1) Nascent (Adjective) -- नवजात
Meaning: just coming into existence and beginning to display signs of future potential.
Synonyms: just beginning, budding, developing
Antonyms: adult, full-blown, full-fledged
Usage: "the nascent space industry"

2) Impregnable (Adjective) -- अभेद्य
Meaning: unable to be captured or broken into.
Synonyms: invulnerable, impenetrable, unattackable
Antonyms: vulnerable
Usage: "a massive and impregnable fortress"

3) Exerted (Verb) -- लागू करना या सहन करना
Meaning: apply or bring to bear (a force, influence, or quality).
Synonyms: bring to bear, apply, bring into play
Antonyms: concealed, hid, hidden, idled
Usage: "the moon exerts a force on the Earth"

4) Precedent (Noun) -- पूर्व उदाहरण
Meaning: an earlier event or action that is regarded as an example or guide to be considered in subsequent similar circumstances.
Synonyms: model, exemplar, example
Antonyms: after, ensuing, following
Usage: "there are substantial precedents for using interactive media in training"

5) Brazen (Adjective) -- ननभीक, ननलवज्ज
Meaning: bold and without shame.
Synonyms: bold, shameless, as bold as brass
Antonyms: timid, shy
Usage: "he went about his illegal business with a brazen assurance"

6) Entailed (Verb) -- आवश्यक होना
Meaning: involve (something) as a necessary or inevitable part or consequence.
Synonyms: necessitate, make necessary, require
Antonyms: prevented, stopped, counteracted
Usage: "a situation which entails considerable risks"

7) Conviction (Noun) -- दोषनसनि
Meaning: a formal declaration by the verdict of a jury or the decision of a judge in a court of law that someone is guilty of a criminal offence.
Synonyms: declaration/pronouncement of guilt, sentence
Antonyms: acquittal
Usage: "she had a previous conviction for a similar offence"

8) Prevalent (Adjective) -- प्रचलित
Meaning: widespread in a particular area or at a particular time.
Synonyms: widespread, prevailing, frequent, usual
Antonyms: uncommon, rare
Usage: "the social ills prevalent in society today"
Meaning: a disease or ailment.  
Synonyms: illness, sickness, ailment, disorder  
Antonyms: health, wellness, comfort  
Usage: "an incurable malady"

10) Impinging (Verb) - एक नकारात्मक प्रभाव होना  
Meaning: have an effect, especially a negative one.  
Synonyms: affect, have an effect on, have a bearing on  
Antonyms: avoiding, dodging, leaving alone  
Usage: "several factors impinge on market efficiency"

5) Pliant (Adjective) -- आसानी से प्रभावित या निर्देशित  
Meaning: easily influenced or directed; yielding.  
Synonyms: compliant, biddable, docile, tractable  
Antonyms: inflexible, rigid, stiff, stiffened  
Usage: "a more pliant prime minister"

6) Dismal (Adjective) -- उदासी या अवसाद का कारण  
Meaning: causing a mood of gloom or depression.  
Synonyms: dingy, dim, dark, gloomy  
Antonyms: bright, cheerful  
Usage: "the dismal weather made the late afternoon seem like evening"

7) Spur (Noun) -- प्रोत्साहन  
Meaning: a thing that prompts or encourages someone; an incentive.  
Synonyms: stimulus, incentive, encouragement  
Antonyms: disincentive, discouragement  
Usage: "wars act as a spur to practical invention"

8) Shrank (Verb) -- नसक जाना  
Meaning: become or make smaller in size or amount.  
Synonyms: get smaller, become/grow smaller, contract  
Antonyms: expand, increase  
Usage: "the workforce shrank to a thousand"

9) Contraction (Noun) -- संकुचन  
Meaning: the process of becoming smaller.  
Synonyms: shrinking, reduction in size, shrinkage;
## Antonyms: expansion, growth

**Usage**: “the general contraction of the industry did further damage to morale”

### 10) Deadlocked (Verb) – समाप्त होना

**Meaning**: cause (a situation or opposing parties) to come to a point where no progress can be made because of fundamental disagreement.

**Synonyms**: tie, draw, dead heat

**Antonyms**: different, unequal, unlike

**Usage**: “the meeting is deadlocked”

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## Editorial 03 – 12 – 2020

1) **Afloat (Adjective)** – कर्ज या कठिनाई से बाहर

**Meaning**: out of debt or difficulty.

**Synonyms**: drifting, buoyant, adrift

**Antonyms**: broke, ruined, busy

**Usage**: “professional management will be needed to keep firms afloat”

2) **Affluent (Adjective)** – धनी

**Meaning**: having a great deal of money; wealthy.

**Synonyms**: wealthy, rich, prosperous, opulent

**Antonyms**: poor, impoverished

**Usage**: “the affluent societies of the western world”

3) **Adaptation (Noun)** – रूपांतर

**Meaning**: the action or process of adapting or being adapted.

**Synonyms**: converting, conversion, alteration

**Antonyms**: stagnation, stability, inactivity

**Usage**: “the adaptation of teaching strategy to meet students’ needs”

4) **Consensus (Noun)** – मतैक्य

**Meaning**: a general agreement.

**Synonyms**: agreement, harmony, concord

**Antonyms**: disagreement, minority view

**Usage**: “there is a growing consensus that the current regime has failed”

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### 5) Sapping (Verb) – शक्तिहीन या निर्भर करना

**Meaning**: gradually weaken or destroy (a person’s strength or power).

**Synonyms**: erode, wear away, wear down

**Antonyms**: refreshing, absorbing, engaging

**Usage**: “our energy is being sapped by bureaucrats and politicians”

6) **Nullifying (Verb)** – मांसूख़ करना

**Meaning**: make legally null and void; invalidate.

**Synonyms**: annul, declare null and void

**Antonyms**: ratify, validate, confirm

**Usage**: “judges were unwilling to nullify government decisions”

7) **Clamour (Noun)** – कोलाहल

**Meaning**: a loud and confused noise, especially that of people shouting.

**Synonyms**: din, racket, loud noise, uproar

**Antonyms**: silence

**Usage**: “the questions rose to a clamour”

8) **Rigour (Noun)** – सावधानी या संपूर्णता

**Meaning**: the quality of being extremely thorough and careful.

**Synonyms**: meticulousness, thoroughness, carefulness

**Antonyms**: carelessness

**Usage**: “his analysis is lacking in rigour”
9) Spurred (Verb) – प्रेरित करना
Meaning: give an incentive or encouragement to (someone).
Synonyms: stimulate, give the incentive to
Antonyms: calmed, checked, deadened
Usage: “her sons’ passion for computer games spurred her on to set up a software business”

10) Assails (Verb) – आक्रमण करना
Meaning: make a concerted or violent attack on.
Synonyms: attack, assault, make an assault on
Antonyms: compliments, defends, exonerates
Usage: “the Scots army assailed Edward's army from the rear”

4) Erred (Verb) – गलती करना
Meaning: be mistaken or incorrect; make a mistake.
Synonyms: make a mistake, be wrong, be in error
Antonyms: be right, innocent, well behaved
Usage: “the judge had erred in ruling that the evidence was inadmissible”

5) Resorted (Verb) – सहायता या परामर्श लेना
Meaning: turn to and adopt (a course of action, especially an extreme or undesirable one) so as to resolve a difficult situation.
Synonyms: have recourse to, fall back on, turn to
Antonyms: abstained, avoided, broke
Usage: “the duke was prepared to resort to force if negotiation failed”

6) Sludge (Noun) – कीचड़
Meaning: thick, soft, wet mud or a similar viscous mixture of liquid and solid components
Synonyms: mud, muck, mire, ooze, silt
Antonyms: assets, cleanliness, possessions
Usage: “the dumping of sewage sludge”

7) Dire (Adjective) – अत्यांत गांभीर या अत्यावश्यक
Meaning: extremely serious or urgent.
Synonyms: terrible, dreadful, appalling
Antonyms: good, mild
Usage: “misuse of drugs can have dire consequences”

8) Straits (Noun) – कठिनाई या संकट
Meaning: a situation that is confused and full of problems
Synonyms: difficulty, trouble, crisis
Antonyms: benefit, boon, ease
Usage: “the economy is in dire straits”

1) Impoverished (Verb) – गरीब बना देना
Meaning: make (a person or area) poor.
Synonyms: make poor, make penniless, reduce to penury
Antonyms: make wealthy, rich, wealthy
Usage: “the wars had impoverished him”

2) Avowed (Verb) – स्वीकारो या स्वीकारकर्ता या स्वीकारकर्ता करना
Meaning: assert or confess openly.
Synonyms: assert, declare, state, maintain
Antonyms: unspoken
Usage: “he avowed that he had voted Labour in every election”

3) Ramshackle (Adjective) – लुढ़कना
Meaning: (especially of a house or vehicle) in a state of severe disrepair.
Synonyms: tumbledown, dilapidated, derelict
Antonyms: well maintained, sturdy
Usage: "a ramshackle cottage"
9) Lingering (Adjective) – लंबे समय तक स्थायी
Meaning: lasting for a long time or slow to end.
Synonyms: remaining, surviving, persisting
Antonyms: short-lived
Usage: "there are still some lingering doubts in my mind"

10) Disarray (Noun) – अव्यवस्था
Meaning: a state of disorganization or untidiness.
Synonyms: disorder, confusion, chaos
Antonyms: tidiness, orderliness
Usage: "her grey hair was in disarray"

Editorial 09 – 12 – 2020

1) Helm (Noun) – नेतृत्व की एक स्थिति
Meaning: a position of leadership.
Synonyms: in charge, in command, in control
Antonyms: accept, adopt, back
Usage: "the chairman is to step down after four years at the helm"

2) Augmented (Verb) – संबंधित करना
Meaning: make (something) greater by adding to it; increase.
Synonyms: increase, make larger, make bigger
Antonyms: decrease
Usage: "he augmented his summer income by painting houses"

3) Dissent (Noun) – असहमनत
Meaning: the holding or expression of opinions at variance with those commonly or officially held.
Synonyms: disagreement, lack of agreement, difference of opinion
Antonyms: agreement, acceptance
Usage: "there was no dissent from this view"

4) Fray (Verb) – तनाव के प्रभाव ददखाना
Meaning: show the effects of strain.
Synonyms: strain, tax, overtax, irritate
Antonyms: peace, accord, armistice
Usage: "as the temperature rose, tempers frayed"

5) Apathy (Noun) – उदासीनता
Meaning: lack of interest, enthusiasm, or concern.
Synonyms: indifference, lack of interest, lack of enthusiasm
Antonyms: enthusiasm, interest, passion
Usage: "widespread apathy among students"

6) Entangled (Verb) – उलझा हुआ
Meaning: cause to become twisted together with or caught in.
Synonyms: intertwine, entwine, tangle
Antonyms: disentangle, release
Usage: "fish attempt to swim through the mesh and become entangled"

7) Forge (Verb) – नक़ल करना
Meaning: produce a fraudulent copy or imitation of (a document, signature, banknote, or work of art).
Synonyms: fake, falsify, counterfeit, copy fraudulently
Antonyms: genuine
Usage: "the signature on the cheque was forged"

8) Austerity (Noun) – तपस्या
Meaning: plainness and simplicity in appearance
Synonyms: formality, gravity, seriousness
Antonyms: levity, informality, kindness
Usage: "the room was decorated with a restraint bordering on austerity"

9) Stance (Noun) -- दृष्टिकोण
Meaning: the attitude of a person or organization towards something; a standpoint.
Synonyms: attitude, stand, point of view
Antonyms: cluelessness, ignorance, incomprehension
Usage: "the party is changing its stance on Europe"

10) Rectitude (Noun) -- इसाफ
Meaning: morally correct behaviour or thinking; righteousness.
Synonyms: righteousness, goodness, virtue
Antonyms: infamy, dishonesty
Usage: "Matti is a model of rectitude"

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1) Frail (Adjective) -- दुबवल
Meaning: (of a person) weak and delicate.
Synonyms: infirm, weak, weakened
Antonyms: strong, fit
Usage: "his small, frail body"

2) Tenet (Noun) -- सिद्धांत
Meaning: a principle or belief, especially one of the main principles of a religion or philosophy.
Synonyms: principle, belief, doctrine
Antonyms: disbelief, doubt, reality
Usage: "the tenets of classical liberalism"

3) Pristine (Adjective) -- बेदाग़ा
Meaning: clean and fresh as if new; spotless.
Synonyms: immaculate, in perfect condition
Antonyms: dirty, sullied
Usage: "a pristine white shirt"

4) Obfuscation (Noun) -- स्पष्टीकरण
Meaning: the action of making something obscure, unclear, or unintelligible.
Synonyms: clarification
Antonyms: deception, equivocation, evasiveness
Usage: "when confronted with sharp questions they resort to obfuscation"

5) Hapless (Adjective) -- अभागी
Meaning: (especially of a person) unfortunate.
Synonyms: unfortunate, unlucky, luckless
Antonyms: lucky
Usage: "the hapless victims of the disaster"

6) Sectarian (Adjective) -- दकसी नवशेष मत या पांथ सांबांधी
Meaning: rigidly following the doctrines of a sect or other group.
Synonyms: factional, schismatic, cliquish
Antonyms: tolerant, liberal, broad-minded
Usage: "the sectarian Bolshevism advocated by Moscow"

7) Incursion (Noun) -- आक्रमण
Meaning: an invasion or attack, especially a sudden or brief one.
Synonyms: attack on, assault on, raid on
Antonyms: retreat
Usage: "incursions into enemy territory"

8) Anticipated (Verb) -- प्रत्यानशत होना
Meaning: look forward to.
Synonyms: pre-empt, forestall, intercept
Antonyms: dread
Usage: "Stephen was eagerly anticipating the break from the routine of business"
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Vocabulary Item</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>Antonyms</th>
<th>Usage</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tantamount (Adjective)</td>
<td>equivalent in seriousness to; virtually the same as.</td>
<td>equivalent to, equal to, amounting to</td>
<td>different, opposite, polar</td>
<td>&quot;the resignations were tantamount to an admission of guilt&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plunge (Verb)</td>
<td>fall suddenly and uncontrollably.</td>
<td>crash, plummet, pitch</td>
<td>incline mound mountain</td>
<td>&quot;a car swerved to avoid a bus and plunged into a ravine&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pomp (Noun)</td>
<td>ceremony and splendid display.</td>
<td>ceremonial, solemnity, ritual</td>
<td>simplicity</td>
<td>&quot;entertaining overseas visitors with the right degree of pomp&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonhomie (Noun)</td>
<td>cheerful friendliness; geniality.</td>
<td>geniality, congeniality, conviviality</td>
<td>coldness</td>
<td>&quot;he exuded good humour and bonhomie&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conscription (Noun)</td>
<td>compulsory enlistment for state service, typically into the armed forces.</td>
<td>call-up, draught</td>
<td>dismissal</td>
<td>&quot;conscription was extended to married men&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Predatory (Noun)</td>
<td>seeking to exploit others.</td>
<td>exploitative, wolfish, rapacious</td>
<td>generous, satisfied, temperate</td>
<td>&quot;she always felt at the mercy of predatory men&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prudently (Adverb)</td>
<td>in a way that shows care and thought for the future.</td>
<td>carefully, cautiously, alertly</td>
<td>carelessly, incautiously, irresponsibly</td>
<td>&quot;we must act prudently to safeguard jobs&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pronged (Adjective)</td>
<td>splits into two or more directions, or parts</td>
<td>forked, branched, branching</td>
<td>joined, straight, unbranched</td>
<td>&quot;he passed his fork to the right hand to prong the meat&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irritants (Noun)</td>
<td>a thing that is continually annoying or distracting.</td>
<td>annoyance, irritation, source of irritation</td>
<td>help, pleasure</td>
<td>&quot;in 1966 Vietnam was becoming an irritant to the government&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Escalate (Verb)</td>
<td>increase rapidly.</td>
<td>soar, rocket, shoot up, mount</td>
<td>plunge</td>
<td>&quot;the price of tickets escalated&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissidents (Noun)</td>
<td>opposition, rebellion, protest.</td>
<td>instigators, rebels, protesters</td>
<td>support, loyalty, compliance</td>
<td>&quot;the dissidents were demanding more rights&quot;</td>
</tr>
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### Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – December 2020

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Gobbledygook (Noun) – अथवहीन भाषा</th>
<th>4) Heft (Verb) -- उड़ाना</th>
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<td>Synonyms</td>
<td>language that is meaningless or is made unintelligible by excessive use of technical terms.</td>
<td>Meaning: lift or carry (something heavy).</td>
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<td>Antonyms</td>
<td>bafflegab, double-talk, gibberish</td>
<td>Synonyms: lift, lift up, raise</td>
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<td>Usage</td>
<td>&quot;reams of financial gobbledygook&quot;</td>
<td>Antonyms: put down</td>
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<tr>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Repression (Noun) – दमन या शमन</th>
<th>5) Quelled (Verb) -- काबू पा लेना</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Synonyms</td>
<td>the action of subduing someone or something by force.</td>
<td>Meaning: put an end to (a rebellion or other disorder), typically by the use of force.</td>
</tr>
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<td>Antonyms</td>
<td>suppression, quelling, quashing</td>
<td>Synonyms: put an end to, stamp out, put a stop to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usage</td>
<td>&quot;students sparked off events that ended in brutal repression&quot;</td>
<td>Antonyms: bring about, prompt</td>
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<th>Meaning</th>
<th>10) Repression (Noun) – दमन या शमन</th>
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<tr>
<td>Synonyms</td>
<td>lift or carry (something heavy).</td>
<td>Meaning: impair the quality or appearance of; spoil.</td>
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<td>Antonyms</td>
<td>lift, lift up, raise</td>
<td>Synonyms: spoil, ruin, impair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usage</td>
<td>&quot;he lifted crates and hefted boxes&quot;</td>
<td>Antonyms: improve, enhance</td>
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<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Vaguest (Adjective) – अस्पि</th>
<th>8) Yanked (Verb) -- एक झटके से खींचना</th>
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<tr>
<td>Synonyms</td>
<td>of uncertain, indefinite, or unclear character or meaning.</td>
<td>Meaning: pull with a jerk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antonyms</td>
<td>indistinct, indefinite, indeterminate</td>
<td>Synonyms: jerk, pull, tug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usage</td>
<td>&quot;many patients suffer vague symptoms&quot;</td>
<td>Antonyms: fixed, pushed, put in</td>
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<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Vested (Verb) -- को सौंपना</th>
<th>9) Vested (Verb) -- को सौंपना</th>
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<tr>
<td>Synonyms</td>
<td>confer or bestow (power, authority, property, etc.) on someone.</td>
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*Editorial 15 – 12 – 2020*

1) **Gobbledygook (Noun)** – अथवहीन भाषा
   - **Meaning**: language that is meaningless or is made unintelligible by excessive use of technical terms.
   - **Synonyms**: bafflegab, double-talk, gibberish
   - **Antonyms**: sense, truth, possessions
   - **Usage**: "reams of financial gobbledygook"

2) **Vaguest (Adjective)** – अस्पि
   - **Meaning**: of uncertain, indefinite, or unclear character or meaning.
   - **Synonyms**: indistinct, indefinite, indeterminate
   - **Antonyms**: clear, precise, firm
   - **Usage**: "many patients suffer vague symptoms"

3) **Tweak (Noun)** - समायोजन, संशोधन, परिवर्तन
   - **Meaning**: a fine adjustment to a mechanism or system.
   - **Synonyms**: adjustment, modification, alteration
   - **Antonyms**: ease, release, be still
   - **Usage**: "no tweaks were required"
### Synonyms: entrust to, invest in, bestow on
#### Antonyms: unconstitutional, contracted, illegal
#### Usage: "executive power is vested in the President"

### 10) Riposte (Noun) — जवाबी प्रहार
#### Meaning: a quick, clever reply to an insult or criticism.
#### Synonyms: retort, counter, rejoinder
#### Antonyms: question, request
#### Usage: "You've got a strange sense of honour,' Grant riposted"

### Editorial 16 – 12 – 2020

#### 1) Concur (Verb) — सहमत होना
#### Meaning: be of the same opinion; agree.
#### Synonyms: agree, be in agreement, be in accord
#### Antonyms: disagree
#### Usage: "the authors concurred with the majority"

#### 2) Severity (Noun) — तीव्रता
#### Meaning: the fact or condition of being severe.
#### Synonyms: acuteness, seriousness, gravity
#### Antonyms: mildness, leniency, geniality
#### Usage: "sentences should reflect the severity of the crime"

#### 3) Grim (Adjective) — बहुत गंभीर या उदास
#### Meaning: very serious or gloomy.
#### Synonyms: stern, forbidding, uninviting
#### Antonyms: amiable, pleasant
#### Usage: "his grim expression"

#### 4) Asserting (Verb) — जोर देकर कहना
#### Meaning: state a fact or belief confidently and forcefully.
#### Synonyms: declare, maintain
#### Antonyms: denying, gainsaying rebutting

#### 5) Loath (Adjective) — अनन्ह्चुक
#### Meaning: reluctant; unwilling.
#### Synonyms: reluctant, unwilling, disinclined
#### Antonyms: willing, eager
#### Usage: "I was loath to leave"

#### 6) Aegis (Noun) — सांरक्षण
#### Meaning: the protection, backing, or support of a particular person or organization.
#### Synonyms: patronage, sponsorship, backing
#### Antonyms: neglectfulness, carelessness
#### Usage: "the negotiations were conducted under the aegis of the UN"

#### 7) Disarray (Noun) — अव्यवस्था
#### Meaning: a state of disorganization or untidiness.
#### Synonyms: disorder, confusion, chaos
#### Antonyms: tidiness, orderliness
#### Usage: "her grey hair was in disarray"

#### 8) Pared (Verb) — काट-छाँट करना
#### Meaning: trim (something) by cutting away its outer edges.
#### Synonyms: cut (off), trim (off), peel (off)
#### Antonyms: covered, expanded, grew
#### Usage: "Carlo pared his thumbnails with his knife"

#### 9) Exacerbated (Verb) — ख़राब करना
#### Meaning: make (a problem, bad situation, or negative feeling) worse.
#### Synonyms: aggravate, make worse, worsen
#### Antonyms: calm, reduce
### Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – December 2020

**Usage:** "the exorbitant cost of land in urban areas only exacerbated the problem"

**10) Contagion (Noun)** — संदूषण, संक्रमण
**Meaning:** a disease spread by close contact.
**Synonyms:** contamination, infection, disease
**Antonyms:** advantage, cleanliness, purification
**Usage:** "through personal hygiene the spread of common contagions is discouraged"

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**Editorial 17 – 12 – 2020**

1) **Recuse (Verb)** — अयोग्य घोनषत करना
**Meaning:** excuse oneself from a case because of a potential conflict of interest or lack of impartiality.
**Synonyms:** disqualify oneself, excuse oneself
**Antonyms:** include oneself, insert oneself
**Usage:** "it was the right of counsel to ask a judge to recuse himself from continuing to hear a case because of bias"

2) **Apprehension (Noun)** — चचता या भय
**Meaning:** anxiety or fear that something bad or unpleasant will happen.
**Synonyms:** anxiety, angst, alarm, worry
**Antonyms:** confidence
**Usage:** "he felt sick with apprehension"

3) **Perception (Noun)** — नववेक, प्रशांसा
**Meaning:** awareness of something through the senses.
**Synonyms:** discernment, appreciation, recognition
**Antonyms:** unawareness, ignorance, neglect
**Usage:** "the perception of pain"

4) **Roster (Noun)** — एक सूची या योजना
**Meaning:** a list or plan showing turns of duty or leave for individuals or groups in an organization.

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**5) Bias (Noun)** — पक्षपात
**Meaning:** inclination or prejudice for or against one person or group, especially in a way considered to be unfair.
**Synonyms:** prejudice, partiality, partisanship
**Antonyms:** objectivity, fairness, impartiality
**Usage:** "there was evidence of bias against foreign applicants"

6) **Acquisition (Noun)** — बर्जन
**Meaning:** an asset or object bought or obtained, typically by a library or museum.
**Synonyms:** purchase, accession, addition
**Antonyms:** dearth, failure, forfeit
**Usage:** "the legacy will be used for new acquisitions"

7) **Accrue (Verb)** — उपानजत होना
**Meaning:** be received by someone in regular or increasing amounts over time.
**Synonyms:** result, arise, follow
**Antonyms:** diminish, disperse, dissipate
**Usage:** "financial benefits will accrue from restructuring"

8) **Bolstering (Verb)** — समथवन देना
**Meaning:** support or strengthen.
**Synonyms:** strengthen, support, reinforce
**Antonyms:** undermine
**Usage:** "the fall in interest rates is starting to bolster confidence"

9) **Correlation (Noun)** — सहसम्बन्ध
Meaning: a mutual relationship or connection between two or more things.

Synonyms: connection, association, link

Antonyms: difference, disassociation, disconnection

Usage: "research showed a clear correlation between recession and levels of property crime"

10) Revelatory (Adjective) - रहस्योद्घाटन

Meaning: revealing something hitherto unknown.

Synonyms: eloquent, expressive, meaning

Antonyms: unexpressive, expressionless, blank

Usage: "a revelatory experience"

1) Rendered (Verb)

Meaning: provide or give (a service, help, etc.).

Synonyms: give, provide, supply

Antonyms: ignored, neglected, disregarded

Usage: "money serves as a reward for services rendered"

2) Euphoric (Adjective)

Meaning: characterized by or feeling intense excitement and happiness.

Synonyms: elated, happy, joyful

Antonyms: miserable

Usage: "a euphoric sense of freedom"

3) Implications (Noun)

Meaning: the conclusion that can be drawn from something although it is not explicitly stated.

Synonyms: suggestion, inference, insinuation

Antonyms: explicit statement

Usage: "the implication is that no one person at the bank is responsible"

4) Punitive (Adjective)

Meaning: inflicting or intended as punishment.

Synonyms: penal, disciplinary, corrective

Antonyms: beneficial, rewarding

Usage: "he called for punitive measures against the Eastern bloc"

5) Incarceration (Noun)

Meaning: the state of being confined in prison; imprisonment.

Synonyms: imprisonment, internment, confinement

Antonyms: freedom

Usage: "the public would not be served by her incarceration"

6) Corroborated (Verb)

Meaning: confirm or give support to (a statement, theory, or finding).

Synonyms: confirm, verify, endorse

Antonyms: contradict

Usage: "the witness had corroborated the boy's account of the attack"

7) Deprivation (Noun)

Meaning: the damaging lack of material benefits considered to be basic necessities in a society.

Synonyms: poverty, impoverishment, penury

Antonyms: wealth

Usage: "low wages mean that 3.75 million people suffer serious deprivation"

8) Ratification (Noun)

Meaning: the action of signing or giving formal consent to a treaty, contract, or agreement, making it officially valid.

Synonyms: acceptance, approval, authorisation
Antonyms: disapproval, opposition, refusal
Usage: "ratification of the treaty raised problems in several member states"

9) Scrutiny (Noun)
Meaning: critical observation or examination.
Synonyms: careful examination, inspection, survey
Antonyms: glance, cursory look
Usage: "every aspect of local government was placed under scrutiny"

10) Loophole (Noun)
Meaning: an ambiguity or inadequacy in the law or a set of rules.
Synonyms: means of evasion/avoidance, means of escape, escape clause
Antonyms: blockage, closure, obstruction
Usage: "they exploited tax loopholes"

Editorial 22 – 12 – 2020

1) Lethargy (Noun) -- सुस्ती
Meaning: a lack of energy and enthusiasm.
Synonyms: sluggishness, inertia, inactivity
Antonyms: vigour, energy, animation
Usage: "there was an air of lethargy about him"

2) Loomed (Verb) – उभरना या ददखाई देना
Meaning: appear as a vague form, especially one that is large or threatening.
Synonyms: emerge, appear, become visible
Antonyms: abandoned, declined, descended
Usage: "vehicles loomed out of the darkness"

3) Fodder (Noun) – चारा या पशुभोजन
Meaning: food, especially dried hay or straw, for cattle and other livestock.
Synonyms: feed, food, rations
Antonyms: deprivation, starvation
Usage: "young people ending up as factory fodder"

4) Adulteration (Noun) -- अपनमश्रण या मिलावट
Meaning: the action of making something poorer in quality by the addition of another substance.
Synonyms: debasement, infection, pollution
Antonyms: purification, cleansing, sanctification
Usage: "we’re working on a new diagnostic test to more rapidly monitor food adulteration"
Synonyms: repudiation, revocation, repeal
Antonyms: institution, introduction

Usage: Does not the abrogation amount to subverting the justice system?

9) Numb (Verb) -- सुन्न हो जाना
Meaning: deprive of feeling or responsiveness.
Synonyms: deadening, desensitizing, benumbing
Antonyms: feeling, sensible, sensitive
Usage: "the cold had numbed her senses"

10) Sunk (Verb) -- डूब जाना या जलमग्न हो जाना
Meaning: go down below the surface of something, especially of a liquid; become submerged.
Synonyms: become submerged, be engulfed, go down
Antonyms: rise, float
Usage: "he saw the coffin sink below the surface of the waves"

Editorial 23 – 10 – 2020

1) Lackadaisical (Adjective) -- उत्साह और दृढ़ सांकल्प की कमी
Meaning: lacking enthusiasm and determination; carelessly lazy.
Synonyms: careless, lazy, lax, unenthusiastic
Antonyms: enthusiastic, excited
Usage: "a lackadaisical defence left Spurs adrift in the second half"

2) Lynching (Verb) - बिना मुकदमे मार बालना
Meaning: (of a group of people) kill (someone) for an alleged offence without a legal trial, especially by hanging.
Synonyms: hang, hang by the neck
Antonyms: bearing, creating
Usage: "her father had been lynched for a crime he didn't commit"

3) Insurgents (Noun) -- विद्रोहियों
Meaning: a person fighting against a government or invading force; a rebel or revolutionary.
Synonyms: rebel, revolutionary, revolutionist
Antonyms: loyalist
Usage: "an attack by armed insurgents"

4) Affirmed (Verb) -- पुष्त करना
Meaning: state emphatically or publicly.
Synonyms: declare, state, assert
Antonyms: deny
Usage: "he affirmed the country's commitment to peace"

5) Tackling (Verb) -- से ननपटना
Meaning: make determined efforts to deal with (a problem or difficult task).
Synonyms: get to grips with, apply oneself to
Antonyms: abstaining, avoiding, completing
Usage: "police have launched an initiative to tackle rising crime"

6) Surpassed (Verb) -- से अनधक होना
Meaning: exceed; be greater than.
Synonyms: excel, be greater than, be superior to
Antonyms: trailed, dropped behind, fell back
Usage: "pre-war levels of production were surpassed in 1929"

7) Intrinsic (Adjective) -- अन्तर्गतिक
Meaning: belonging naturally; essential.
Synonyms: inherent, innate, inborn, inbred
Antonyms: extrinsic, acquired
Usage: "access to the arts is intrinsic to a high quality of life"
8) Souvenirs (Noun) -- स्मारक, स्मृति बिन्दु
Meaning: a thing that is kept as a reminder of a person, place, or event.
Synonyms: memento, keepsake, reminder
Antonyms: forgotten
Usage: "the recording provides a souvenir of a great production"

9) Ignominy (Noun) -- बदनामी
Meaning: public shame or disgrace.
Synonyms: shame, humiliation, embarrassment
Antonyms: honour
Usage: "the ignominy of being imprisoned"

10) Lustre (Noun) -- चमक
Meaning: a gentle sheen or soft glow.
Synonyms: sheen, gloss, glossiness, shine
Antonyms: dullness, darkness
Usage: "the lustre of the Milky Way"

3) Feasible (Adjective) -- व्यवहार्य
Meaning: possible to do easily or conveniently.
Synonyms: practicable, practical, workable
Antonyms: impractical
Usage: "it is not feasible to put most finds from excavations on public display"

4) Contingency (Noun) -- आकृतिमृत्तक
Meaning: a future event or circumstance which is possible but cannot be predicted with certainty.
Synonyms: eventuality, (chance) event, incident
Antonyms: advantage, certainty, definiteness
Usage: "a detailed contract which attempts to provide for all possible contingencies"

5) Obliged (Verb) -- अनुगृहित
Meaning: make (someone) legally or morally bound to do something.
Synonyms: require, compel, bind
Antonyms: optional, voluntary
Usage: "doctors are obliged by law to keep patients alive while there is a chance of recovery"

6) Trailing (Verb) -- अनुगामी करना
Meaning: draw or be drawn along behind someone or something.
Synonyms: drag, sweep, be drawn
Antonyms: ahead, facing, guiding
Usage: "Alex trailed a hand through the clear water"

7) Incumbents (Noun) -- पदग्राही
Meaning: the holder of an office or post.
Synonyms: holder, bearer, occupant
Antonyms: optional, elective, voluntary
Usage: "the present incumbent will soon be retiring"
## Editorial 25 – 12 – 2020

### 8) Tarnished (Verb) – बेरांग हो जाना

**Meaning:** lose or cause to lose lustre, especially as a result of exposure to air or moisture.

**Synonyms:** become discoloured, discolour, stain

**Antonyms:** brighten, polish

**Usage:** "silver tarnishes too easily"

### 9) Robust (Adjective) -- मजबूत

**Meaning:** strong and healthy; vigorous.

**Synonyms:** strong, vigorous, sturdy

**Antonyms:** weak, frail

**Usage:** "the Caplan family are a robust lot"

### 10) Lopsided (Adjective) – असमान

**Meaning:** with one side lower or smaller than the other.

**Synonyms:** asymmetrical, unsymmetrical, uneven

**Antonyms:** even, level, balanced

**Usage:** "a lopsided grin"

### 1) Sluggish (Adjective) -- सुस्त या नननरक्रय

**Meaning:** slow-moving or inactive.

**Synonyms:** inactive, quiet, slow

**Antonyms:** busy, brisk

**Usage:** "a sluggish stream"

### 2) Curtailed (Verb) -- छटाना

**Meaning:** reduce in extent or quantity; impose a restriction on.

**Synonyms:** reduce, cut, cut down

**Antonyms:** increase, lengthen

**Usage:** "civil liberties were further curtailed"

### 3) Arsenal (Noun) -- आयुधागार

**Meaning:** a place where weapons and military equipment are stored or made.

**Synonyms:** armoury, arms depot, arms cache

**Antonyms:** debt, dearth, lack

**Usage:** "Britain's nuclear arsenal"

### 4) Formidable (Adjective) -- दुजेय

**Meaning:** inspiring fear or respect through being impressively large, powerful, intense, or capable.

**Synonyms:** intimidating, forbidding, redoubtable

**Antonyms:** pleasant-looking, comforting, easy

**Usage:** "a formidable opponent"

### 5) Amassed (Verb) -- जमा या संकल्पित करना

**Meaning:** gather together or accumulate (a large amount or number of material or things) over a period of time.

**Synonyms:** gather, collect, assemble

**Antonyms:** dissipate

**Usage:** "he amassed a fortune estimated at close to a million pounds"

### 6) Comatose (Adjective) -- मूनछछत

**Meaning:** relating to or in a state of coma.

**Synonyms:** unconscious, in a coma, insensible

**Antonyms:** alert, awake, conscious

**Usage:** "she had been comatose for seven months"

### 7) Bogged (Verb) -- रोकना

**Meaning:** be prevented from making progress in a task or activity.

**Synonyms:** mire, stick, trap

**Antonyms:** distributary, effluent

**Usage:** "you must not get bogged down in detail"

### 8) Striving (Verb) -- प्रयास करना
Meaning: struggle or fight vigorously.
Synonyms: try, try hard, attempt
Antonyms: apathy, aversion, contentment
Usage: "scholars must strive against bias"

9) Abatement (Noun) -- उपशमन
Meaning: the action of abating or being abated; ending or subsiding.
Synonyms: subsiding, dying down/away/out, dropping off/away
Antonyms: intensification, increase
Usage: "this trend shows no sign of abatement"

10) Dispirited (Adjective) -- मायूसी
Meaning: having lost enthusiasm and hope; disheartened.
Synonyms: dishearten, discourage, demoralize
Antonyms: hearten
Usage: "she was determined to appear unworried in front of her dispirited family"

3) Emboldening (Verb) -- प्रोत्साहित करना
Meaning: give (someone) the courage or confidence to do something.
Synonyms: give courage, make brave/braver, encourage
Antonyms: dishearten, discourage
Usage: "emboldened by the claret, he pressed his knee against hers"

4) Trample (Verb) -- कुचलना
Meaning: tread on and crush.
Synonyms: tread, tramp, stamp
Antonyms: aid, assist, cure
Usage: "the fence had been trampled down"

5) Diatribe (Noun) -- अभियोगात्मक भाषण
Meaning: a forceful and bitter verbal attack against someone or something.
Synonyms: tirade, harangue, verbal onslaught
Antonyms: compliment, praise, recommendation
Usage: "a diatribe against consumerism"

6) Unblemished (Adjective) -- इंपीक्सेड
Meaning: not damaged or marked in any way.
Synonyms: impeccable, flawless, faultless
Antonyms: flawed, corrupt
Usage: "her body was perfectly formed and unblemished"

7) Notoriety (Noun) -- कुख्याति
Meaning: the state of being famous or well known for some bad quality or deed.
Synonyms: infamy, bad reputation/name, disrepute
Antonyms: anonymity, a low profile
**Usage**: "the song has gained some notoriety in the press"

**8) Cult (Noun) -- पंथ**

**Meaning**: a misplaced or excessive admiration for a particular thing.

**Synonyms**: obsession with, fixation on, mania for

**Antonyms**: disregard, disrespect

**Usage**: "the cult of the pursuit of money as an end in itself"

**9) Retreat (Verb) -- पीछे हटना**

**Meaning**: (of an army) withdraw from enemy forces as a result of their superior power or after a defeat.

**Synonyms**: withdraw, retire, draw back

**Antonyms**: advance, dig in

**Usage**: "the French retreated in disarray"

**10) Plunging (Verb) -- अचानक और अननयांनित रूप से गिरना**

**Meaning**: fall suddenly and uncontrollably.

**Synonyms**: crash, plummet, pitch

**Antonyms**: ascending, rising, arising

**Usage**: "a car swerved to avoid a bus and plunged into a ravine"