural areas with high-speed internet networks?

a) Skill India  
b) Digital India  
c) Vikalp Scheme  

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d) Startup India Standup India  
**Answer: b)**  
Digital India is a campaign launched by the Government of India in order to ensure the Government's services are made available to citizens electronically by improved online infrastructure and by increasing Internet connectivity or by making the country digitally empowered in the field of technology. The initiative includes plans to connect rural areas with high-speed internet networks.

76) Ministry of Tourism launched which scheme for integrated development of theme based tourist circuits in the country?  
a) Vikalp Scheme  
b) Startup India Standup India  
c) Swadesh Darshan Yojana  
d) PRASAD Scheme  
**Answer: c)**  
The Modi Government had launched a tourist based scheme in 2015 to attract more tourists in the country. The Government of India, Ministry of Tourism (MoT) launched the Swadesh Darshan Scheme (Central Sector Scheme) – for integrated development of theme based tourist circuits in the country in 2014-15.

77) Which campaign was launched by PM Narendra Modi on 15 July 2015 which aims to train over 40 crore people in India in different skills by 2022?  
a) Vikalp Scheme  
b) PRASAD Scheme  
c) Startup India Standup India  
d) Skill India Scheme  
**Answer: d)**  
Skill India is a campaign launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 15 July 2015 which aims to train over 40 crore people in India in different skills by 2022. It includes various initiatives of the government like "National Skill Development Mission", "National Policy for Skill Development and Entrepreneurship, 2015", "Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY)" and the "Skill Loan scheme".

78) Sagarmala Project which was launched in the year 2015 is related to...........?  
a) Sea route development  
b) Oil extraction  
c) Economic Growth and Heritage Conservation  
d) Modernization of ports  
**Answer: d)**  
The Sagarmala Programme is an initiative by the government of India to enhance the performance of the country's logistics sector. The programme envisages unlocking the potential of waterways and the coastline to minimize infrastructural investments required to meet these targets. It was launched on 31 July, 2015.

79) National Heritage City Development and Augmentation Yojana (HRIDAY) launched in 2015 is set to be implemented in how many cities?  
a) 12 cities  
b) 10 cities  
c) 15 cities  
d) 20 cities  
**Answer: a)**  
National Heritage City Development and Augmentation Yojana (HRIDAY) was launched on 21 January 2015 with the aim of bringing together urban planning, economic growth and heritage conservation in an inclusive manner to preserve the heritage character of each Heritage City. It is set to be implemented in 12 cities.

80) One Rank One Pension Scheme which aims to provide same pension, for same rank, for same length of service, irrespective of the date of retirement was launched in ____?  
a) 2015  
b) 2018  
c) 2014  
d) 2017  
**Answer: c)**  
One Rank One Pension (OROP), or "same pension, for same rank, for same length of service, irrespective of the date of retirement", is a longstanding demand of the Indian armed forces and veterans. It was launched on 1 July, 2014.
81) ______ is a new programme meant to provide for the welfare of areas and people affected by mining related operations?
   a) Pradhan Mantri Khanij Kshetra Kalyan Yojana
   b) Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana
   c) Vikalp Scheme
   d) Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan

   **Answer: a)**
   PMKKKY programme is meant to provide for the welfare of areas and people affected by mining related operations. The most productive mining areas in the country are largely areas inhabited by scheduled tribes. The PMKKKY is, therefore, very sharply focused on safeguarding the health, environment and economic conditions of the tribal’s and providing them with opportunities to benefit from the vast mineral resources that are extracted from the areas where they live.

82) Which of the following is an Integrated Conservation Mission, approved as ‘Flagship Programme’ by the Union Government in June 2014?
   a) Swachh Bharat Abhiyan
   b) Startup India, Standup India
   c) Mission Indradhanush
   d) Namami Gange Project

   **Answer: d)**
   The Union Cabinet chaired by the Prime Minister, Narendra Modi approved the flagship "Namami Gange" programmes which integrates the efforts to clean and protect the Ganga River in a comprehensive manner. It was launched in June, 2014.

83) What is the budget outlay of Namami Gange Programme which was launched in the year 2014?
   a) Rs. 20,000 crore
   b) Rs. 30,000 crore
   c) Rs. 10,000 crore
   d) Rs. 50,000 crore

   **Answer: a)**
   ‘Namami Gange Programme’, is an Integrated Conservation Mission, approved as ‘Flagship Programme’ by the Union Government in June 2014 with budget outlay of Rs.20,000 Crore to accomplish the twin objectives of effective abatement of pollution, conservation and rejuvenation of National River Ganga.

84) Which campaign is being organised on the occasion of Ambedkar Jayanti during the period 14th April to 05th May, 2018?
   a) Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana
   b) Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana
   c) Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan
   d) Pradhan Mantri Khanij Kshetra Kalyan Yojana

   **Answer: c)**
   Gram Swaraj Abhiyan is a campaign that is being organised on the occasion of Ambedkar Jayanti during the period 14th April to 05th May, 2018. The objective of the campaign is to promote social harmony, spread awareness about pro-poor initiatives of government, reach out to poor households to enroll them as also to obtain their feedback on various welfare programmes.

85) What is the amount allocated by the Government for the implementation of Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan?
   a) Rs. 689 crore
   b) Rs. 655 crore
   c) Rs. 534 crore
   d) Rs. 698 crore

   **Answer: b)**
   Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan is a new proposed scheme announced in the union financial budget 2016-17 by the Finance Minister Mr. Arun Jaitley. Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan has been proposed with allocation of Rs. 655 crore.

86) The objective of which of the following scheme is to supplement agriculture, modernize processing and decrease Agri-Waste?
   a) Pradhan Mantri Khanij Kshetra Kalyan Yojana
   b) Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana
   c) Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan
   d) Vikalp Scheme

   **Answer: b)**
   The Central Sector Scheme- SAMPADA (Scheme for Agro-Marine Processing and Development of Agro-
Processing Clusters) was approved by the cabinet in May 2017 for the period of 2016-20 coterminous with the 14th Finance Commission cycle. The scheme has now been renamed as the "Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana (PMKSY)". The objective of this scheme is to supplement agriculture, modernize processing and decrease Agri-Waste.

87) What is the amount allocated by the Government for effective implementation of Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana?
   a) Rs. 6000 crore
   b) Rs. 5000 crore
   c) Rs. 2000 crore
   d) Rs. 8000 crore

Answer: a)

The Central Sector Scheme- SAMPADA (Scheme for Agro-Marine Processing and Development of Agro-Processing Clusters) was approved by the cabinet in May 2017 for the period of 2016-20 coterminous with the 14th Finance Commission cycle. The scheme has now been renamed as the "Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana (PMKSY)". Amount of Rs. 6000 crore has been allocated for the scheme.

88) UDAN Scheme was launched in which year with the objective of "letting the common citizen of the country fly"?
   a) 2018
   b) 2016
   c) 2014
   d) 2017

Answer: d)

UDAN (Ude Desh ka Aam Naagrik) is a regional airport development and "Regional Connectivity Scheme" (RCS) of Government of India launched in 2017 with the objective of "letting the common citizen of the country fly", aimed at making air travel affordable and widespread, to boost inclusive national economic development, job growth and air transport infrastructure development of all regions and states of India.

89) Consider the following statements regarding Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana-
   1) The scheme is under the Ministry of Labour and Employment
   2) Scheme aims to provide health insurance coverage to the unrecognised sector workers belonging to the BPL category
   3) It is a government-run health insurance programme for the Indian poor
   Which of the above statement is not correct?
   a) Both 1 and 2
   b) Both 1 and 3
   c) Only 1
   d) Only 3

Answer: c)

Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana is a government-run health insurance programme for the Indian poor. The scheme aims to provide health insurance coverage to the unrecognised sector workers belonging to the BPL category and their family members shall be beneficiaries under this scheme. Initially, RSBY was a project under the Ministry of Labour and Employment. Now it has been transferred to Ministry of Health and Family Welfare from April 1, 2015.

90) ……………..is an IIT and IISc joint initiative to develop a roadmap for research to solve major engineering and technology challenges in technology domains relevant to India?
   a) SFURTI
   b) SWAYAM
   c) ASPIRE
   d) IMPRINT

Answer: d)

'IMPRINT India', a Pan-IIT and IISc joint initiative to develop a roadmap for research to solve major engineering and technology challenges in ten technology domains relevant to India. It was launched by former President of India, Shri Pranab Mukherjee.

91) Which of the following schemes was replaced by Atal Pension Yojana (APY) in June 2015?
   a) National Pension System
   b) Antyodaya Yojana
   c) Swavalamban Yojana

Answer: b)

Antyodaya Yojana was replaced by Atal Pension Yojana (APY) in June 2015.
d) Swabhiman Yojana  
**Answer: c)**  
Atal Pension Yojana previously known as Swavalamban Yojana is a government-backed pension scheme in India targeted at the unorganised sector. It was mentioned in the 2015 Budget speech by Finance Minister Arun Jaitley.

92) **What is the minimum pension guaranteed by the Govt of India under the Atal Pension Yojana?**
   a) Rs. 3000  
   b) Rs. 4000  
   c) Rs. 6000  
   d) Rs. 1000  
   **Answer: d)**  
   Atal Pension Yojana is a government-backed pension scheme in India targeted at the unorganised sector. Under the scheme, the Government of India contributed ₹1000 per year to each NPS account opened in the year 2010-11 and for the next three years, that is, 2011–12, 2012–13 and 2013-14. The benefit was available only to people who joined the NPS with a minimum contribution of ₹1,000 and maximum contribution of ₹12,000.

93) **What is the annual premium payable by the subscriber to the Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana?**
   a) Rs. 500  
   b) Rs. 330  
   c) Rs. 315  
   d) Rs. 400  
   **Answer: b)**  
   Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana is a government-backed Life insurance scheme in India. Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana is available to people between 18 and 50 years of age with bank accounts. It has an annual premium of ₹330.

94) **National Heritage City Development and _____ Yojana (HRIDAY) is focused on holistic development of heritage cities. What is “A” in the HRIDAY?**
   a) Art  
   b) Architecture  
   c) Augmentation  
   d) Accelerated  
   **Answer: c)**  
   National Heritage City Development and Augmentation Yojana (HRIDAY) was launched on 21 January 2015 with the aim of bringing together urban planning, economic growth and heritage conservation in an inclusive manner to preserve the heritage character of each Heritage City.

95) **How many sites have been identified for development as pilgrimage tourist destination under PRASAD Scheme?**
   a) 13 cities  
   b) 16 cities  
   c) 20 cities  
   d) 15 cities  
   **Answer: a)**  
   Government of India has launched the PRASAD (Pilgrimage Rejuvenation and Spiritual Augmentation Drive) scheme to identify and develop pilgrimage tourist destinations on the principles of high tourist visits, competitiveness and sustainability to enrich the religious tourism experience. Total 13 Tier III cities have been identified under the scheme.

96) **Name the initiative launched by the Finance Minister Arun Jaitely to revamp functioning of public sector banks, PSBs on 14th Aug 2015?**
   a) SAKSHAM  
   b) SWAYAM  
   c) ASPIRE  
   d) INDRADHANUSH  
   **Answer: d)**  
   Indradhanush is a seven pronged plan that includes appointments, capitalization, de-stressing PSBs, empowerment, framework of accountability and governance reforms. It seeks to achieve the objective of economic growth revival through improving credit and minimizing the political interference in the functioning of PSBs.
97) Which of the following State has been allocated the maximum number of cities under the Smart Cities Mission?
   a) Andhra Pradesh
   b) Madhya Pradesh
   c) Uttar Pradesh
   d) Rajasthan
   Answer: c)
   Smart Cities Mission, sometimes referred to as Smart City Mission, is an urban renewal and retrofitting program by the Government of India with the mission to develop 100 cities across the country making them citizen friendly and sustainable. Uttar Pradesh has been allocated maximum i.e 13 cities under Smart Cities Mission.

98) Vikalp Scheme which comes under the Ministry of Railways was launched in which year?
   a) 2015
   b) 2017
   c) 2014
   d) 2018
   Answer: a)
   The VIKALP scheme, also known as alternate train accommodation scheme (ATAS) was launched in 2015 to make sure available berths are optimally used. It enables wait-listed passengers of any train to choose confirmed berth in other trains.

99) Digilocker which provides a secure dedicated personal electronic space for storing the documents of resident Indian citizens was launched in…………?
   a) 2014
   b) 2018
   c) 2016
   d) 2015
   Answer: d)
   Digilocker which provides a secure dedicated personal electronic space for storing the documents of resident Indian citizens was launched on 1 July, 2015.

100) What is the annual premium payable under the Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana?
   a) Rs. 15
   b) Rs. 20
   c) Rs. 12
   d) Rs. 18
   Answer: c)
   Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana is available to people between 18 and 70 years of age with bank accounts. It has an annual premium of ₹12 exclusive of taxes. The GST is exempted on Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana. The amount will be automatically debited from the account.