1) Robust (Adjective) - मजबूत

**Meaning:** Strong and healthy; vigorous

**Synonyms:** Strong, vigorous, sturdy, tough, powerful

**Antonyms:** Weak, frail

**Usage:** The Caplan family are a robust lot

2) Oblivious (Adjective) - बेख़बर

**Meaning:** Not aware of or concerned about what is happening around one

**Synonyms:** Unaware, unconscious, heedless, unmindful, insensible

**Antonyms:** Aware, conscious

**Usage:** She became absorbed, oblivious to the passage of time

3) Detention (Noun) - नज़रबंदी

**Meaning:** The action of detaining someone or the state of being detained in official custody

**Synonyms:** Custody, imprisonment, confinement, incarceration

**Antonyms:** Discharge, release, acquittal, emancipation, freedom

**Usage:** The fifteen people arrested were still in police detention

4) Unnerve (Verb) - हतोत्साहहत करना

**Meaning:** Make (someone) lose courage or confidence

**Synonyms:** Demoralize, discourage, dishearten, dispirit, deject, daunt

**Antonyms:** Encourage, hearten

**Usage:** The journey over the bridge had unnerved me

5) Negate (Verb) - नकारना

**Meaning:** Make ineffective; nullify

**Synonyms:** Invalidate, nullify, render null and void, render invalid

**Antonyms:** Confirm, support, validate

**Usage:** Alcohol negates the effects of the drug

6) Pursuit (Noun) - पीछा

**Meaning:** The action of pursuing someone or something

**Synonyms:** Chasing, pursuing, stalking, tracking, trailing, shadowing, dogging

**Antonyms:** Retreat, surrender, abstention, apathy, certainty

**Usage:** The cat crouched in the grass in pursuit of a bird

7) Ruin (Verb) – बबााद करना

**Meaning:** Reduce (a building or place) to a state of decay, collapse, or disintegration

**Synonyms:** Destroy, devastate, lay waste, leave in ruins

**Antonyms:** Rebuild, repair, intact, well maintained

**Usage:** The castle was ruined when dynamite was used to demolish one of the corner towers

8) Perilous (Adjective) - खतरनाक

**Meaning:** Full of danger or risk

**Synonyms:** Dangerous, fraught with danger, hazardous, risky, unsafe
| Antonyms: Safe, secure | Usage: "a car swerved to avoid a bus and plunged into a ravine"

| 9) Inclination (Noun) - झुकाव | Meaning: A person's natural tendency or urge to act or feel in a particular way; a disposition
Synonyms: Tendency, propensity, proclivity, leaning
Antonyms: Aversion, disinclination
Usage: John was a scientist by training and inclination

| 4) Slew (Noun) -- हनहत | Meaning: a large number or quantity of something.
Synonyms: abundance, barrel, basketful
Antonyms: ace, bit, dab
Usage: "he asked me a slew of questions"

| 5) Debilitating (Verb) -- दुबाल करना | Meaning: make (someone) very weak and infirm.
Synonyms: weakening, enfeebling, enervating
Antonyms: restorative
Usage: "he was severely debilitated by a stomach upset"

| 6) Engendering (Verb) -- कारण पैदा करना | Meaning: cause or give rise to (a feeling, situation, or condition).
Synonyms: cause, be the cause of, give rise to
Antonyms: calming, destroying, discouraging
Usage: "the issue engendered continuing controversy"

| 7) Reprieve (Verb) -- दण्डहवराम | Meaning: cancel or postpone the punishment of (someone, especially someone condemned to death).
Synonyms: grant a stay of execution to
Antonyms: charge, punish
Usage: "under the new regime, prisoners under sentence of death were reprieved"

| 8) Espionage (Noun) -- गुप्तचयाा | Meaning: the practice of spying or of using spies, typically by governments to obtain political and military information.
Synonyms: spying, undercover work

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| Editorial 04 – 11 – 2020 |

1) Decelerating (Verb) - धीमा करना
Meaning: reduce or cause to reduce in speed.
Synonyms: slow down, slow up, slow
Antonyms: accelerate
Usage: "the train began to decelerate"

2) Diminished (Verb) -- कम करना
Meaning: make or become less.
Synonyms: decrease, decline, reduce
Antonyms: increase, flare up, get worse
Usage: "the new law is expected to diminish the government's chances"

3) Plunged (Verb) - अचानक और अनियंत्रित रूप से गिरना
Meaning: fall suddenly and uncontrollably.
Synonyms: crash, plummet, pitch
Antonyms: rose, grew, improved
Usage: "a car swerved to avoid a bus and plunged into a ravine"
Antonyms: forthrightness, honesty
Usage: "the camouflage and secrecy of espionage"

9) Coerced (Verb) — मजबूर करना
Meaning: persuade (an unwilling person) to do something by using force or threats.
Synonyms: pressure, pressurize, bring pressure to bear on
Antonyms: persuade
Usage: "he was coerced into giving evidence"

10) Sham (Noun) — दृश्याची उपरीत
Meaning: a thing that is not what it is purported to be.
Synonyms: pretence, fake, act, fiction
Antonyms: the real McCoy, the genuine article
Usage: "our current free health service is a sham"

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Antonyms: dirtiness, filth, foulness
Usage: "a regimen of one or two injections per day"

4) Revelation (Noun) — रहस्योद्घाटन
Meaning: the making known of something that was previously secret or unknown.
Synonyms: divulging, divulgence, telling
Antonyms: keeping, covering up
Usage: "the revelation of a plot to assassinate the king"

5) Ambient (Adjective) — पररवेश, वातावरण
Meaning: relating to the immediate surroundings of something.
Synonyms: atmosphere, climate, clime
Antonyms: fenced in, hedged, surrounded
Usage: "the liquid is stored at below ambient temperature"

6) Dubious (Adjective) — संद्दग्ध
Meaning: hesitating or doubting.
Synonyms: doubtful, uncertain, unsure
Antonyms: certain, definite
Usage: "I was rather dubious about the whole idea"

7) Revocation (Noun) — प्रहतसंहरण
Meaning: the official cancellation of a decree, decision, or promise.
Synonyms: abandonment, abortion, calling
Antonyms: continuation, approval, confirmation
Usage: "for those who break the law, revocation of their liquor licence may result"

8) Detriment (Noun) — नुकसान या क्षय
Meaning: a cause of harm or damage.
Synonyms: harm, damage, injury
Antonyms: benefit, good
Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – November 2020

9) Emanate (Verb) — निर्भोट होना
Meaning: give out or emit (a feeling, quality, or sensation).
Synonyms: exude, give off, give out
Antonyms: fill, tell, uncover
Usage: "he emanated a powerful brooding air"

10) Promptly (Adverb) — तुरंत या समय पर
Meaning: with little or no delay; immediately.
Synonyms: punctually, on time, on the dot
Antonyms: late, negligently, slowly
Usage: "he paid the fine promptly"

1) Prevalence (Noun) — व्यापकता
Meaning: the fact or condition of being prevalent; commonness.
Synonyms: commonness, currency, widespread presence
Antonyms: infrequency, rareness, uncommonness
Usage: "the prevalence of obesity in adults"

2) Chronic (Adjective) — बीमारकारी
Meaning: (of an illness) persisting for a long time or constantly recurring.
Synonyms: persistent, long-standing, long-term
Antonyms: acute
Usage: "chronic bronchitis"

3) Diktat (Noun) — फरमान
Meaning: an order or decree imposed by someone in power without popular consent.
Synonyms: decree, directive, edict
Antonyms: denial, disapproval, opposition

4) Spur (Noun) — प्रेरणा
Meaning: a thing that prompts or encourages someone; an incentive.
Synonyms: stimulus, incentive, encouragement
Antonyms: disincentive, discouragement
Usage: "wars act as a spur to practical invention"

5) Caveat (Noun) — चेतावनी
Meaning: a warning or proviso of specific stipulations, conditions, or limitations.
Synonyms: warning, caution, admonition
Antonyms: imprudence, indiscretion
Usage: "there are a number of caveats which concern the validity of the assessment results"

6) Conundrum (Noun) — पहेली
Meaning: a confusing and difficult problem or question.
Synonyms: problem, difficult question, vexed question
Antonyms: confidence, simplicity, solution
Usage: "one of the most difficult conundrums for the experts"

7) Conviction (Noun) — दोषहस्ति
Meaning: a formal declaration by the verdict of a jury or the decision of a judge in a court of law that someone is guilty of a criminal offence.
Synonyms: declaration/pronouncement of guilt
Antonyms: acquittal
Usage: "she had a previous conviction for a similar offence"

8) Beleaguered (Verb) — सुरक्षित स्थिति में डालना
Meaning: put in a very difficult situation.
### Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>Antonyms</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Synonyms</strong>: hard-pressed, troubled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antonyms</strong>: carefree, relaxed, untroubled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Usage**: "the board is supporting the beleaguered director"

9) **Becalmed (Verb) – स्तब्ध रहना**

**Meaning**: leave (a sailing ship) unable to move through lack of wind.

**Synonyms**: stranded, stuck, marooned
**Antonyms**: agitated, discomposed, disquieted
**Usage**: "both boats hung on before the whole fleet was becalmed south of Rampholme"

10) **Leeway (Noun) – स्वतंत्रता**

**Meaning**: the amount of freedom to move or act that is available.

**Synonyms**: freedom, scope, room to manoeuvre
**Antonyms**: constraint, restriction
**Usage**: "the government had greater leeway to introduce reforms"

#### Editorial 09 – 11 – 2020

1) **Unwieldy (Adjective) – बोझल**

**Meaning**: difficult to move because of its size, shape, or weight.

**Synonyms**: cumbersome, unmanageable, unhandy
**Antonyms**: manageable, dainty
**Usage**: "huge, unwieldy arc lamps"

2) **Hamstrung (Verb) – पंख काटना**

**Meaning**: severely restrict the efficiency or effectiveness of.

**Synonyms**: handicap, constrain, restrict
**Antonyms**: help
**Usage**: "we were hamstrung by a total lack of knowledge"

3) **Bloc (Noun) – गठबंधन, संघ**

**Meaning**: a group of countries or political parties with common interests who have formed an alliance.

**Synonyms**: alliance, association, coalition
**Antonyms**: agreement, conformity, entirety
**Usage**: "the Soviet bloc"

4) **Incendiary (Adjective) – आग लगानेवाला**

**Meaning**: tending to stir up conflict.

**Synonyms**: inflammatory, rabble-rousing, provocative
**Antonyms**: conciliatory
**Usage**: "incendiary rhetoric"

5) **Tizzy (Noun) – घबराहट**

**Meaning**: a state of nervous excitement or agitation.

**Synonyms**: acrimony, anger, animosity
**Antonyms**: calmness, cheer, comfort
**Usage**: "he got into a tizzy and was talking absolute tosh"

6) **Debacle (Noun) – पराजय, असफलता**

**Meaning**: a sudden and ignominious failure; a fiasco.

**Synonyms**: fiasco, failure, catastrophe
**Antonyms**: blockbuster, hit, smash, success
**Usage**: "the only man to reach double figures in the second-innings debacle"

7) **Trajectory (Noun) – प्रक्षेपवक्र**

**Meaning**: the path followed by a projectile flying or an object moving under the action of given forces.

**Synonyms**: course, route, path, track
**Antonyms**: deviation, wrong way
**Usage**: "the missile's trajectory was preset"
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Word (Noun)</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Antonyms</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8)</td>
<td>Craters</td>
<td>a large bowl-shaped cavity in the ground or on a celestial object, typically one caused by an explosion or the impact of a meteorite.</td>
<td>promotion, ascent, rise</td>
<td>&quot;she could remain on the staff if she accepted demotion to ordinary lecturer&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9)</td>
<td>Precise</td>
<td>marked by exactness and accuracy of expression or detail.</td>
<td>imprecise, inaccurate</td>
<td>&quot;precise directions&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10)</td>
<td>Rover</td>
<td>a vehicle for driving over rough terrain, especially one driven by remote control over extraterrestrial terrain.</td>
<td>homesteader, settler</td>
<td>&quot;a lunar rover&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1)</td>
<td>Complement</td>
<td>a thing that contributes extra features to something else in such a way as to improve or emphasize its quality.</td>
<td>contrast</td>
<td>&quot;local ales provide the perfect complement to fine food&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2)</td>
<td>Demotion</td>
<td>reduction in rank or status.</td>
<td>predictable, consistent</td>
<td>&quot;her breathing was erratic&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3)</td>
<td>Punitive</td>
<td>inflicting or intended as punishment.</td>
<td>beneficial, rewarding</td>
<td>&quot;he called for punitive measures against the Eastern bloc&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4)</td>
<td>Arbitrary</td>
<td>based on random choice or personal whim, rather than any reason or system.</td>
<td>rational, reasoned</td>
<td>&quot;an arbitrary decision&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5)</td>
<td>Opaque</td>
<td>not able to be seen through; not transparent.</td>
<td>transparent, translucent, clear</td>
<td>&quot;bottles filled with a pale opaque liquid&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6)</td>
<td>Erratic</td>
<td>not even or regular in pattern or movement; unpredictable.</td>
<td>predictable, consistent</td>
<td>&quot;her breathing was erratic&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 7)  | Maverick    | an unorthodox or independent-minded person. | individualist, nonconformist, free spirit |"
Antonyms: conformist
Usage: "he’s the maverick of the senate"

8) Wanton (Adjective) -- प्रचंड
Meaning: (of a cruel or violent action) deliberate and unprovoked.
Synonyms: deliberate, wilful, malicious
Antonyms: justifiable
Usage: "sheer wanton vandalism"

9) Ambiguity (Noun) -- अनेकाथाता
Meaning: the quality of being open to more than one interpretation; inexactness.
Synonyms: ambivalence, equivocation
Antonyms: unambiguousness, transparency
Usage: "we can detect no ambiguity in this section of the Act"

10) Internecine (Adjective) -- घातक
Meaning: destructive to both sides in a conflict.
Synonyms: deadly, bloody, violent
Antonyms: harmless, safe, innocuous
Usage: "the region’s history of savage internecine warfare"

Editorial 11 – 11 – 2020

1) Adept (Adjective) -- निपुण
Meaning: very skilled or proficient at something.
Synonyms: expert, proficient, accomplished
Antonyms: inept, mediocre
Usage: "she is adept at cutting through red tape"

2) Meadows (Noun) -- चरागाह
Meaning: a piece of grassland, especially one used for hay.
Synonyms: field, pasture, paddock

Antonyms: sky
Usage: "a meadow ready for cutting"

3) Limping (Verb) -- लंगड़ा कर चलना
Meaning: walk with difficulty, typically because of a damaged or stiff leg or foot.
Synonyms: hobble, walk with a limp, walk with difficulty
Antonyms: able, agile, capable, efficient
Usage: "he limped heavily as he moved"

4) Bruising (Verb) – चोट लगना
Meaning: inflict a bruise or bruises on (a part of the body).
Synonyms: contuse, injure, mark
Antonyms: easy, effortless, undemanding
Usage: "I fell and bruised my knee"

5) Tantalising (Verb)– आंदियों या आच्छादों को उत्तेजित करना
Meaning: excite the senses or desires of (someone).
Synonyms: tease, torment, torture
Antonyms: gratify, satisfy
Usage: "she still tantalized him"

6) Unabated (Adjective) -- अपररवर्ततत
Meaning: without any reduction in intensity or strength.
Synonyms: unceasing, unchanged
Antonyms: reduced
Usage: "the storm was raging unabated"

7) Discretion (Noun) -- विवेक
Meaning: the quality of behaving or speaking in such a way as to avoid causing offence or revealing confidential information.
Synonyms: circumspection, care, carefulness
Antonyms: indiscretion, rashness
8) Amalgamate (Verb) – गठबंधन या एकजुट करना
Meaning: combine or unite to form one organization or structure.
Synonyms: combine, merge, unite, integrate
Antonyms: separate
Usage: "he amalgamated his company with another"

9) Etched (Verb) - जीणाशीणा करना
Meaning: corrode or eat away the surface of (something).
Synonyms: corrode, bite into, eat into/away
Antonyms: built, confused
Usage: "caustic soda etches glass"

10) Novelty (Noun) -- नवीनता
Meaning: the quality of being new, original, or unusual.
Synonyms: originality, newness, freshness
Antonyms: conservatism
Usage: "the novelty of being a married woman wore off"

3) Homicide (Noun) -- मानव हत्या
Meaning: the killing of one person by another.
Synonyms: murder, killing, assassination
Antonyms: birth
Usage: "he was charged with homicide"

4) Sectarian (Adjective) -- संप्रदायिक
Meaning: rigidly following the doctrines of a sect or other group.
Synonyms: factional, schismatic, cliquish
Antonyms: tolerant, liberal, broad-minded
Usage: "the sectarian Bolshevism advocated by Moscow"

5) Succumbed (Verb) - दबाव, प्रलोभन का हवरोध करने में हवफल होना
Meaning: fail to resist pressure, temptation, or some other negative force.
Synonyms: yield, give in, give way, submit
Antonyms: resist, conquer
Usage: "we cannot merely give up and succumb to despair"

6) Defiant (Adjective) -- उपेक्षापूर्ण
Meaning: open resistance; bold disobedience.
Synonyms: resistant, obstinate, uncooperative
Antonyms: apologetic, cooperative
Usage: "a defiant gesture"

7) Referendum (Noun) -- जनमत संग्रह
Meaning: a general vote by the electorate on a single political question which has been referred to them for a direct decision.
Synonyms: public vote, plebiscite, popular vote  
Antonyms: unilateral decision  
Usage: "he called for a referendum on the death penalty"

8) Mooted (Verb) – शुरू करना या उठाना  
Meaning: raise (a question or topic) for discussion; suggest (an idea or possibility).  
Synonyms: raise, bring up, broach, mention  
Antonyms: knock over, lay down  
Usage: "the scheme was first mooted last October"

9) Accord (Verb) – अनुदान करना  
Meaning: give or grant someone (power, status, or recognition).  
Synonyms: give, grant, tender, present  
Antonyms: withhold, remove  
Usage: "the powers accorded to the head of state"

10) Elusive (Noun) – मायावी  
Meaning: difficult to find, catch, or achieve.  
Synonyms: difficult to catch/find, difficult to track down  
Antonyms: attracting, confronting, definite  
Usage: "success will become ever more elusive"

1) Sacking (Verb) – बर्खास्त करना  
Meaning: dismiss from employment.  
Synonyms: dismiss, give someone their notice, throw out  
Antonyms: hire, take on  
Usage: "any official found to be involved would be sacked on the spot"

2) Inflicted (Verb) – थोपना  
Meaning: impose something unwelcome on.  
Synonyms: impose, force, press, thrust  
Antonyms: held, kept, removed  
Usage: "she is wrong to inflict her beliefs on everyone else"

3) Scuttled (Verb) – भगदड़ करना  
Meaning: run hurriedly or furtively with short quick steps.  
Synonyms: scamper, scurry, scramble  
Antonyms: crawled, crept, creeped  
Usage: "a mouse scuttled across the floor"

4) Helm (Noun) – नेतृत्व की हस्तहत  
Meaning: a position of leadership.  
Synonyms: in charge, in command, in control  
Antonyms: subordinate, conclusion, employee  
Usage: "the chairman is to step down after four years at the helm"

5) Folly (Noun) – सूर्खता  
Meaning: a foolish act, idea, or practice.  
Synonyms: foolishness, foolhardiness, stupidity  
Antonyms: wisdom, good sense  
Usage: "the follies of youth"

6) Futile (Noun) – व्यथा, हनरथाक  
Meaning: incapable of producing any useful result; pointless.  
Synonyms: fruitless, vain, pointless  
Antonyms: useful, fruitful  
Usage: "a futile attempt to keep fans from mounting the stage"

7) Deterrence (Noun) – निःशारण  
Meaning: impose something unwelcome on.
Meaning: the action of discouraging an action or event through instilling doubt or fear of the consequences.
Synonyms: prevention, discouragement, disincentive
Antonyms: encouragement, persuasion
Usage: "nuclear missiles remain the main deterrence against possible aggression"

8) Stringent (Adjective) — कड़ी से कड़ी
Meaning: (of regulations, requirements, or conditions) strict, precise, and exacting.
Synonyms: strict, firm, rigid, rigorous
Antonyms: lenient, flexible
Usage: "stringent guidelines on air pollution"

9) Litigation (Noun) — मुक़दमेबाज़ी
Meaning: the process of taking legal action.
Synonyms: legal proceeding(s), legal action, lawsuit
Antonyms: demand, order
Usage: "the company wishes to avoid litigation"

10) Ambit (Noun) — सीमा
Meaning: the scope, extent, or bounds of something.
Synonyms: scope, extent, bounds, confines
Antonyms: freedom, infinity, inside
Usage: "a full discussion of this complex issue was beyond the ambit of one book"

Editorial 14 – 11 – 2020

1) Zeal (Noun) — उत्साह
Meaning: great energy or enthusiasm in pursuit of a cause or an objective.
Synonyms: passion, zealousness, committedness
Antonyms: apathy, indifference
Usage: "his zeal for privatization"

2) Cognisance (Noun) — संज्ञान
Meaning: knowledge or awareness.
Synonyms: awareness, notice, knowledge
Antonyms: ignorance, disregard, unawareness
Usage: "the Renaissance cognisance of Greece was limited"

3) Hurling (Verb) — फेंकना
Meaning: throw or impel (someone or something) with great force.
Synonyms: throw, toss, fling, pitch
Antonyms: catch, hold
Usage: "rioters hurled a brick through the windscreen"

4) Restraining (Verb) — निरोधक
Meaning: prevent (someone or something) from doing something; keep under control or within limits.
Synonyms: prevent, stop, keep
Antonyms: force, compel, encourage
Usage: "the need to restrain public expenditure"

5) Menace (Noun) — धमकी
Meaning: a threatening quality or atmosphere.
Synonyms: threat, ominousness, intimidation
Antonyms: friendly, auspicious
Usage: "he spoke the words with a hint of menace"

6) Pervasive (Adjective) — प्रचहलत
Meaning: spreading widely throughout an area or a group of people
Synonyms: prevalent, penetrating, pervading
Antonyms: unpopular, uncommon, disliked
Usage: "ageism is pervasive and entrenched in our society"

7) Hapless (Adjective) — अभागी
Meaning: (especially of a person) unfortunate.
Synonyms: unfortunate, unlucky, luckless
Antonyms: lucky
Usage: "the hapless victims of the disaster"

8) Ramshackle (Adjective) – टूटा-फूटा
Meaning: in a state of severe disrepair.
Synonyms: tumbledown, dilapidated, derelict
Antonyms: well maintained, sturdy
Usage: "a ramshackle cottage"

9) Hues (Noun) – चरित्र या पहचान
Meaning: character or aspect.
Synonyms: type, kind, sort, cast
Antonyms: reality
Usage: "men of all political hues submerged their feuds"

10) Recalcitrant (Adjective) - अज्ञा न माननेवाला
Meaning: having an obstinately uncooperative attitude towards authority or discipline.
Synonyms: uncooperative, obstinately disobedient
Antonyms: amenable, docile, compliant
Usage: "a class of recalcitrant fifteen-year-olds"

3) Laudable (Adjective) -- प्रशंसनीय
Meaning: deserving praise and commendation.
Synonyms: praiseworthy, commendable, admirable
Antonyms: blameworthy, shameful
Usage: "laudable though the aim might be, the results have been criticized"

4) Impinging (Verb) -- प्रभाव पड़ना
Meaning: have an effect, especially a negative one.
Synonyms: affect, have an effect on, have a bearing on
Antonyms: avoiding, dodging, leaving alone
Usage: "several factors impinge on market efficiency"

5) Flurry (Noun) -- हड़बड़ी
Meaning: a number of things arriving or happening suddenly and during the same period.
Synonyms: spate, wave, flood, deluge
Antonyms: dearth, trickle
Usage: "a flurry of editorials hostile to the government"

6) Parse (Verb) – वणन या व्याख्या करना
Meaning: To resolve into its elements, as a sentence, pointing out the several parts of speech, and their relation to each other by government or agreement.
Synonyms: describe, explain, interpret
Antonyms: obscure, cloud, confuse
Usage: In other words, we frequently fail to parse the diversities within Diversity.

7) Hype (Verb) – प्रचार करना
Meaning: promote or publicize (a product or idea) intensively, often exaggerating its benefits.
### Synonyms and Antonyms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>Antonyms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>publicize, advertise, promote</td>
<td>play down</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>an industry quick to hype its products</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Resuscitate (Verb) ─ पुनर्जीवित करना</td>
<td>make (something) active or vigorous again.</td>
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<tr>
<td>revive, resurrect, restore</td>
<td>bore, destroy, depress</td>
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<tr>
<td>measures to resuscitate the ailing economy</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flailing (Verb) ─ तरंग या बेतहाशा झूलना</td>
<td>wave or swing wildly.</td>
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<tr>
<td>wave, swing, thrash about</td>
<td>complimenting, praising</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;his arms flailed as he sought to maintain his balance&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dent (Noun) ─ कमी, कटौती</td>
<td>a reduction in amount or size.</td>
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<tr>
<td>reduction, depletion, deduction</td>
<td>increase</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;he has barely made a dent in the poverty rate&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Recur (Verb) ─ पुनरावृहत्त होना</td>
<td>occur again periodically or repeatedly.</td>
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<tr>
<td>happen again, reoccur, occur again</td>
<td>cease, halt, stop, disappear</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;when the symptoms recurred, the doctor diagnosed something different&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hefty (Adjective) ─ बड़ा और भारी</td>
<td>large and heavy.</td>
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<tr>
<td>burly, heavy, sturdy</td>
<td>slight, gaunt, light</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;a hefty young chap&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Deterrent (Noun) ─ निचारक</td>
<td>a thing that discourages or is intended to discourage someone from doing something.</td>
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<tr>
<td>disincentive, discouragement, dissuasion</td>
<td>incentive, encouragement</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;cameras are a major deterrent to crime&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spate (Noun) ─ बौछार</td>
<td>a large number of similar things coming in quick succession.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>series, succession, run</td>
<td>drought, drouth, trickle</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;a spate of attacks on holidaymakers&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sultry (Adjective) ─ उमसदार</td>
<td>hot and humid.</td>
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<tr>
<td>humid, close, airless, stuffy</td>
<td>cool, cold, refreshing</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;the sultry late summer weather had brought swarms of insects&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mishaps (Noun) ─ दुघाटनाओं</td>
<td>an unlucky accident.</td>
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<tr>
<td>accident, trouble, problem</td>
<td>fortune, luck, serendipity</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>although there were a few minor mishaps, none of the pancakes stuck to the ceiling</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Divisive (Adjective) ─ विभाजनकारी या अलगाव</td>
<td>tending to cause disagreement or hostility between people.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>alienating, estranging, isolating</td>
<td>unifying</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;the highly divisive issue of abortion&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Word (Part of Speech)</td>
<td>Meaning in Hindi</td>
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<tr>
<td>8)</td>
<td>Obviated (Verb)</td>
<td>रोकनाया हटाना</td>
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<td>9)</td>
<td>Palliative (Adjective)</td>
<td>उपशामक</td>
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<tr>
<td>10)</td>
<td>Resentment (Noun)</td>
<td>कड़वाहट, अक्रोश</td>
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<td>3)</td>
<td>Belligerent (Adjective)</td>
<td>शांतगृहीत और आक्रामक</td>
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<td>4)</td>
<td>Erratic (Adjective)</td>
<td>अनियमित</td>
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<td>5)</td>
<td>Battered (Adjective)</td>
<td>पत्त</td>
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<tr>
<td>6)</td>
<td>Buttressed (Verb)</td>
<td>मजबूत या सुदृढ़ करना</td>
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<tr>
<td>7)</td>
<td>Painstakingly (Adverb)</td>
<td>बड़ी मेहनत से</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8)</td>
<td>Allay (Verb)</td>
<td>कम करना</td>
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</table>
### Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Antonyms</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>diminish or put at rest (fear, suspicion, or worry).</td>
<td>concentrate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Synonyms:</strong> reduce, diminish, decrease</td>
<td><strong>Usage:</strong> &quot;forces were deployed at strategic locations&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antonyms:</strong> increase, intensify</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Usage:</strong> &quot;the report attempted to educate the public and allay fears&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>3) Vacuum (Noun) -- रिक्त स्थान</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning:</strong> a gap left by the loss, death, or departure of someone or something significant.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Synonyms:</strong> gap, space, absence</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antonyms:</strong> continuity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Usage:</strong> &quot;the political vacuum left by the death of the Emperor&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>4) Detention (Noun) -- नज़रबंदी</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning:</strong> the action of detaining someone or the state of being detained in official custody.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Synonyms:</strong> custody, imprisonment, confinement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antonyms:</strong> discharge, release, acquittal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Usage:</strong> &quot;the fifteen people arrested were still in police detention&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>5) Abrogated (Verb) -- अभिनिषेध करना</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning:</strong> repeal or do away with (a law, right, or formal agreement).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Synonyms:</strong> repudiate, revoke, repeal, rescind</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antonyms:</strong> institute, introduce</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Usage:</strong> &quot;a proposal to abrogate temporarily the right to strike&quot;</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>6) Volition (Noun) -- इच्छाशक्ति</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning:</strong> the faculty or power of using one's will.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Synonyms:</strong> choice, election, option</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antonyms:</strong> antagonism, aversion, coercion</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Usage:</strong> &quot;without conscious volition she backed into her office&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>7) Stringent (Adjective) -- कड़ी से कड़ी</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning:</strong> strict, precise, and exacting.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Synonyms: strict, firm, rigid, rigorous
Antonyms: lenient, flexible
Usage: "stringent guidelines on air pollution"

8) Aloof (Adjective) -- दूर, अलग
Meaning: not friendly or forthcoming; cool and distant.
Synonyms: distant, detached, unresponsive
Antonyms: familiar, friendly
Usage: "they were courteous but faintly aloof"

9) Hostile (Adjective) -- शूरुतापूर्ण
Meaning: showing or feeling opposition or dislike; unfriendly.
Synonyms: antagonistic, aggressive, confrontational
Antonyms: friendly, mild
Usage: "a hostile audience"

10) Inimical (Adjective) -- हानिकारक
Meaning: tending to obstruct or harm.
Synonyms: harmful, injurious, detrimental
Antonyms: helpful, advantageous
Usage: "the policy was inimical to Britain's real interests"

Editorial 20 – 11 – 2020
1) Poised (Adjective) -- की ओर अस्तर
Meaning: having a composed and self-assured manner.
Synonyms: self-possessed, self-assured, composed
Antonyms: excited, flustered, inelegant
Usage: "not every day you saw that poised, competent kid distressed"

2) Protracted (Adjective) -- संस्करण तक
Meaning: lasting for a long time or longer than expected or usual.
Synonyms: prolonged, extended, stretched out

3) Elude (Verb) -- बचना
Meaning: escape from or avoid (a danger, enemy, or pursuer), typically in a skilful or cunning way.
Synonyms: evade, avoid, get away from
Antonyms: be caught by
Usage: "he tried to elude the security men by sneaking through a back door"

4) Precarious (Adjective) -- अनिश्चित
Meaning: not securely held or in position; dangerously likely to fall or collapse.
Synonyms: uncertain, insecure, unreliable
Antonyms: safe, secure
Usage: "he made a precarious living as a painter"

5) Helm (Noun) -- नेतृत्व की हस्तहत
Meaning: a position of leadership.
Synonyms: in charge, in command, in control
Antonyms: subordinate, conclusion, employee
Usage: "the chairman is to step down after four years at the helm"

6) Oblige (Verb) -- मजबूर करना
Meaning: make (someone) legally or morally bound to do something.
Synonyms: require, compel, bind, make
Antonyms: delay, free, release
Usage: "doctors are obliged by law to keep patients alive while there is a chance of recovery"

7) Peddled (Verb) -- बेचने की कोशिश करो
Meaning: try to sell (something, especially small goods) by going from place to place.
## Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Antonyms</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sell, sell from door to door, hawk</td>
<td>enjoyment and enthusiasm in doing something.</td>
<td>bought, pulled</td>
<td>&quot;he peddled printing materials around the country&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>8) Deleterious (Adjective)</strong> – नुकसान या क्षति का कारण</td>
<td>causing harm or damage.</td>
<td>harmful, damaging, detrimental</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>beneficial, advantageous</td>
<td>&quot;divorce is assumed to have deleterious effects on children&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>9) Ample (Adjective)</strong> – प्रचुर</td>
<td>enough or more than enough; plentiful.</td>
<td>enough, sufficient, adequate</td>
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<tr>
<td>insufficient, meagre</td>
<td>&quot;there is ample time for discussion&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>10) Obstructive (Adjective)</strong> – कठिनाइयों</td>
<td>causing or tending to cause deliberate difficulties and delays.</td>
<td>making difficulties, unhelpful, uncooperative</td>
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<tr>
<td>helpful, supportive, cooperative</td>
<td>&quot;he denied the council had been obstructive&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1) Enthused (Verb)</strong> – उत्साहित होना</td>
<td>express eager enjoyment, interest, or approval regarding something.</td>
<td>rave, be enthusiastic, gush, wax lyrical</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>apathetic, indifferent, uneager</td>
<td>&quot;they both enthused over my new look&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2) Gusto (Noun)</strong> – उत्साह</td>
<td>enjoyment and enthusiasm in doing something.</td>
<td>enthusiasm, relish, appetite</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>apathy, distaste</td>
<td>&quot;Hawkins tucked into his breakfast with gusto&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>3) Ebb (Verb)</strong> – धीरे-धीरे कम होना</td>
<td>gradually decrease.</td>
<td>diminish, dwindle, wane</td>
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<tr>
<td>increase, intensify, intensification</td>
<td>&quot;my enthusiasm was ebbing away&quot;</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>4) Onus (Noun)</strong> – दाहयत्व या कर्त्तव्य</td>
<td>something that is one's duty or responsibility.</td>
<td>burden, responsibility, liability</td>
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<tr>
<td>blamelessness, guiltlessness</td>
<td>&quot;the onus is on you to show that you have suffered loss&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>meanness</td>
<td>&quot;bounties were paid to colonial producers of indigo dye&quot;</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>5) Bounty (Noun)</strong> – पुनर्विक्रेता, पारिपूर्वक</td>
<td>something given or occurring in generous amounts.</td>
<td>recompense, remuneration, commission</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>meanness</td>
<td>&quot;bounties were paid to colonial producers of indigo dye&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6) Embark (Noun)</strong> – प्रारंभ या शुरुआत</td>
<td>begin (a course of action).</td>
<td>begin, start, commence, undertake</td>
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<tr>
<td>disembark, land</td>
<td>&quot;she embarked on a new career&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>7) Depressant (Noun)</strong> – अबसाव</td>
<td>reducing functional or nervous activity.</td>
<td>sedative, tranquillizer, calmative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Antonyms: stimulant  
Usage: a depressant drug

8) Accentuated (Verb) -- अङ्कित करना
Meaning: make more noticeable or prominent.
Synonyms: focus attention on, bring/call/draw attention to
Antonyms: mask, divert attention from
Usage: "his jacket unfortunately accentuated his paunch"

9) Fillip (Noun) -- प्रोत्साहन
Meaning: something which acts as a stimulus or boost to an activity.
Synonyms: stimulus, stimulation, stimulant
Antonyms: curb
Usage: "the halving of car tax would provide a fillip to sales"

10) Crimp (Verb) -- संपीठित करना
Meaning: compress (something) into small folds or ridges.
Synonyms: flute, pleat, corrugate, ruffle
Antonyms: smooth, straighten, flatten
Usage: "she crimped the edge of the pie"

Meaning: include or absorb (something) in something else.
Synonyms: included, incorporated, comprised
Antonyms: excluded, omitted, precluded
Usage: "most of these phenomena can be subsumed under two broad categories"

3) Unscrupulous (Adjective) -- अनैतिक
Meaning: having or showing no moral principles; not honest or fair.
Synonyms: unprincipled, unethical, immoral
Antonyms: ethical, honest
Usage: "unscrupulous landlords might be tempted to harass existing tenants"

4) Connived (Verb) -- अनवरथ करना
Meaning: secretly allow (something immoral, illegal, or harmful) to occur.
Synonyms: deliberately ignore, overlook, not take into consideration
Antonyms: condemn, punish
Usage: "government officials were prepared to connive in impeding the course of justice"

5) Staggering (Adjective) -- लड़खड़ाहट
Meaning: walk or move unsteadily, as if about to fall.
Synonyms: lurch, walk unsteadily, reel
Antonyms: continue, dive in, plunge in, stay
Usage: "he staggered to his feet, swaying a little"

6) Coffers (Noun) -- मजबूत बॉक्स
Meaning: a strongbox or small chest for holding valuables.
Synonyms: strongbox, money box, cash box
Antonyms: back

Editorial 23 – 11 – 2020

1) Complexity (Noun) -- जटिलता
Meaning: the state or quality of being intricate or complicated.
Synonyms: complication, problem, difficulty
Antonyms: simplicity
Usage: "an issue of great complexity"

2) Subsumed (Verb) -- सम्बंधित करना
7) Lull (Verb) – शांत करना
Meaning: calm or send to sleep, typically with soothing sounds or movements.
Synonyms: soothe, quiet, hush
Antonyms: waken, agitate
Usage: "the rhythm of the boat lulled her to sleep"

8) Disarray (Noun) -- अव्यवस्था
Meaning: a state of disorganization or untidiness.
Synonyms: disorder, confusion, chaos
Antonyms: tidiness, orderliness
Usage: "her grey hair was in disarray"

9) Faction (Noun) -- गुट
Meaning: dissension within an organization.
Synonyms: infighting, dissension, dissent
Antonyms: harmony
Usage: "a council increasingly split by faction"

10) Bastion (Noun) -- प्राचीर
Meaning: a projecting part of a fortification built at an angle to the line of a wall, so as to allow defensive fire in several directions.
Synonyms: rampart, bulwark, parapet, fortification
Antonyms: weakness, weak spot
Usage: "he had fortified the stronghold with ditches and bastions"
7) **Effusive (Adjective)** -- अनर्गल

**Meaning:** showing or expressing gratitude, pleasure, or approval in an unrestrained or heartfelt manner.

**Synonyms:** gushing, gushy, unrestrained

**Antonyms:** restrained

**Usage:** "an effusive welcome"

8) **Galvanised (Verb)** -- चौंका देना

**Meaning:** shock or excite (someone) into taking action.

**Synonyms:** jolt, shock, startle

**Antonyms:** demotivate

**Usage:** "the urgency of his voice galvanised them into action"

9) **Converge (Verb)** -- एक बिंदु पर मिलना

**Meaning:** tend to meet at a point.

**Synonyms:** meet, intersect, cross

**Antonyms:** separate, diverge

**Usage:** "a pair of lines of longitude are parallel at the equator but converge toward the poles"

10) **Jamboree (Noun)** -- समारोह या उत्सव

**Meaning:** a large celebration or party, typically a lavish and boisterous one.

**Synonyms:** rally, gathering, get-together

**Antonyms:** feud, division, separation, discord

**Usage:** "the film industry’s annual jamboree in Cannes"

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**Editorial 25 – 11 – 2020**

1) **Resumption (Noun)** -- पुनरारंभ

**Meaning:** the action of beginning something again after a pause or interruption.

**Synonyms:** restart, restarting, recommencement

**Antonyms:** suspension, abandonment

**Usage:** "with peace came the resumption of foreign imports"

2) **Intervening (Verb)** -- हस्तक्षेप करना

**Meaning:** take part in something so as to prevent or alter a result or course of events.

**Synonyms:** intercede, involve oneself, get involved

**Antonyms:** extreme, farthermost, farthest

**Usage:** "he acted outside his authority when he intervened in the dispute"

3) **Impunity (Noun)** -- दण्ड से मुक्ति

**Meaning:** exemption from punishment or freedom from the injurious consequences of an action.

**Synonyms:** indemnity, exemption from punishment

**Antonyms:** liability, responsibility

**Usage:** "the impunity enjoyed by military officers implicated in civilian killings"

4) **Replenishing (Verb)** -- पुनःपूर्तिः करना

**Meaning:** fill (something) up again.

**Synonyms:** refill, top up, fill up, recharge

**Antonyms:** empty

**Usage:** "he replenished Justin’s glass with mineral water"

5) **Touted (Verb)** -- प्रशंसा या समथान करना

**Meaning:** attempt to persuade people of the merits of.

**Synonyms:** commend, endorse, praise

**Antonyms:** criticized, unsung

**Usage:** "she was touted as a potential Prime Minister"

6) **Unenviable (Adjective)** -- अवांछनीय

**Meaning:** difficult, undesirable, or unpleasant.

**Synonyms:** disagreeable, unpleasant, undesirable

**Antonyms:** enviable, desirable

**Usage:** "an unenviable reputation for drunkenness"
Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – November 2020

7) Divesting (Verb) -- वंहचत करना
Meaning: deprive someone of (power, rights, or possessions).
Synonyms: deprive, strip, dispossess
Antonyms: clothing, covering, giving
Usage: "men are unlikely to be divested of power without a struggle"

8) Reconcile (Verb) -- सामंजस्य करना
Meaning: settle (a quarrel).
Synonyms: reunite, bring (back) together (again)
Antonyms: estrange, alienate
Usage: "advice on how to reconcile the conflict"

9) Accretion (Noun) -- अणिवृहद्ध
Meaning: growth or increase by the gradual accumulation of additional layers or matter.
Synonyms: accumulation, collecting, gathering
Antonyms: abatement, decline, decrease
Usage: "the accretion of sediments in coastal mangroves"

10) Clampdown (Noun) -- दमन या रोकथाम
Meaning: a concerted or harsh attempt to suppress something.
Synonyms: suppression, prevention, stopping
Antonyms: beginning, start, freedom, incitement
Usage: "a clampdown on crime"

1) Bonhomie (Noun) -- खुशहमजाजी
Meaning: cheerful friendliness; geniality.
Synonyms: geniality, congeniality, conviviality
Antonyms: coldness
Usage: "he exuded good humour and bonhomie"

2) Stumbled (Verb) -- ढमकना
Meaning: trip or momentarily lose one’s balance; almost fall.
Synonyms: trip, trip over, trip up
Antonyms: continued, corrected
Usage: "her foot caught in the rug and she stumbled"

3) Ticklish (Adjective) -- संस्कोष
Meaning: difficult or tricky and requiring careful handling.
Synonyms: problematic, tricky, delicate
Antonyms: calm, easy, firm
Usage: "her skill in evading ticklish questions"

4) Punitive (Adjective) -- दंडात्मक
Meaning: inflicting or intended as punishment.
Synonyms: penal, disciplinary, corrective
Antonyms: non-punitive, beneficial, rewarding
Usage: "he called for punitive measures against the Eastern bloc"

5) Bulldoze (Verb) -- बुलडोज़र से खोदना
Meaning: clear (ground) or destroy (buildings, trees, etc.) with a bulldozer.
Synonyms: demolish, knock down, tear down
Antonyms: construct
Usage: "developers are bulldozing the site"

6) Untenable (Adjective) -- असमथानीय
Meaning: not able to be maintained or defended against attack or objection.
Synonyms: indefensible, undefendable, unarguable
Antonyms: tenable, defensible
Usage: "this argument is clearly untenable"

7) Detrimental (Adjective) -- हानिकारक
## Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – November 2020

### 1) Meddling (Verb) – हस्तक्षेप करना
**Meaning:** interfere in something that is not one’s concern.
**Synonyms:** interfere, butt in, intrude, intervene
**Antonyms:** mind one’s own business, leave alone
**Usage:** "I don’t want him meddling in our affairs"

### 2) Solicit (Verb) -- मांगना
**Meaning:** ask for or try to obtain (something) from someone.
**Synonyms:** ask for, request, apply for
**Antonyms:** avoid, conceal, disapprove
**Usage:** "he called a meeting to solicit their views"

### 3) Exacerbated (Verb) -- ख़राब करना
**Meaning:** make (a problem, bad situation, or negative feeling) worse.
**Synonyms:** aggravate, make worse, worsen
**Antonyms:** calm, reduce
**Usage:** "the exorbitant cost of land in urban areas only exacerbated the problem"

### 4) Ignominious (Adjective) -- अपमानजनक
**Meaning:** deserving or causing public disgrace or shame.
**Synonyms:** humiliating, undignified, embarrassing
**Antonyms:** glorious
**Usage:** "no other party risked ignominious defeat"

### 5) Defer (Verb) -- आस्थावतेन करना
**Meaning:** put off (an action or event) to a later time; postpone
**Synonyms:** postpone, put off, adjourn
**Antonyms:** abbreviate, advance, aid
**Usage:** "they deferred the decision until February"

### 6) Dint (Noun) -- सेंध या अवसाद
**Meaning:** a dent or hollow in a surface.
**Synonyms:** dent, indentation, depression
**Antonyms:** bulge, camber, convexity, jut
**Usage:** "the soft dints at the top of a coconut"

### 7) Limbo (Noun) -- अनिथित अवस्था
Meaning: an uncertain period of awaiting a decision or resolution; an intermediate state or condition.
Synonyms: in abeyance, unattended to, unfinished
Antonyms: in hand, under way, continuing
Usage: "the legal battle could leave the club in limbo until next year"

8) Rigmarole (Noun) -- बेहसरपैर की बात
Meaning: a long, rambling story or statement.
Synonyms: lengthy story/explanation, saga, yarn
Antonyms: possessions, sense, truth, intelligence
Usage: "she went into a long rigmarole about the different jobs she'd had"

9) Sordid (Adjective) -- चिनौना
Meaning: involving immoral or dishonourable actions and motives; arousing moral distaste and contempt.
Synonyms: sleazy, seedy, seamy, unsavoury
Antonyms: high-minded, respectable
Usage: "the story paints a sordid picture of bribes and scams"

10) Turncoats (Noun) -- दलबदलू
Meaning: a person who deserts one party or cause in order to join an opposing one.
Synonyms: traitor, renegade, defector, deserter
Antonyms: adherents
Usage: "they denounced him as a turncoat"
### Monthly Editorial Vocabulary – November 2020

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
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<th>Usage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Abjures (Verb)</td>
<td>solemnly renounce (a belief, cause, or claim)</td>
<td>renounce, relinquish, reject</td>
<td>says, claims, alleges, asserts</td>
<td>&quot;MPs were urged to abjure their Jacobite allegiance&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ardent (Adjective)</td>
<td>very enthusiastic or passionate.</td>
<td>passionate, avid, impassioned</td>
<td>half-hearted</td>
<td>&quot;an ardent supporter of the conservative cause&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Warring (Adjective)</td>
<td>in conflict with each other.</td>
<td>opposing, conflicting, clashing</td>
<td>friendly, peaceful, amicable</td>
<td>&quot;warring factions&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boasts (Verb)</td>
<td>talk with excessive pride and self-satisfaction about one's achievements, possessions, or abilities.</td>
<td>brag, crow, swagger</td>
<td>deprecate, belittle</td>
<td>&quot;she boasted about her many conquests&quot;</td>
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